ABOUT

- RSPCB was constituted under the provisions of Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 in the year 1975.
- Basic mandate of RSPCB is to maintain wholesomeness of air, water and environment.
- RSPCB has 25 Regional Offices and 13 laboratories established across the state.

Vision

Pollution free, healthy and sustainable environment

Mission

 Create an enabling atmosphere and foster appropriate partnership in environmental governance in the state of Rajasthan

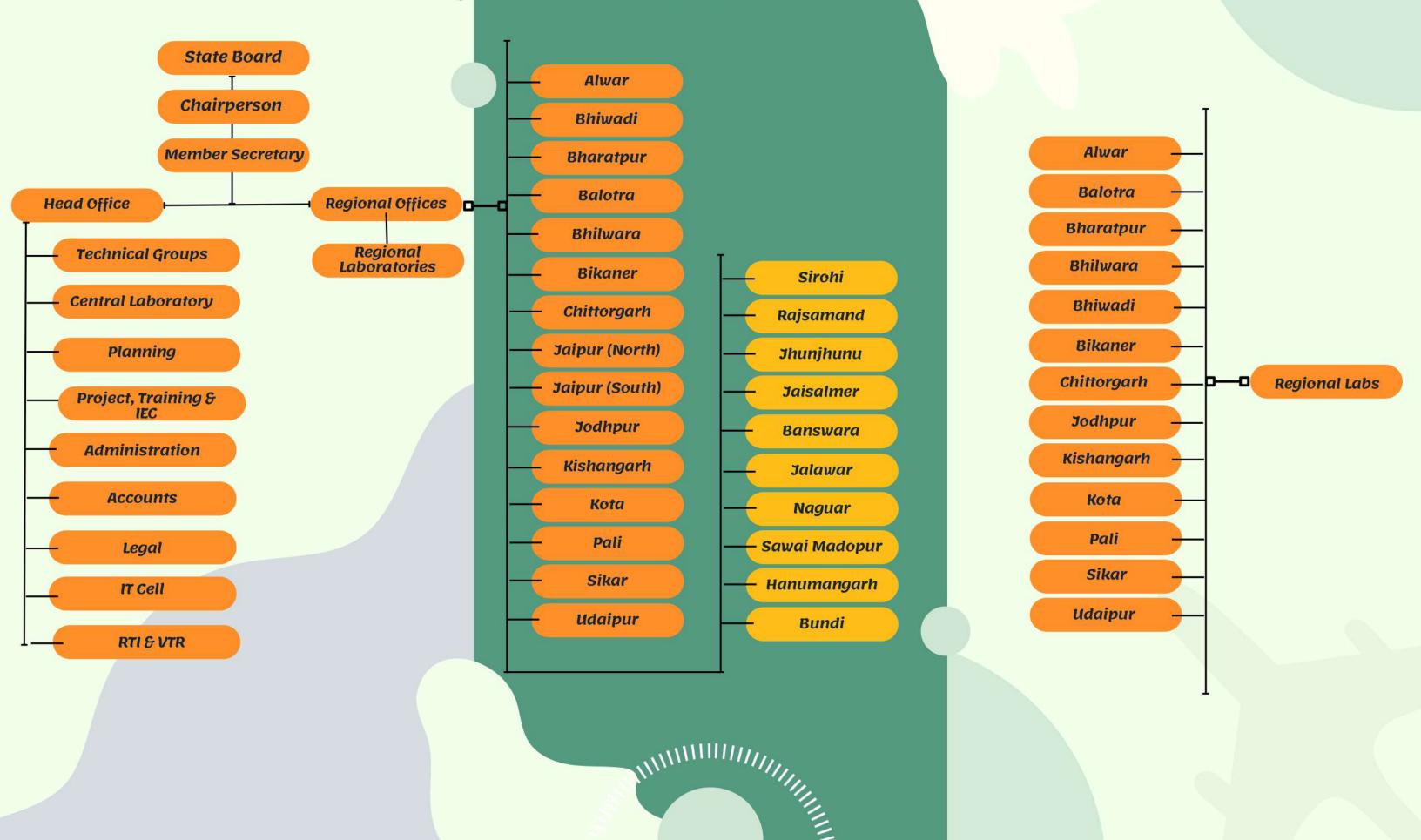




Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board,

4, Institutional Area, Jhalana Doongri, Jaipur-302004, Tel: 0141-2711263, 2716802 email: member-secretary@rpcb.nic.in

ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE



RSPCB: Cadre strength

S.No	Cadre	Sanctioned posts	
1	Technical	255	
2	Scientific	141	
3	Administration & Ors.	291	
	Total	687	

Consent Management

Identified Industries/Projects: Total 1,03,200 (approx)

- Red Category 34,000 + units
- Orange Category 19,850 + units
- Green Category 13,240 + units
- Mines 36,000 + units

RSPCB deals with the following environmental laws:

- The Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974.
- The Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981.
- The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986 and following rules issued there under:-
 - 1.The Hazardous & Other Waste (Management, and Trans-boundary Movement) Rules, 2016.
 - 2.The Bio-medical Waste Management Rules, 2016
 - 3.The Plastic Waste Management Rules, 2016
 - 4.The Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016
 - 5.The Construction & Demolition Waste Management Rules, 2016
 - 6.The E-waste (Management) Rules, 2022
 - 7.The Noise Pollution (Regulation and Control) Rules, 2000
 - 8.The Batteries (Management & Handling) Rules, 2022

Online Consent Process with Standard Procedures

- Complete online paperless process for making an application for Consent / Authorization, from submission to disposal stage with digitally signed documents.
- To enable easy access, linked with RajSSO module.
- Operating Manual for standardize procedures.
- Regular updates and notifications through sms/email.
- Simplified application form and fee schedule.
- Check list of documents for consent /authorization/registration.=
- Online pre-screening process for incoming applications to scrutinize the adequacy of required documents.
- Extended period of consent, i.e. 5 years for red category, 10 years for orange category and 15 years for green category.
- Effective monitoring and easy tracking of applications.
- Process upgradation of existing software to more robust and userfriendly MIS 2.0 underway.
- Integrated with One Stop Shop- Single Window System.

Air Quality Monitoring

Following initiatives being taken by RSPCB for management of Air Quality:

- National Air Quality Monitoring Programme Stations – 51
- Continuous Real Time Ambient Air Quality
 Monitoring Stations 43 Operational.
- Continuous Real Time Ambient Air Quality
 Monitoring 2 mobile vans.
- Continuous Online Monitoring System for Industries - 425 industries have installed OCEMS out of total 665 Highly Polluting Units. All 17 category highly polluting industries, Common Treatment Disposal Facilities, Red category industries in National Capital Region in the state, Sewage Treatment Plants, Dairies and industries having effluent generation more than 100 KLD have been covered under ambit of OCEMS.
- Special focus on NCR sub-region by Commission of Air Quality Monitoring.
- National Clean Air Programme (NCAP)
 launched in 2019 by MoEF&CC as a time
 bound strategy to tackle air pollution at
 both urban and rural scales. 5 Nonattainment cities in Rajasthan i.e. Jaipur,
 Jodhpur, Kota (Million plus cities), Alwar
 and Udaipur (NCAP Cities).

Focus on Shifting of industries to cleaner fuels:

- For improving air quality of nonattainment cities and other parts of the State and ensuring strict compliance of provisions of Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act,1981, all the rolling mills situated in State and using coal as a fuel in reheating furnaces directed vide office order dated 19.01.2023, to switch over to cleaner fuel like LPG/PNG/CNGILSHS, etc within 06 months.
- RSPCB has also reviewed usage of fuels in boilers alongwith stringency of applicable standards in the industries operational in the state.
- In NCR sub-region of Rajastan, total 522 industries have been identified to switch over to PNG. So far 482 units have been switched over to cleaner/approved fuel.
- List of approved fuels for industrial uses specified by RSPCB vide office order dated 22.01.2019 in the State of Rajasthan.
- With an aim to promote the industries to switch towards economically viable and ubiquitous cleaner fuels the State Board has decided to allow the industries to use multi-fuel based boilers. This step will pave way for future voluntary compliances by entrepreneurs.

RSPCB vide office order dated 17.05.2023 has laid down stringency on applicable standards on various fuels under as:

Fuel Emission Standards

- Biomass:-PM-80 mg/Nគ្គា
- Liquid Fuel:- SO_2 - 600 mg/Nm 3 at 3% dry O_2 NOx- 300 mg/Nm 3 at 3% dry O_2
- Gaseous Fuel: NOx- 300 mg/Nm³ at 3% dry 02
- Coal:-PM-50 mg/Nm :-SO₂-600 mg/Nm³ at 6% dry O₂ :-NOx-300 mg/Nm³ at 6% dry O₃

"RAJ-CONESS" web-portal for monitoring of Construction & Demolition waste in NCR:

- A web portal developed in association with IIT, Kanpur for the self-audit of dust control measures by dust generating projects like buildings, infrastructure area development, industrial constructions etc. in NCR sub region of Rajasthan having plot area equal to or greater than 500 Sq. Metre
- Self audit will be done on fortnightly basis.
- Link of this web portal (RAJ-CONESS) is available at the RSPCB Portal.
- At present, total 56 projects are registered on RAJCONESS.

WATER QUALITY MANAGEMENT

National Water Monitoring Programme (NWMP) for monitoring of Water Quality: Total 199 Stations

COMMON EFFLUENT TREATMENT PLANTS (CETP) AND EFFLUENT TREATMENT PLANTS (ETP)

- Total CETPs: 15 (1 Non-Operational, 1 Closed, 13 Operational)
- No. of water polluting industries in the State: 5,047 (1291 having ETP+ 3756 connected with CETP)
- Total Installed capacity: 159.88 MLD.

F SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT (STP)

 Currently existing STPs in the State-113, Operational-99 and Non-Operational-14

Strengthening of IT Enabled Real Time Surveillance Tools (OCEMS & SCADA)

 OCEMS is instrument in developing a mechanism of self monitoring within the industries for complying with the prescribed standards.

- Focus to promote SCADA for selfcompliance monitoring by CETPs and member units and increase use of technology in compliance management.
- The SCADA system developed by the CETPs to be monitored regularly by the State Board for wastewater received by the CETP for treatment.

STRENGTHENING OF ONLINE SURVEILLANCE IN DAIRIES AND STPS

- In November, 2022, around 475 industries were covered under OCEMS installation in the state, which has increased to around 665 industries as of now.
- As a result of RSPCB's continuous persuasion, in last couple of months, remarkable progress observed in installation & configuration of OCEMS by the municipal STPs and dairies.
- For instance, only 5 STP and a few dairies were configured with State Board Portal in Nov. 2022, which has increased to 42 STPs and 29 dairies as of now.
- Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) for OCEMS being developed for a robust mechanism and effective monitoring & vigilance for control of pollution in the state.

ENCOURAGING WATER INTENSIVE INDUSTRIES TO MAINTAIN ZLD

- Keeping in view of water scarcity in the State, RSPCB is pursuant and encouraging the water intensive units like textile, dairies, distilleries, breweries, chemical etc. to maintain ZLD status and recycle the treated effluent into the processes.
- In Bhilwara cluster textile units have installed their own Effluent Treatment Plants (ETP) with Zero Liquid discharge (ZLD) facilities.
- As a result of the continuous pursuance of RSPCB, CETPs based on treatment/conventional tertiary technology also making efforts for up-gradation to achieve zero liquid discharge (ZLD) status to benefit both the industries and environment by meeting water requirement of the units with and recycled water minimize groundwater abstraction.
- Up-gradation work of CETP Pali (Unit-VI-12 MLD) and Balotra (18 MLD) completed upto ZLD and upgradation work of remaining CETPs initiated i.e. Jodhpur (Textile & Steel), Pali (Unit IV), Bhiwadi, Jasol and ManpurMacheri.
- The treated water from ZLD is reused by industry in processes.

WASTE

MANAGEMENT SCENARIO IN RAJASTHAN

Hazardous Waste

- Total no. of industries generating hazardous waste – 2352
- Total hazardous waste generation –
 11,99,200 MT (approx)
- Common Hazardous Waste Treatment and Disposal Facility (CHWTDF) in the State: - 02
- 1.Rajasthan Waste Management Project, Udaipur
- 2.Balotra Waste Management Project, Balotra (Barmer)
- Captive Hazardous Waste Treatment & Disposal Facility (Captive HWTDF) in the State: 04
 (* Total landfillable Waste disposed in CHWTDF 1,25,801.60 MT and Captive HWTDF 40,097 MT)
- Common Incinerator in the State 01
- Captive incinerator in the State 03
 (* Total Waste disposed through common incinerator 3509.71 MT and captive incinerator 70.49 MT)
- Pre-processing facility in the State 02 (one common and one captive)
- Waste co-processed in cement plant –
 8,87,411.63 MT

Bio Medical Waste

- Total Bio-medical waste generation: no. 19170 kg/day (approx.).
- No. of Hospitals and Health Care Facilities.
 8686.
- Status of Treatment Facility/ CBMWTF: 11 operational (Ajmer, Alwar, Bikaner, Dungarpur, Hanumangarh, Jaipur-02, Jhalawar, Jodhpur, Nagaur, Udaipur), 7 proposed (Bharatpur, Chittorgarh, Jaisalmer, Jalore, Jhunjhunu, Kota, Sawai Madhopur).
- With an aim of effective disposal of liquid and solid waste in large hospitals associated with Government medical colleges, concurrence has been given by RSPCB to Medical Education Department for providing financial assistance to establish Sewage Treatment Plants.
- Funding of 50% of the estimated cost of the STPs i.e. Rs 25.39 crores and Rs 28.17 Cr. for two financial years 2021-22 and 2022-23 respectively.
- Establishment of these STPs is being carried out by Department of Medical Education.

Municipal Solid Waste

- Total municipal solid waste generated in the state – 7973.156 Tonnes Per Day (TPD) approx.
- Existing treatment facility available for around 1925.97 TPD (24.2% approx.)

E-Waste:

- Number of authorized e-waste processing units in the State: 27
- E-waste verified collection centres in Rajasthan: 98
- E-waste collection drives have been undertaken in 5 phases in 12 districts of the States and around 318 MT e-waste collected from bulk consumers and consumers so far.
- Study on Inventorization of e-waste in Rajasthan carried out in association with EPTRI, Hyderabad.

Plastic Waste:

- Total Plastic Waste generation: 72045 TPA (as per annual report 2021-22).
- MOEF-CC has issued a notification dated 12.08.2021 vide which manufacture, import, stocking, distribution, sale and use of identified Single Use Plastic (SUP) items have been prohibited w.e.f 01.07.2022.
- State Board has been taking continuous action for identification and closure of banned SUP manufacturing units, so far 50 units have been identified and closed by the State Board units.
- Total 19 units identified so far manufacturing alternate items to banned SUP.
- Study on Inventorization of plastic waste in Rajasthan carried out in association with Centre for Environment Education.

IMPORTANT INITIATIVES

Rationalization of statutory timelines for disposal of Consent and Authorization applications:

- Statutory timeline under various environmental acts/rules for disposal of consent/authorization applications received at RSPCB is within 120 days.
- Every month, around 1800 consent/ authorization applications are received at the State Board under various environmental acts and rules.
- In order to boost new investment in the State and keeping spirit of ease of doing business RSPCB has squeezed the timeline for disposal of consent/authorization applications. RSPCB has issued an office order on 06.02.2023, wherein timelines for disposal of consent/ authorization applications at its Head Office and Regional Offices have been squeezed.
- This initiative would be a radical step for Ease of Doing Business and enable entrepreneurs to establish projects sooner.

Rationalized statutory timelines for disposal of Consent and Authorization applications:

Category	Application type	Time line for disposal	
of Industry		Head Office	Regional Office
All	Pre-screening of all applications	3 working days	NA
Green	Acknowledgement	NA	7 days
Green	CTE	NA	15 days
Green	сто	NA	45 days
Red/ Orange	CTE (fresh)	60 days	60 days
Red/ Orange	CTE (expansion)	90 days	60 days
Red/ Orange	CTO (First)	90 days	75 days
Red/ Orange	CTO (Renewal)	90 days	60 days
All	Authorisation (HW/ EW)	90 days	60 d <mark>ay</mark>

Inclusion of new sectors in White Category:

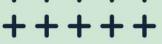
- White category industries are those which are non-polluting in nature and exempted from consent mechanism of RSPCB.
- Initially, the State Government had introduced White category vide notification dated 26.05.2016 wherein 47 sectors were identified under white category.
- In November, 2022- 07 new sectors were included in the identified list.
- As per Hon'ble Chief Minister's Budget Announcement 2023-24 the total list of white category units has been expanded upto 102 new sectors in March, 2023.

Effective implementation of Prescreening and online tracking of Consent/ Authorization applications:

- RSPCB has constituted a Pre-Screening Cell at its Head Office to expedite disposal of applications of Consent/ Authorization.
- Only Complete applications in terms of documents prescribed in checklist of the State Board are being entertained.
- Financial loss borne by the industries earlier due to Refusal of applications has now significantly decreased.

Hack the waste: Online Ideation Hackathon

- The biggest challenge in the segregation and disposal of waste is lack of knowledge and rudimentary waste management practices which poses a threat to public health and the environment.
- As part of a series of activities being organized on the occasion of World Environment Day-2023, the Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board invited innovative solutions from young minds for the management of Plastic waste and e-waste through an online Ideation Hackathon on "Hack the Waste" theme in collaboration with LNMIIT, Jaipur.
- Objective nudge young minds to bring out their out of the box thoughts to identify valuable resources and potential products from waste streams and utilize them for their environmental and economic value.
- Undergraduate and above students from Rajasthan preferably in technology and engineering fields and start-ups associated with incubation centres of any institution were eligible to participate in this Hackathon.
- A one-of-its-kind opportunity for students to win cash prizes worth up to Rs. 1.5 Lakhs across both waste streams. The best original ideas for each waste category awarded cash prizes of Rs. 50,000 and Rs. 25,000 respectively.



 Along with the rewards, chosen ideas get incubation support and mentoring from LNMIIT's Technology business incubator.

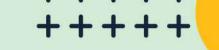
Sectorial stakeholders sensitization workshops:

- RSPCB has organized sectorial stakeholders sensitization workshops from 24th May, 23 to 31th May, 23 involving important stakeholders from different industrial sectors.
- Important sectors such as textile, CETPs, STPs, Hazardous waste, Mining, stone processing, e-waste, bio-medical waste, plastic waste, induction and re-heating furnaces invited in the workshops.
- The main objective of these workshops was to sensitize and educate the stakeholders about recent advancements in the relevant field, best practices and success stories for sustainable practices.

Excess fee refund mechanism:

- In order to expedite the process of refund of excess fee to the Project Proponents, RSPCB has issued SOP vide order dated 28.03.2023, whereby timeline have been fixed on every step not only in Head office but also in Regional Office level.
- After this decision, excess fee refund related requests of Project Proponents can be attended in time bound manner.

 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 10



Exemption to Health care facilities from depositing gap period fee:

- One time waiver opportunity to government and private health care facilities.
- RSPCB announced exemption to government and private health care facilities from deposition of gap period fee on account of operation in past without authorization and consent.
- Limited period offer till 31.10.23 to bring maximum health care facilities in consent mechanism of RSPCB.

Promotion of Captive Solar Power Plants to encourage green energy:

- In order to promote and encourage use of renewable energy in industrial units, RSPCB has excluded capital cost of captive solar power plants in total capital investment of industries vide order dated 06.01.2023.
- These units need not to pay consent fee on capital cost incurred on captive solar power plants.

Use of Polyurethane to control ambient noise in Industrial Areas:

- In order to control noise producing and generating sources in all the industries covered in the purview of the State Board, RSPCB has directed industrial units for installation of Polyurethane (PU-closed cell) of at least 20 mm thickness on ground surface to control noise and vibrations where DG sets or heavy machinery set-up, stone breaking/cutting, steel cutting or such type of other noise generating activities are being carried out.
- All industries have to provide Polyurethane (PU) closed cell within a period of one year mandatorily.
- RSPCB is ensuring incorporation of this condition in all consent to be issued henceforth.

Stringent procedure for executing compliance of closure directions:

- The procedure of consent processing has been made more stringent subsequent to the closure directions vide order dated 28.03.2023.
- No subsequent consent applications will be entertained without executing compliance of closure directions issued by the RSPCB.
- This would be a radical step to enforce compliance of closure directions against defaulter industries.

Employees health and safety:

- RSPCB has issued "Guidelines for ensuring health and safety of employees carrying out stack monitoring in industries or other places" vide order dated 09.03.2023.
- These guidelines describe the requirements of stack monitoring infrastructure in industries and the steps to be taken to minimize the risks associated with stack monitoring.

NABL Accreditation of RSPCB's laboratories:

- RSPCB currently has a Central Laboratory in Jaipur and 13 Regional Laboratories across the State for monitoring of environmental samples.
- As of now, Central Laboratory, at Jaipur has been accredited for 46 parameters of Air/Water/Wastewater/Noise by NABL on 28.02.2022 (valid for 2 year). In addition to this, the Regional Laboratory at Bhiwadi has been accredited for 11 parameters of Air/ Waste water/Noise by NABL on 11.08.2022 (valid for two years).
- A roadmap for accreditation of all RSPCB laboratories has been prepared and aimed to get all laboratories accredited by 31.05,2024

Gainful utilization of Stone Waste generated from cutting of marble/dolomite stone:

- The disposal of stone waste/slurry generated during dressing, sawing and edge cutting of marble/dolomite stone had been an issue in the State in past years.
- RSPCB has issued an office order on 24.01.2023 giving relaxation to the marble/dolomite processing units in existing guidelines with respect to promote in-house recycling of stone waste/slurry generated during dressing, sawing and edge cutting of marble/dolomite stone. The grinded powder/waste can be utilize to prepare tiles/paver blocks etc.

Efforts to ensure compliance of environmental laws in building | group housing | township | area development projects:

- For ensuring effective compliance in building/ group housing/ township/ area development projects, RSPCB inviting attention of regulators not to issue completion certificate and occupancy certificate until project proponent submit the valid copy of Consent to Operate under Water Act, 1974 and Air Act, 1981.
- RSPCB also suggested to issue conditional building/site map to these projects with the obligation that project proponent shall submit the copy of Environment Clearance.





Green Rating Scheme

- RSPCB in collaboration with CII (Confederation of Indian Industry) has initiated a Green Rating Scheme for industries and mines in the State from 07.07.2021. Under this scheme, all participating units are being evaluated by CII through experts.
- Incentives in the scheme: Rebate in consent fees

1.Bronze: 5 % 2.Silver: 10% 3.Gold: 25%

4. Platinum: 50%

Additional validity in consent period.

Revamping of Green Rating scheme in 2023:

- 1.100% cross verification of Platinum and Gold rated industries/activities by empaneled technical experts.
- 2.20% cross verification in silver and 10% in bronze rated industries/activities.
- 3. Recyclers and MSME sector to be added to this scheme.
- 4. Sensitization workshops across the State among MSME and other industrial sectors.
- 5.Inclusion of health care facilitates in the green rating scheme.
- 6. Faster clearance to pre-certified green buildings in the consent mechanism.

Award scheme for Common Effluent Treatment Plants (CETPs) and Municipal Sewage Treatment Plants (STPs) of the State:-

- To encourage internal competition and to improve self regulatory mechanism among CETPs and STPs "Award Scheme for Common Effluent Treatment Plants (CETPs) and Sewage Treatment Plants (STPs) in Rajasthan" has been introduced.
- Evaluation on multiple parameters such as capacity utilization, compliances, energy efficiency, use of renewable energy, innovations, CSR activities and OCEMS data.
- Award to CETPs- Platinum medal with cash prize of Rs. 21 lacs (in two categories i.e. CETP up to tertiary level and ZLD)
- Award to STPs- Platinum medal with cash prize of Rs. 21 lacs and Gold Medal with cash prize of 11 Lacs
- The cash prize can be utilized for upgradation and innovation at the awarded CETPs and STPs.
- More information regarding procedure of application and other details is available at Board's website-www.environment.rajasthan.gov.in/rpcb.
 Last date of submission of application has been extended up to 15.06.23.

Award scheme for Induction furnaces and Reheating furnaces of the State:-

- This scheme has been introduced to encourage internal competition and to improve self regulatory mechanism among Induction furnaces and Reheating furnaces.
- Evaluation of performance on rating parameters, and winners will be awarded to encourage Induction furnaces and Reheating furnaces for further improving their efficiencies.
- Last date of submission of the application has been extended up to 30.06.23.
- More information regarding procedure of application and other details is available at Board's websitewww.environment.rajasthan.gov.in/rpcb

Financial reward for providing credible information on banned plastic items manufacturing units:

- Financial reward of Rs. 5000/- has been announced in cases where credible information results in identification of manufacturing units producing the banned plastic items.
- More information on the scheme is available at Board's website-

<u>www.environment.rajasthan.gov.in/rpcb</u>



Waste-to-resource hackathon on May 25

are creating menace in the state. Concerned about it, Rasthan State Pollution Cont rol Board (RSPCB) is organi sing a hackathon 'Hack the Waste' in collaboration with LNMIIT, Jaipur on May 25. Online registrations for the hackathon are open from till

RSPCB is inviting original ideas from students that ces conversion for effective reuse, reduction, recycling, refurbishing and repurpo-



prizes up to Rs 1.5 lakh across both waste streams. The best original ideas for each waste

biggest challenge in recycling and disposing of waste is lack of knowledge and rudimentaes that threaten the public nealth and environment.

"The idea behind this hackathon is to nudge young minds to bring out their outof-the-box ideas to identify vaal products from waste streams and utilise them for their value," said Naveen Mahaian. chairperson, RSPCB.

He said, "The ideas will be

tion, practicability and susta inability of the solution. The event will be a plat-

for technology, design and in novation to create a more sus that make a real difference in ment. The focus will be on re ducing, reusing and recycling ung minds on waste mana ment practices, as well as lu

Raj industries can now pick best available cleaner fuel

Jaipur: Entrepreneurs with

up a green industry with mo-

re ease. Following the new or-

tion Control Board (RSPCB)

has reduced the deadline for

disposal of applications for

green category industries to

seven days for those with ca-

pital investment of Rs5crore

and 15 days for those with ca-

pital investment of more

than Rs 5 crore. The previous

Water (Prevention and Cont-

Air (Prevention and Control

of Pollution) Act, 1981, e-was-

As per provisions of the

deadline was 120 days.

and Hazardous and Other

Waste (Management and

Transboundary Movement)

Rules, 2016, the statutory ti-

meline for disposal of con-

sent for setting up industries

tions received at State Pollu-

tion Control Board is within

In order to attract more

envestment in the state,

RSPCB has reduced the time

line for disposal of consent to

establish applications in in-

tegory but also of red and

orange category as well from

timeline for disposal of con-

"Currently the statutory

120 days to within 60 days.

Notice to over 70 industries

for violating green norms



cations is within 120 days as

per provision of various en

cit that an entrepreneur has

to obtain series of clearances

from various departments to

iled deliberation, the state

board, with a perspective to

ditious disposal of applica

tions, has decided to dispose

office and regional offices

within the reduced timeli-

chairperson, RSPCB.

nes," said Naveen Mahajan,

tion applications are recei-

ved at the state board under

Every month, around

Govt to fast-track nod for green industry

tiative has been taken in kee ing spirit of ease of doing business and shall facilitate entrepreneurs to establish their investment projects.

After consent for setting up industry, the owner has to take another consent to ope rate, when he starts the production or operation of the

In case of the first application by entrepreneur ry industries for consent to operate, it has been decided disposed within 75 days at re gional office level.

Builders flout green laws, Raj pollution board fumes

Jaipur: The city is growing vertically, ignoring environ-mental laws meant to predation. Builders are providing best possible facilities o attract buyers, but Rajast han State Pollution Control Board (RSPCB) is not happy tal clearance.

It has come to the knowledge of RSPCB that there are cases where builders sell out the project to residents to Operate (CTO) from empa nelled architects after comp ally, these projects are handed over to Resident Welfare Society/associations (RWA) sion from RSPCB. Builders even hand over projects witment plant (STP).

RSPCB brought to the no-



Forest & Climate change, wnship projects having or equal to 20,000 som dearance before starting

lating provisions of Water Act, 1974 and Air Act, 1981 Now the RSPCB has issued an advisory to UDH depart

or site map only after rece be endorsed by State Leve

to 2500 som and area develo

han or equal to 5 hectare have to

inder Water Act, 1974 and Air Act

Inform on manufacturing, sale of plastic, win ₹5,000

Jainur: In a bid to ensure efthe ban on plastics through public involvement. Rajast Board (RSPCB) has announced a financial reward of Rs 5.000 for credible informa tion about use of the banned materials that results in identification of a manufac turing unit producing them

The reward will be given for such information on a that the reward is disbursed

To strengthen monitoring, RSPCB has already issued directions to its officers to file inspection rethe field inspection app. Moreover, it is now taking the support of citizens by encouraging them to provide in-



waste on land and aquation verse effect on soil, water bo ment, the government has sanned carry bags and iden RSPCB chairperson Naveen

"The initiative of disbursing rewards for information shall be a collaborative

Award scheme for common effluent treatment plants

for Common Effluent Treat-ment Plants (CETPs) has been launched by Rajasthar State Pollution Control Bo ard (RSPCB). The aim of Rajasthan' is to encourage 'polluting' industries to

Textile industries are water intensive and huge quantity of fresh water is used hroughout textile manufac-

The effluents generate rom textile industries need be treated by a suitable chnology to remove harm-To treat water CETPs are

ers of small scale industries n Jodhpur, Pali, Balotra, Ja sol, Bituia and Sanganer, In Bhilwara cluster, units have installed their own effluent atment plants (ETP) with

for CETPs is first-of-its-kind

PCB seizes 79k kg of

need to be treated by a

operators to create an envi can improve their environ

cash prize of Rs 21 lakhs will

lised to upgrade and for innovation at the awarded courage CETPs to further

Pollution board readies plan to get NABL certs for its labs

Currently Only Two Laboratories In Raj Are NABL Accredited

waste water and noise by De-cember 31. In the second pha-se, it is being envisaged to get Class-C regional laboratories in Sikar, Kishangarh, Pali, Balotara, Chittorgarh, Bha-ratpur and Bikaner accredi-

Notices issued to 70 ind units in Raj for pollution

rial units in the state have been issued show-cause notices by Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board (RSPCB) for since November last. The no-tices have been issued by

nonitored, RSPCB has been



OCEMS helps industrial units self-monitor their



Industries told to use polyurethane to curb noise pollution, given 1 year



Aim Is To Keep

Noise Levels



MESSAGE FROM CHAIRPERSON

RSPCB is the key enforcement agency responsible for regulating industry and overseeing environmental issues in the State and is entrusted with duties to enforce provisions of Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, Air (Prevention and control of pollution) Act, 1981, and Environmental (Protection) Act, 1986 and various acts and rules made therein.

Every citizen has a right to have a clean environment and we must ensure that we all take proactive actions in protecting the environment through enforcement of environmental laws.

Improving our environment requires collaborative efforts and more importantly a change in the way we live and the habits we have become accustomed to.

I am sure together we will make a huge difference in protecting the environment.

Naveen Mahajan, IAS Chairperson



MESSAGE FROM MEMBER SECRETARY

We are pleased to present the Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board Brochure which envisages recent important policy interventions taken by the Board to streamline disposal of consent applications received in the Board and provide an easy platform to the industries for ease of doing business.

This brochure throws a glimpse basic mandate of the State Board and the best practices adopted and being promoted for abatement of pollution and management of environment in the State.

I am sure, the State Board's recent policy interventions would play a significant role in sensitizing citizens and entrepreneurs to have a better outreach towards sustainability.

Niraj Mathur, Member Secretary



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