

State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority, Rajasthan

4, Institutional Area, Jhalana Doongri, Jaipur-302004

Phone: 0141-2705633, 2711329 Ext. 361

No: F-1(4)/SEIAA/SEAC-Raj/Sectt/Project/ Cat 5(f).B1 (110)/08-09

Jaipur, Dated: 26.11.09

To,

M/s Shree Nath Life Sciences Pvt. Ltd.
C-194 Vikas Puri
New Delhi-110018.

Sub: EC for Synthetic Organic Chemicals Plant for Sotanala Industrial Estate Alwar by M/s Shree Nath Life Sciences Pvt. Ltd. C-194 Vikas Puri New Delhi-110018.

Sir,

This has reference to your application No Nil dated 29-12-08 seeking environmental clearances for the above project under EIA Notification 2006. The proposal has been appraised as per prescribed procedure in the light of provisions under the EIA Notification 2006 on the basis of the mandatory documents enclosed with the application viz. the questionnaire, EIA, EMP and additional clarifications furnished in response to the observation of the State Level Expert Committee Rajasthan, in its meetings held on 24.4.09, 30.5.09, 27/28.08.09 & 29.09.09.

2. Brief details of the Project:

1. Category & Item No. (in the schedule): B-1, 5(f)
2. Location of Industry Project: At Plot No. G-28, G-1-2H in RIICO Industrial Area, Sotanala, Tehsil Behror, Alwar. Site is located at a distance of about 1 km, from Behror town.
3. Plot Area: 2285 M²
4. Product & Capacity: It is proposed to set up a multi-purpose facility having annual capacity of 132 MT for Antibiotics and 600 MT for Chemicals, based on present and future demand. The Plant shall work on three shifts basis. Any one of these chemicals and antibiotics can be manufactured up to this capacity depending on market demand for each item.

Total Annual Installed Capacity

- Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients 132 MT
- Chemicals 600 MT

S.No.	Name of Product	Installed Capacity (MT)	
		Annual	Monthly
Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients			
i)	Cloxacillin Sodium I.P./B.P.	132	11
ii)	Dicloxacillin Sodium B.P.		
iii)	Flucloxacillin Sodium		
Chemicals			
iv)	CMIC Chloride	240	20
v)	DCMIC Chloride		
vi)	FCMIC Chloride		
vii)	Pivaloyl Chloride		
		360	30

5. Expected Cost: Rs. 573.62 Lakhs. (Including Rs.20.82 lakhs capital cost for PCMS. Annual Recurring cost for PCMS is Rs.9.50 lakhs).
6. Water Requirement & Source: Total 10 KLD (i.e.1 KLD for Boiler cooling & wet scrubber, 5.70 KLD for process and 2.30 KLD for Domestic use). Source: RIICO water supply.
7. Environmental Management Plan: The Proponent has prepared EMP for addressing the potential impacts from pollution Air, Noise, Water, Soil, Ecology etc.
8. Status of Project: (i) The Project is already established thus it is a case of violation.
Since the project is located in a notified industrial area, any detailed EIA and public hearing are not required

3. The SEAC Rajasthan after due considerations of the relevant documents submitted by the project proponent and additional clarifications/documents furnished to it have recommended for Environmental Clearance with certain stipulations. The SEIAA Rajasthan after considering the proposal and recommendations of the SEAC Rajasthan hereby accord Environmental Clearance to the project as per the provisions of Environmental Impact Assessment Notification 2006 and its subsequent amendments, subject to strict compliance of the terms and conditions as follows:


- i. The PP shall undertake periodic monitoring of "Keeta (Sludge)" and maintain relevant record.
- ii. The EC is limited to the production of the following items:

S. No.	Name of Product	Installed Capacity (MT)	
		Annual	Monthly
Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients			
i)	Cloxacillin Sodium I.P./B.P.	132	11
ii)	Dicloxacillin Sodium B.P.		
iii)	Flucloxacillin Sodium		
Chemicals			
iv)	CMIC Chloride	240	20
v)	DCMIC Chloride		
vi)	FCMIC Chloride		
vii)	Pivaloyl Chloride	360	30

- iii. No water shall be consumed in the processing and no wastewater shall be generated.
- iv. The PP shall achieve the stack emission standards and ambient air standards as notified under EP Rules'86.
- v. The height of the stack for disbursement of the process emissions shall not be less than 35.00 Mtrs from ground level.
- vi. **The PP shall ensure earmarking of fund and implementation of the EMP as envisaged in letter and spirit.**
- vii. The PP shall operate his unit with prior Consent to Establish and Consent to Operate under the provisions of Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act'74 and Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act'81.
- viii. The particulate matter and gaseous emissions (SO_x, NO_x, CO, CO₂, etc) from various processes/units/storages should conform to the standards prescribed by the RPCB /CPCB or under the Environment (Protection) Rules'86 from time to time.
- ix. At no time, the emissions should go beyond the prescribed standards. In the event of failure of any pollution control system adopted by the units, the unit shall immediately put off operation and shall not restart until the control measures are rectified to achieve the desired efficiency.
- x. Ambient air quality monitoring stations should be set up in the down wind direction as well as where maximum ground level concentration of SPM, SO_x, NO_x, CO, CO₂, in consultation with Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board.
- xi. Portholes and sampling facilities should be provided for the stacks emissions monitoring as per the Central Pollution Control Board guidelines. Stack emissions should be monitored in consultation with Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board.
- xii. Data on ambient air quality and stack emissions should be submitted to Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board once in six months carried out by MOEF/NABL/CPCB/Government approved lab.
- xiii. The total water requirement should not exceed to 3 KLD, (i.e. for domestic use 2 KLD and Quenching and other uses - 1 KLD (Industrial use - Nil as the process is dry). Water requirement shall be met by RIICO Water Supply System, or other sources. No ground water extraction shall be permitted within the premises without prior permission of the CGWA.
- xiv. The PP should provide separate drainage and outlets with the precaution that the storm water shall not come into contact with waste battery/waste sludge/lead ingots.
- xv. The waste slag of the process is hazardous in nature and, therefore, must be handled as per the provisions of Hazardous Waste (Management, Handling & Trans boundary Movement) Rules, 2008. Authorization is to be obtained from Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board for its management and disposal.

- xvi. Handling, manufacture, storage and transportation of hazardous chemicals should be in accordance with the Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules, 1989 (amended till date).
- xvii. Adequate measures for the control of noise should be taken so as to keep the noise levels below 85 dB (A) in the work environment. Persons working near the machines should be provided with well-designed ear muffs/plugs and other personnel protective equipments.
- xviii. Suitable alarm system and standard procedure for transmitting the information on the occurrence of an accident to the proper focal point should be established.
- xix. Efforts should be made to increase green belt all around the premises. Native plant species should be selected for this purpose in consultation with the local Forest Department. A green belt development plan be prepared and implemented so as to cover at least 33% area of the plot size.
- xx. A qualified person in the field of environment or separate Environmental Management Cell to be established to implement and carry out various functions is set up under the control of a Senior Executive who will report directly to the head of the project.
- xxi. It will be ensured that no employee or worker remains on duty within the plant premises for more than 8 hours per day in one stretch. No residential facilities (even for security staff) within the factory premises will be provided.
- xxii. Periodical medical check up especially for the presence of Lead in the blood of the workers should be done in six months and records be submitted.
- xxiii. The funds earmarked for the environmental protection measures should be kept in separate account and should not be diverted for other purposes and year wise expenditure should be reported to the Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board under the rules prescribed for environmental audit.
- xxiv. Implementation of the environmental safeguards like fire fighting, water harvesting etc. along with socio economic measures like group insurance, free medical facilities, ESI/EPF facilities to the employees as envisaged under the Environmental Management Plan, detailed are to be submitted to the RPCB.
- xxv. A voluntary commitment of the Social responsibility activities to be undertaken by the project proponent is to be given and the budgeted amount proposed for such activity will be kept.
- xxvi. The PP shall provide to following documents to Rajasthan Pollution Control Board, while applying for CTE and/or CTO:
- Supplementary details of air pollution control measures (like the length/diameter/pore-size/number of bag filters).
 - Monitor and report fugitive emission within work area.
 - Result of ambient air monitoring for all parameters including CO₂
 - Plan for hazardous waste monitoring including quantity and quality.
- xxvii. The PP shall ensure that, the EC letter as well as the status of compliance of EC conditions and the monitoring data are placed on company's website and displayed at the project site.
- xxviii. Six monthly compliance status reports on project along with implementation of environmental measures shall be submitted to MoEF, Regional Office, Lucknow and Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board.
- xxix. The SEIAA, Rajasthan reserves the right to add new conditions, modify/annual any of the stipulated conditions and/or to revoke the clearance if implementation of any of the condition stipulated by SEIAA, Rajasthan or any other competent authorities is not satisfactory.

Yours faithfully,


(Sankatha Prasad)
Member Secretary
SEIAA Rajasthan