

# State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority, Rajasthan

4, Institutional Area, Jhalana Doongri, Jaipur-302004

Phone: 0141-2705633, 2711329 Ext. 361

No: F1 (4)/SEIAA/SEAC-Raj/Seclt/Project/Cat. 8(a)B/(469)/12-13

Jaipur, Dated:

11 9 SEP 2012

To,

M/s Adarsh Though Works Pvt. Ltd.

10<sup>th</sup> Floor, Tower 9, Block B

DLF Cyber City, Phase III

Gurgaon

Haryana

**Sub: E.C. for "Sky Terrace" proposed Residential Cum Commercial Project, Plot No. A on Commercial Belt B, VT Road, Tehsil Mansarovar District Jaipur**

Sir,

This has reference to your application dated 13.7.12 seeking environmental clearances for the above project under EIA Notification 2006. The proposal has been appraised as per prescribed procedure in the light of provisions under the EIA Notification 2006 on the basis of the mandatory documents enclosed with the application viz. the questionnaire, EIA, EMP and additional clarifications furnished in response to the observation of the State Level Expert Committee Rajasthan, in its meeting held on 21/22.8.12.

## 2. Brief details of the Project:

1.	Category / Item no.(in Schedule):	8(a)B				
2.	Location of Project	Plot No. A on Commercial Belt B, VT Road, Tehsil Mansarover District Jaipur				
3.	Land Use	S. no.	Particulars		Details	
		1	Plot area		7000'Sq. m.	
		2	Gross Built up area		56091.26 Sq. m.	
		3	Built up area	Residential	49408.05 Sq. m.	
				Commercial	2232.58 Sq. m.	
		4	Floor area Ratio	Permissible	Unlimited	
				Achieved	5.053 (35371.28 Sq. m.)	
				Permissible	35% (2450 Sq. m.)	
5	Ground Coverage	Permissible	35% (2450 Sq. m.)			
		Total Achieved	34.71% (2429.70 Sq. m.)			
4.	Project Details	The proposed Residential cum Commercial project will involve construction of lower basement, upper basement, lower ground & upper ground floor, first floor, typical floor (2 <sup>nd</sup> to 22 <sup>nd</sup> ) + 23 <sup>rd</sup> floor and maximum height of the building will be 75 m.				
		S. No.	Floors	Gross BUA	Net BUA	Net FAR
		1	Lower Basement	2637.78	2637.78	-
		2	Upper Basement	2637.78	2637.78	-
		3	Lower Ground (Stilt) floor	2484.53	2484.53	1143.80
		4	Upper ground floor	2430.30	2430.30	1088.78
		5	1 <sup>st</sup> floor	2100.38	2100.38	-
		6	2 <sup>nd</sup> floor	1985.48	1830.02	1541.28
		7	3 <sup>rd</sup> floor	1985.48	1830.02	1541.28
		8	4 <sup>th</sup> floor	1985.48	1830.02	1541.28
		9	5 <sup>th</sup> floor	1985.48	1830.02	1541.28
		10	6 <sup>th</sup> floor	1985.48	1830.02	1541.28
		11	7 <sup>th</sup> floor	1985.48	1830.02	1541.28
		12	8 <sup>th</sup> floor	1985.48	1830.02	1541.28
		13	9 <sup>th</sup> floor	1985.48	1830.02	1541.28
		14	9 <sup>th</sup> floor	1985.48	1830.02	1541.28
		15	10 <sup>th</sup> floor	1985.48	1830.02	1541.28
		16	11 <sup>th</sup> floor	1985.48	1830.02	1541.28
		17	12 <sup>th</sup> floor	1985.48	1830.02	1541.28
		18	13 <sup>th</sup> floor	1985.48	1830.02	1541.28
		19	14 <sup>th</sup> floor	1985.48	1830.02	1541.28
20	15 <sup>th</sup> floor	1985.48	1830.02	1541.28		

		21	16 <sup>th</sup> floor	1985.48	1830.02	1541.28
		22	17 <sup>th</sup> floor	1985.48	1830.02	1541.28
		23	18 <sup>th</sup> floor	1985.48	1830.02	1541.28
		24	19 <sup>th</sup> floor	1985.48	1830.02	1541.28
		25	20 <sup>th</sup> floor	1985.48	1830.02	1541.28
		26	21 <sup>st</sup> floor	1985.48	1830.02	1541.28
		27	22 <sup>nd</sup> floor	1985.48	1830.02	1541.28
		28	Upper pent house floor	981.56	919.44	771.82
		29	Ramps area	923.57	-	-
		30	Underground Water Tank	92.96	-	-
		31	Guard Room area	2.76	-	-
		32	Transformer D.G. set area	15.69	-	-
		33	Machine room & Overhead Water Tank	88.87	-	-
			<b>Total</b>	<b>56091.26</b>	<b>51640.63</b>	<b>35371.28</b>
5	Expected Cost:	Rs. 80.88 Crores				
6.	Water Requirement & Source	Sn	Uses	L/Head/Day	Total Quantity M <sup>3</sup> /day	Source
		1	Domestic	135 for resident population & 45 for population.	181.44	
		1.1	Flushing	45 for resident population & 30 for floating population.	64.26	Treated Sewage
		1.2	Other domestic used like Drinking Cooking bathing and washing etc.	90 for resident population & 15 for floating population.	117.18	GW/Fresh Water
		2	Commercial		10	
		2.1	Other domestic used like Drinking Cooking bathing and washing etc.	30 % of 20 KLD	6	
		2.2	Flushing	70% of 20 KLD	14	
		3	Gardening	--	10.00	Treated Sewage
		4	Club House		10	Treated Sewage
			<b>Total</b>		<b>221.44 KLD</b>	
7.	Fuel & Energy:-	<p>During Construction phase : 20 KW</p> <p>During operation phase : 1565.88 KW</p> <p>The total power demand of the project will be 1565.88 KW, which shall be met through power grid of JVVNL.</p> <p>The power will be received from JVVNL at 33 KV supply voltage, it will be stepped down to 11 KV through one 2500 KVA transformer and then with two 1250 KVA step down transformers it will be stepped down to 0.433 KV from 11 KV.</p> <p>To supplement above during power failure, it is proposed to provide 1 D.G. Set of capacity 200 KVA to cater for emergency light and lift.</p>				
8	Environment Management Plan	Sn	Description	Capital cost (Rs. In lacs)	Recurring Cost (Rs. In lacs)	
		1	STP	60.00	3.60	
		2	Landscaping	05.00	1.80	
		3	Ground Water Recharge Structure	9.00	0.60	
		4	Acoustic Enclosure	3.00	--	
		5	Dual plumbing system	15.00	--	
		6	Solar Energy Utilization Application	10.00	2.00	
		7	Energy Efficient Lighting	5.00	2.00	
		8	Solid Waste Management	2.00	0.60	
		9	Common Areas	5.00	--	
		10	Monitoring of Air, Water, Noise & Soil	--	3*	
		11	Insulation of Walls & roof	10.00		
			<b>Total</b>	<b>124.00 Lacs</b>	<b>13.6 Lacs</b>	
		* Monitoring of Air, Water Noise & Soil will be outsourced to recognized laboratory.				
9	Solid Waste Management	Wet Solid Waste	Dry Solid Waste	Total		
		206.64 kg/day	309.96 kg/day	516.60 kg/day		
		Commercial waste				
		Wet Solid Waste	Dry Solid Waste	Total		
		8.86 kg/day	34.42 kg/day	44.28 kg/day		



10	CSR Activates	CSR Activities Rs. 10.00 Lacs.
11	STP	Capacity 179.72 M <sup>3</sup> /day using SBR technology.
12	Green Plantation	100 no. long trees proposed to be planted under green development plan.

3. The SEAC Rajasthan after due considerations of the relevant documents submitted by the project proponent and additional clarifications/documents furnished to it have recommended for Environmental Clearance with certain stipulations. The SEIAA Rajasthan after considering the proposal and recommendations of the SEAC Rajasthan hereby accord Environmental Clearance to the project as per the provisions of Environmental Impact Assessment Notification 2006 and its subsequent amendments, subject to strict compliance of the terms and conditions as follows:

#### **PART A: SPECIFIC CONDITIONS**

##### **I. CONSTRUCTION PHASE**

- i "Consent to Establish" shall be obtained from RPCB before start of any construction work at the site.
- ii The PP shall obtain a "No objection certificate" for height clearance for the envisaged level from the Airports Authority of India.
- iii No Mobile tower shall be installed.
- iv As envisaged, the PP shall earmark an amount of Rs. 134.00 Lacs as initial capital cost and Rs. 13.60 Lacs as annual recurring cost for implementing various environmental protection measures under the Environmental Management Plan.
- v As agreed part of corporate social responsibility, the PP shall earmark an investment of Rs. 10.00 Lacs. The expenditure on these activities shall be reflected in the books of account when presented for auditing of accounts. Detailed action plan of CSR activities shall be submitted by the PP to RSPCB at the time of applying for "Consent to Establish".
- vi That the grant of this E.C. is issued from the environmental angle only, and does not absolve the project proponent from the other statutory obligations prescribed under any other law or any other instrument in force. The sole and complete responsibility, to comply with the conditions laid down in all other laws for the time-being in force, rests with the industry / unit / project proponent.
- vii For conservation of electricity and to reduce energy losses the management shall ensure that the electrical voltage is stepped down from 33 KV to 11 KV and distributed at this level and finally brought to 440 volts.
- viii The PP shall obtain approval of drawings of laying electrical lines from the concerned SE of RRVNPL/JVVNL.
- ix Minimum width of the road (right of way) 15 to 18 meter wide, Height of the Building 15 to 30 Meter.
- x Regular and periodic mock-up drills shall be undertaken by the fire department at least once in a year.
- xi NOC shall be obtained from National State Disaster Management Authority, wherever applicable.
- xii The performance efficiency of the STP should be ensured and daily log book of the STP should be maintained and six month report will be submitted to the State Board.
- xiii The PP shall fulfill the requirements of energy regulatory commission.
- xiv Feasibility of underground wiring may be examined and followed.
- xv The drains should be of adequate capacity and be lined till the final disposal points.
- xvi Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labor within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.
- xvii All required sanitary and hygienic measures shall be in place before starting construction activities. The safe disposal of waste water and solid waste generated during the Construction phase shall be ensured.
- xviii Adequate drinking water facilities shall be provided for construction workers at the site.
- xix Provisions shall be made for the supply of fuel (kerosene or cooking gas); utensils such as pressure cookers etc. to the laborers.
- xx All the labours engaged for construction shall be screened for health and adequately treated before engaging them to work at the site.
- xxi For disinfection of waste water, appropriate tertiary treatment may be given.
- xxii All the topsoil excavated during the construction shall be stored for use in horticulture/landscape development within the project site.
- xxiii Disposal of muck during construction phase shall not create any adverse effect on the neighboring communities and be disposed taking the necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of the people, only in approved sites with the approval of competent authority.
- xxiv Soil and ground water samples will be tested to ascertain that, there is no threat to the ground water quality by leaching of heavy metals and other toxic contaminants.



- xxv Construction spoils, including bituminous material and other hazardous materials must not be allowed to contaminate water courses and the dump sites for such material must be secured so that they do not leach into the ground water.
- xxvi The diesel generator sets to be used during the construction phase shall be low-sulphur-diesel type and shall conform to Environment (Protection) Rules for air and noise emission standards.
- xxvii Vehicles hired for bringing construction material and laborers to the site shall be in good conditions and shall conform to applicable air and noise emission standards and shall be operated during non-peak/approved hours.
- xxviii Ambient noise levels shall conform to residential standards both during day and night. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality shall be closely monitored during construction phase.
- xxix Fly ash shall be used as building material in the construction as per the provisions of Fly Ash notification of September, 1999 and amended as on August, 2003 (The above condition is applicable only if the project is within 100 km of Thermal Power Station).
- xxx Ready mixed concrete shall be used in building construction.
- xxxi Storm water control and its re-use as per CGWA and BIS standards for various applications.
- xxxii Water demand during construction shall be reduced by the use of pre-mixed concrete, curing agents and other best practices.
- xxxiii Total domestic water requirement shall not exceed 221.44 KLD. The PP shall obtain prior permission from CGWA before withdrawing ground water through tube wells during construction phase and post construction / operation phase of the project. Before allotment of the flats to the public, the P.P. should ensure availability of required quantity of water from a legal source and disposal of sewage in an environmentally safe manner.
- xxxiv Separation of grey and black water shall be done by the use of dual plumbing line for separation of grey and black water.
- xxxv Treatment of 100% grey water by decentralized treatment shall be done.
- xxxvi Building Plan from the competent Authority shall be got approved and position cleared with reference to Master Plan.
- xxxvii Adequate measures shall be taken to reduce air and noise pollution during construction keeping in mind CPCB norms on noise limits.
- xxxviii A First Aid Room will be provided in the project both during construction and operation of the project.
- xxxix Any hazardous waste generated during construction phase shall be disposed off as per applicable rules and norms with necessary authorization of the RPCB.
- xl The approval of the competent authority shall be obtained for structural safety of the building due to earthquake, adequacy of fire fighting equipments, etc as per National Building Code 2005 including protection measures from lightning etc.
- xli Regular supervision of the above and other measures for monitoring shall be in place through out the construction phase, so as to avoid nuisance to the surroundings.
- xlvi Guidelines issued by concerned Ministry for water scarce areas may be followed.
- xlvi Composting of biodegradable waste shall be carried out within the campus.
- xlvi FAB sludge will be used for composting and compost will be used as manure.
- xlvi Provision of solar water heating /chilling/street lighting etc shall be explored.
- xlvi Review and revise the requirement of DG set capacities for 100% power back up through optimization of power back up in case of power failure and emergency.
- xlvi During construction phase and Post construction / operation phase of the project, the proponent shall be responsible for implementation of EIA/EMP. Commitment of proponent in this regard shall be submitted to RPCB at the time of applying for CTE.
- xlvi The project proponent shall fulfill in letter and spirit, all the commitments given/submitted to the SEAC office.
- xlvi After construction and handing over of the project, the Resident's Welfare Association or the Maintenance Agency shall be responsible for the EIA/EMP implementation. In this regard a suitable clause shall be put by the PP in the Maintenance Agreement.
- li The PP will ensure that the STP of 200 M<sup>3</sup>/day using SBR technology, capacity as proposed performs at desired efficiency.
- li Consistency regarding the sludge recycling with in STP drawing and text of the design shall be ensured by the PP.
- lii The size and detention time of reactor of STP shall be maintained.
- liii The PP will ensure that the treated effluent is reused keeping zero discharge status as envisaged.
- liv Drawing/ parking space should be as per the provision of National Building Code.
- lv Orientation of lifts will be relooked by the PP and provided as per National Building Code.
- lvi Fire escape staircase shall be pressurized by the PP.
- lvii In the STP the chlorination will be carried out using Sodium hypo chlorite.
- lviii Fire static water storage tank shall be provided in the basement levels.
- lix BOD for the treated affluent from STP should be less than 20 mg/l.
- lx Use of Sodium hypo chlorite instead of on line chlorination shall be ensured by the PP.
- lxi The site identified for storing of municipal solid waster before disposal should be effectually use.
- lxii As proposed, filter press should be provided for STP sludge.



## II OPERATION PHASE

- i. An independent expert shall certify the installation of the Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) and a report in this regard shall be submitted to the RPCB, before the project is commissioned for operation. Discharge of treated sewage shall conform to the norms & standards of the Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board.
- ii. For conservation of electricity and to reduce energy losses the management shall ensure that the electrical voltage is stepped down from 33 KV to 11 KV and distributed at this level and finally brought to 440 volts.
- iii. Rain Water harvesting (RWH) for roof top run-off and surface run-off, as planned shall be implemented. Before recharging the surface run off, pre-treatment must be done to remove suspended matter, oil and grease. The Rain Water Harvesting plan shall be as per GoI manual
- iv. The solid waste generated shall be properly collected & segregated before disposal to the City Municipal Facility. The in-vessel bio-conversion technique may be used for composting the organic waste.
- v. Any hazardous waste including biomedical waste shall be disposed of as per applicable Rules & norms with necessary approvals of the Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board.
- vi. The green belt design along the periphery of the plot shall achieve attenuation factor conforming to the day and night noise standards prescribed for residential land use. The open space inside the plot shall be suitably landscaped and covered with vegetation of indigenous variety.
- vii. The D. G. sets to be operated with stack height as per RPCB norms.
- viii. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air quality noise and water quality shall be periodically monitored after commissioning of the project.
- ix. Fixtures for showers, toilet flushing and drinking shall be of low flow either by use of aerators of pressure reducing devices or sensor based control.
- x. Use of glass may be reduced by up to 40% to reduce the electricity consumption and load in air-conditioning. If necessary, use high quality double glass with special reflective coating windows.
- xi. Roof shall meet prescriptive requirement as per Energy Conservation Building Code by using appropriate thermal insulation material to fulfill requirement.
- xii. Opaque walls shall meet prescriptive requirement as per Energy Conservation Building Code for all air-conditioned spaces, whereas, for non- air-conditioned spaces, by use of appropriate thermal insulation material to fulfill the requirement.
- xiii. Application of solar energy shall be incorporated for illumination of common areas, lighting for gardens and street lighting in addition to provision for solar water heating. A hybrid system or fully solar system for a portion of the apartments shall be provided.
- xiv. Traffic congestion near the entry and exit points from the roads adjoining the proposed project site must be avoided. Parking shall be fully internalized and no public space shall be utilized.
- xv. A Report on the energy conservation measures confirming to energy conservation norms finalize by Bureau of Energy Efficiency shall be prepared incorporating details about building materials & technology, R & U Factors etc. Quantify energy saving measures.
- xvi. Proper system of channelizing excess storm water shall be provided.
- xvii. The power factor shall be maintained near unity.
- xviii. Trees and shrubs of local species shall be planted to allow habitat for birds with appropriate distance from the boundary.
- xix. Re-cycled water to match standards for cooling water system. MPN should be less than 5/100 ml in case of reuse of water of landscaping and flushing.
- xx. Adequate measures shall be taken to prevent odor from solid waste processing and STP.

## PART – B. GENERAL CONDITIONS

1. The environmental safeguards contained in Form 1-A shall be implemented in letter and spirit.
2. Six monthly compliance reports shall be submitted to Ministry of Environment and Forest, Govt. of India, Regional Office, Ministry of Environment & Forests, RO(CZ), Kendriya Bhawan, 5<sup>th</sup> Floor, Sector 'H', Aliganj, Lucknow, SEIAA, Rajasthan and Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board.
3. Officials of the RPCB, who would be monitoring the implementation of environmental safeguards, shall be given full cooperation facilities and documents/data by the PP during their inspection. A complete set of all the documents submitted to SEIAA, Rajasthan shall be forwarded to the DoE, Rajasthan and Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board.
4. In case of any change(s) in the scope of the project, the PP requires a fresh appraisal by SEIAA/SEAC, Rajasthan.
5. The SEIAA/SEAC, Rajasthan reserves the right to add additional safeguard measures subsequently, if found necessary, and to take action including revoking of the environmental clearance under the provisions of the Environment (Protection) Act-1986, to ensure effective implementation of the suggested safeguard measures in a time bound and satisfactory manner.

6. All the other statutory clearances such as the approvals for storage of diesel from the Chief Controller of Explosives, Fire department, Civil Aviation Department, Forest Conservation Act, 1980 and Wildlife (protection) Act, 1972 etc. shall be obtained, as may be applicable, by PP from the competent authority.
7. The PP shall ensure advertising in at least two local news papers widely circulated in the region, one of which shall be in vernacular language that, the project has been accorded environmental clearance and copies of the clearance letters are available with SEIAA, Rajasthan and the Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board and may also be seen on the website of the Board at [www.rpcb.nic.in](http://www.rpcb.nic.in). The advertisement shall be made within 7(seven) days from the date of issue of the environmental clearance and a copy shall also be forwarded to the SEIAA, Rajasthan and Regional Office, Jaipur(S) of the Board.
8. These stipulations would also be enforced amongst the others under the provisions of Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, the Public Liability (Insurance) Act, 1991 and EIA Notification' 06.
9. Under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, legal action shall be initiated against the proponent, if it was found that construction of the project has been started without obtaining environmental clearance.
10. Environment clearance is subject to final order of the Honb'le Supreme Court of India in the matter of Goa Foundation Vs. Union of India in Writ Petition(Civil) No. 460 of the year 2004 as may be applicable to this project.

Yours faithfully,

*Sd/-*  
(Sankatha Prasad)  
Member Secretary  
SEIAA Rajasthan

**Copy to following for information and necessary action:**

1. Secretary, Ministry of Environment and Forest, Govt. of India, Paryavaran Bhavan, CGO Complex, Lodhi Road, New Delhi.
2. Addl. Chief Secretary, Environment Department, Rajasthan, Jaipur.
3. Smt. Alka Kala, Chairman, SEIAA, Rajasthan, 69-A, Bajaj Nagar Enclave, Jaipur
4. Shri Moti Lal Daima, Member, SEIAA, Rajasthan, 48/9, Moti Path, Mansarovar, Jaipur.
5. Member Secretary, Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board, Jaipur for information & necessary action and to display this sanction on the website of the Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board, Jaipur.
6. Secretary, SEAC Rajasthan.
7. The CCF, Regional Office, Ministry of Environment & Forests, RO(CZ), Kendriya Bhawan, 5<sup>th</sup> Floor, Sector 'H', Aliganj, Lucknow-226 020.
8. Environment Management Plan- Division, Monitoring Cell, MoEF, Paryavaran Bhavan, CGO Complex, Lodhi Road, New Delhi-110003.
- ✓ 9. Nodal Officer (Departmental Website), Department of Environment, Government of Rajasthan, Jaipur with the request to upload the copy of this environmental clearance on the website.

*ts*  
M.S. SEIAA (Rajasthan)