

Resettlement Plan

PUBLIC

Document Stage: Draft for consultation
Project Number: 42267-034
February 2024

India: Rajasthan Secondary Towns Development
Sector Project – Additional Financing

Bundi Water Supply and Wastewater Works

Package No.: RSTDSP/BUN/01

CURRENCY EQUIVALENTS

(as of 03 February 2024)

Currency unit – Indian rupee (₹)

₹1.00 = \$ 0.012

\$1.00 = ₹ 83.00

ABBREVIATIONS

ADB	- Asian Development Bank
CAPPC	- Community Awareness and Public Participation Consultant
CCC	- Central Control Center
CLC	- City Level Committee
CMSC	- Construction Management and Supervision Consultant
CPR	- Common Property Resources
CRMC	- Consumer Relation Management Centre
CRO	- Complaint Receiving Officer
CWR	- Clear Water Reservoir
DBO	- Design, Build and Operate
DDR	- Due Diligence Report
DPR	- Detailed Project Report
EHS	- Environment, Health and Safety
EMP	- Environmental Management Plan
ESR	- Elevated Service Reservoir
FGD	- Focus Group Discussion
GESI	- Gender Equality and Social Inclusion
GOI	- Government of India
GOR	- Government of Rajasthan
GRM	- Grievance Redress Mechanism
HDPE	- High-Density Polyethylene
IEE	- Initial Environmental Examination
LSGD	- Local Self Government Department
MCC	- Master Control Center
NGO	- Non-Governmental Organization
NRW	- Non-Revenue Water
O&M	- Operation and Maintenance
OBC	- Other Backward Castes
OHSR	- Overhead Service Reservoir
PHED	- Public Health Engineering Department
PIU	- Project Implementation Unit
PMU	- Project Management Unit
PMCBC	- Project Management and Capacity Building Consultant
RFCTLARRA	- Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act of 2013
ROW	- Right-of-Way
RSTDSP	- Rajasthan Secondary Towns Development Sector Project
RUIDP	- Rajasthan Urban Infrastructure Development Project
SEMP	- Specific Environmental Management Plan
SBR	- Sequencing Batch Reactor
SIP	- Service Improvement Plan

NOTE

In this report, "\$" refers to United States dollar.

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Background: The Rajasthan Secondary Towns Development Sector Project (RSTDSP), is the fourth phase of investment projects financed by Asian Development Bank (ADB) and implemented by the Rajasthan Urban Drinking Water Sewerage and Infrastructure Corporation Limited-Externally Aided Projects (RUDSICO-EAP), previously known as Rajasthan Urban Infrastructure Development Project (RUIDP). RSTDSP seeks to improve water supply sewerage and other infrastructure services in secondary towns of Rajasthan with populations ranging from 20,000-110,000 through a sector loan modality. The project is aligned with the following impact(s): (i) access to potable, affordable, reliable, equitable, and environmentally sustainable drinking water supply in all urban areas of Rajasthan improved; and (ii) health status of urban population, especially the poor and under-privileged improved through improvements in sewerage systems of subproject towns (iii) improvements in other infrastructure services of some towns. Under RSTDSP, work is in progress in 14 project towns. RSTDSP will support the ongoing efforts of the Government of Rajasthan towards improving the sewerage conditions of 13 towns through undertaking Faecal Sludge and Septage Management (FSSM) works. The Government of Rajasthan has decided to take up implementation of Water Supply, Sewerage, Drainage, Faecal Sludge and Septage Management (FSSM) and other city improvement works including city beautification works in about 23 towns under the additional financing of \$200 million from Asian Development Bank (ADB). Department of Economic Affairs (DEA), Government of India has agreed for additional financing of these new projects. Water Supply and Wastewater Works in Bundi town is one of the subproject proposed under the investment component of RSTDSP (Additional Financing).

Bundi town is located between 25044' N latitude and 75064' E longitude and is approximately 32 km. from Chambal River. The total area of Bundi town is 53.97 km² comprising 60 wards. Bundi is well connected with the important cities of Rajasthan through a network of roads. The town falls on National Highway (NH) -12 at a distance of 212 km. from Jaipur and 40 km. from Kota. The population of Bundi town has increased rapidly during the past 50 years. The town had a population of 26,478 in the year 1961, while as per census 2011 the population was 1,03,286, displaying an average annual growth rate of 1.58%.

Subproject Description: Bundi is one of the towns selected under additional financing of RSTDSP and key water supply and sewerage components are: Water Supply: (i) installation of raw water pumps in the existing intake well (26 MLD) at Kota barrage dam and installation of clear water pumping system in Mangali headwork's (HW) and Vikas Nagar headwork's (HW), (ii) construction of 8 MLD water treatment plant (WTP) at existing WTP campus, Jakhmund, (iii) one Clear Water Reservoirs (CWR) of 1200 kilo liter (KL) in Nainwa Road, PHED campus, (iv) Transmission Mains -1.194 Km of dia ranging from 100 mm to 150 mm, (v) 30.88 km of water distribution networks of dia ranging from 90 mm to 315 mm, (vi) Refurbishment of existing pump houses, Overhead Service Reservoirs (OHSRS) and Clear Water Reservoirs (CWRs), (vii) House Service Connections (HSC) - 7208 numbers and Sewerage: (i) construction of Sewerage Treatment Plant (STP) of 6.5 MLD in existing STP campus near Ramganj Balaji along with Treated Effluent Elevated Reservoir (TEER), Treated Effluent Storage Reservoir (TESR) and Effluent Pumping Station (EPS), (ii) 10 Kms treated effluent line from STPs for reuse, (iii) procurement of two desludging equipment with 4000 and 1000 liters tank capacity for collection of faecal sludge and septage from ward 4, 5, 23, 24, 25, 27, 29, 42 and 53.

The previously prepared due diligence report (DDR) has been updated based on detailed design into a resettlement plan (RP). The decision was prompted by observations made during the confirmatory survey and detailed design process. During the confirmatory survey, it became clear that certain streets and roads along the market areas (namely Nainwa road, i.e. from Nainwa road CWR to Meera Gate and Ahinsha Circle to Meera Road) were not included in the proposed alignment of the water supply during the preliminary design phase. During the

laying of water supply pipeline in these market areas along the ROW of roads, there will be temporary disruptions to livelihood (loss of income), particularly affecting roadside movable vendors and hawkers. A socioeconomic survey of affected persons, namely the vendors and hawkers along both sides of water supply alignments, has been conducted to assess the impact on their livelihoods.

It has been confirmed by the DBO Contractor that master control center (MCC) and Consumer Relation Management Centre (CRMC) are not included within the scope of the contract agreement. This confirmation has been validated by both CSMC-01 and the Project Implementation Unit (PIU). Therefore, during the conversion of the Due Diligence Report (DDR) to the resettlement plan (RP) after the mobilization of the contractor, the construction of MCC and CRMC has been removed from the scope of the resettlement plan. For reference, a copy of the Bill of Quantities (BOQ) provided by the contractor (certified by both the contractor and the PIU) has been attached.

Scope of Land Acquisition and Resettlement: No involuntary acquisition of private land is anticipated for the proposed subproject components of water supply and waste water. Raw water pumping system will be installed in the existing intake at Kota barrage, which is under the possession of Water Resources Department (WRD). Clear water pumping system will be installed at Mangali headworks and Vikas Nagar headworks, which are under the possession of Public Health Engineering Department (PHED). Water treatment plant (WTP) is proposed at existing WTP campus at Jakhmund, which is under the possession of PHED. Clear water reservoir (CWR) of 1200 kilo liter (kL) will be constructed in Nainwa Road PHED campus and overhead service reservoir of 450 kilo liter (kL) will be constructed in the Vikasnagar PHED campus premises. Sewerage Treatment Plant (STP) of 6.5 MLD will be constructed in existing STP campus near Ramganj Balaji, which is under possession of Municipal Council, Bundi. The proposed land parcels required for water supply and sewerage components are currently under the possession of government departments, including the Public Health and Engineering Department (PHED), Water Resources Department (WRD), and Municipal Council, Bundi. All proposed works will be carried out on unused and vacant lands, which are free from any outstanding legal or legacy issues. Furthermore, the alignments of proposed water supply pipelines as well as those for transmission and distribution will be laid within the Right of Way (ROW) of roads, which are under the ownership of the Municipal Council, Bundi. During inventory of loss survey, it was confirmed that there will be no loss of structures, common property resources (CPRs), or any relocation impacts. As per transect walk and based on 100% survey along the water supply networks, it was assessed that execution of pipe laying work may cause temporary loss of livelihood/income due to access disruptions to 62 roadside mobile vendors including 8 female and 54 male vendors (294 family members consisting of 143 females and 151 males).

Based on data collected from the socio-economic survey, it is confirmed that out of the 62 vendors/hawkers surveyed, 23 vendors (approximately 37%) fall in the vulnerable category (including a total of 95 family members, comprising 46 females and 49 males). Out of 23 households, 9 (39%) belong to scheduled caste (SC) category comprising 43 family members (23 males and 20 females). Similarly, 8 vendors (35%) of the affected persons belong to female headed households (FHH) comprising 24 family members (11 males and 13 females); 5 vendors (22%) belong to Below Poverty Line (BPL) category comprising 25 family members (13 males and 12 females) and 1 remaining vendor (4%) belongs to Schedule Tribe (ST) category comprising 3 family members (2 males and 1 female).

Consultation and Disclosure: Consultations with nearby households, affected persons, residents and stakeholders (including government officials and ward councilors) have been conducted. A total of 120 community members, consisting of 97 males and 23 females, were consulted during the subproject implementation, including affected persons. Further consultations will be conducted and continued throughout the implementation process. Goals

and objectives of the project have been disclosed to stakeholders (including beneficiaries, affected persons, elected representatives and institutional stakeholders) through consultation meetings during preparation of preliminary project report, detailed project report and preparation of draft resettlement plan (RP). These included site-specific meetings with surrounding communities and affected persons, focus group discussions and a town-level multi-stakeholder meeting. Leaflet containing project scope, types of impacts and entitlement, grievance redress mechanism was circulated to stakeholders as well as potential affected persons. A summary of resettlement framework and resettlement plan in local language disclosed to representatives of all key stakeholders through a city level stakeholder and community awareness workshop/consultation. A hard copy of the summaries (both draft and the final) will be made available at government offices and complete approved document will be uploaded at project management unit (PMU) and ADB websites. A city level consultation (CLC) meeting was held on 20 October 2021 chaired by district collector at collectorate meeting hall, Bundi and a stakeholder consultation and community awareness meeting was held on 24 March 2023 at collectorate meeting hall in Bundi, chaired by Chairperson, Municipal Council, Bundi. Consultations with community members, local public, project beneficiaries and affected persons were carried out at different locations in the town.

Grievance Redress Mechanism: A project-specific, three-tier grievance redress mechanism (GRM) covers both environment and social issues. The GRM established under tranche 1 of RSTDSP was found to be effective and has been adopted for subprojects under Additional Financing. The GRM aims to provide a time-bound and transparent mechanism to voice and resolve social and environmental concerns linked to the project including issues of scheduled tribe community, if any. A dedicated toll-free number for this town has been availed for recording of grievances.

Policy Framework and Entitlements. The policy framework and entitlements for the program are based on the Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act (RFCTLARRA), 2013; ADB's Safeguard Policy Statement, 2009; and agreed resettlement framework.

Resettlement Budget and Financing Plan: The resettlement budget for Bundi water supply and sewerage subproject components include compensation against temporary loss of income, resettlement assistance, assistance to vulnerable households as outlined in the entitlement matrix and 20% contingency provision, in total amounting to **₹10,05,811 (₹1.005 million)**. The Superintending Engineer/ Executive Engineer of PIU will be issuing sanction order for compensation payment to affected persons which shall be released through electronic clearance service/National Electronic Fund Transfer (ECS/NEFT) transaction from bank, through concerned Treasury of the state administration. Community awareness and public participation consultants (CAPPC) will be involved in facilitating the disbursement process and opening bank accounts for the affected persons who do not have bank accounts.

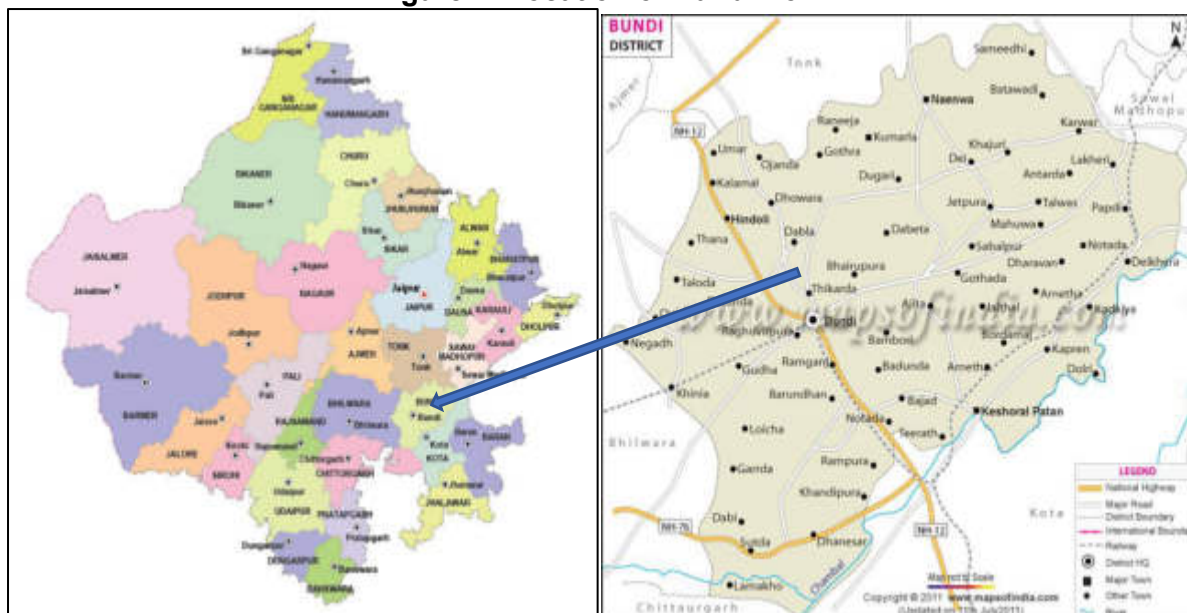
Institutional Setup: The Local Self Government Department (LSGD), Government of Rajasthan (GOR) will be the executing agency (EA) of the project and LSGD will be responsible for overall strategic approvals, guidance, and monitoring of the project. Rajasthan Urban Drinking Water Sewerage and Infrastructure Corporation Limited (RUDSICO) will be implementing Agency (IA) for the project. The Project Management Unit (PMU) is housed in the Externally Aided Projects division of RUDSICO (RUDSICO – EAP). Resettlement plan and Indigenous People Plan (if applicable) implementation are being closely monitored by PIU/PMU. Monitoring reports prepared by PIU are being compiled by PMU on a semi-annual basis for its due submission to ADB and will continue until project completion.

I. INTRODUCTION

A. Project Description

1. **Background:** Rajasthan Secondary Towns Development Sector Project (RSTDSP), is the fourth phase of investment projects financed by Asian Development Bank (ADB) and implemented by the Rajasthan Urban Drinking Water Sewerage and Infrastructure Corporation Limited-Externally Aided Projects (RUDSICO-EAP), previously known as Rajasthan Urban Infrastructure Development Project (RUIDP). RSTDSP seeks to improve water supply sewerage and other infrastructure services in secondary towns of Rajasthan with populations ranging from 20,000-110,000 through a sector loan modality. The project is aligned with the following impact(s): (i) access to potable, affordable, reliable, equitable, and environmentally sustainable drinking water supply in all urban areas of Rajasthan improved; and (ii) health status of urban population, especially the poor and under-privileged improved through improvements in sewerage systems of subproject towns (iii) improvements in other infrastructure services of some towns. Under RSTDSP (the ongoing project), contracts for 14 project towns were awarded and execution of works are in full swing. RSTDSP will support the ongoing efforts of the Government of Rajasthan (GoR) towards improving the sewerage conditions of 13 towns through undertaking Faecal Sludge and Septage Management (FSSM) works from the savings in project cost under the ongoing project. RSTDSP will further take up improvements in water supply, wastewater and other infrastructure services in about 23 towns under additional financing. The Government of Rajasthan has decided to take up implementation of Water Supply, Sewerage, Drainage, Faecal Sludge and Septage Management (FSSM) and other city improvement works in about 23 towns under additional financing of US \$200 million from ADB. The Department of Economic Affairs (DEA), Government of India has agreed for additional financing of these new projects. Bundi town water supply and sewerage subproject is one of the subprojects proposed under the investment component of RSTDSP – additional financing.

Figure 1: Location of Bundi Town



Source: District map (Government of Rajasthan portal)

2. Bundi town is located between 25.044° N latitude and 75.064° E longitude and is approximately 32 km. from Chambal River. The total area of Bundi town is 53.97 km² comprising 60 wards. Bundi is well connected with the important cities of Rajasthan through a network of roads. The town falls on National Highway (NH) -12 at a distance of 212 km. from Jaipur and 40 km. from Kota. The population of Bundi town has increased rapidly during the

past 50 years. The town had a population of 26,478 in the year 1961, while as per census 2011 the population was 103,286, displaying an average annual growth rate of 1.58%.

B. Existing Water Supply System in Bundi Town

3. The water supply of Bundi town was commissioned in the year 1954 with few open wells. Many tube wells and bore wells were installed in the city, subsequently. A few additional tube wells were installed at Mangli River. Originally, the scheme was planned to serve the town for thirty years. Under RUIDP Phase-II, a DPR was prepared for the whole town for projected population up to 2041. The water supply to Bundi town was from 20 numbers of tube wells located on the banks of Mangli River which is situated at a distance of 9 kms from the town. In the year 2007, anicut was constructed in the river to charge the existing tube wells and the yield from these tube wells was increased from 20,000 liters per hour to about 40,000 liters per hour. A project was designed and executed based on surface water source under Chambal-Bundi Water Supply Project (Transmission Part). The following works were executed under the above project (refer Table 1).

Table 1: Details of Chambal-Bundi Water Supply Project under RUIDP Phase-II

S. No.	Components	Details	Date of Commissioning	Remark
1	Intake	Suction of pumps, delivery, sluice valve, NRV and other MS fabricated specials for 3 VT pumps	13 Feb. 2016	O&M of all constructed infrastructure is being done by the executing agency and the same arrangement will continue for the proposed subproject components as well.
2	Pumping machinery at intake for 26 MLD	3 Nos. Pumps, 55 KW, 162 LPS, 30 m Head	13 Feb. 2016	
3	Raw water transfer main, 600 mm dia.	9900 m	13 Feb. 2016	
4	Water treatment plant (WTP) of 26 MLD capacity and 2 Nos. CWRs of capacity 1500 KL	All arrangements for operation	13 Feb. 2016	
5	Pumping machinery at WTP of 26 MLD capacity and electric substation of 630 KVA	156 LPS, 34 m Head, 75 KW	13 Feb. 2016	
6	Clear water pipeline WTP to Mangli Head Works of size 600 mm dia. DI and CWR of capacity 2000 KL at Mangli	20.05 Km	13 Feb. 2016	

Source: Detailed Project Report 2022

4. Additionally, the following components have been constructed under the AMRUT scheme to strengthen the existing water supply of Bundi town (refer Table 2).

Table 2: Details of Water Supply Project under AMRUT Scheme, Bundi

S. No.	Name of the Pump House	Detail		Nos.			Year of Installation	Remark
		Type	Head M	Discharge LPS	Nos .	OHSR/CWR /Rising main		
1	Kumbha Stadium	C/F P/set	50	43.61	1+1	Chatarpura OHSR with rising main	2020	O&M of all constructed infrastructure is being done by the executing agency and the same arrangement will continue for the proposed subproject components as well.
2						Chittor road OHSR with rising main	2020	
3						Nanak pura OHSR with rising main	2020	
4						Laxmi nagar OHSR with rising main	2020	
5	Bhata Vilas (AMRUT)	C/F P/set	65	52	1+1	Malipura GL (SR) Kagivara OHSR with rising main	2020	
6			35	7.15	1+1	Bangana OHSR with rising main	2020	
7			50	25.74	1+1	Malipura GL (SR) with rising main	2020	

Source: Detailed Project Report, 2022

5. Chambal river is the main source of water supply in Bundi town. The Irrigation Authorities of Kota Barrage have already provided a certificate confirming the allocation of drinking water for Bundi town. The intake for Chambal-Bundi Water Supply Project is located on the left bank of Chambal River, near Sakatpura village, approximately 160.0 m upstream of Kota barrage, adjacent to the Kota Intake. The intake (4.0 m x 15.0 m) is located inside the river with a truss bridge supported on pile foundation. Water treatment plant (WTP) of 26 MLD capacity is located in Jakhmund village at a distance of about 9.9 Km from the intake.

Figure 2: Water Source (Chambal River)

Source: Detailed Project Report 2022.

6. Bundi municipal area is divided into 23 water supply zones; this zoning was done under AMRUT Scheme in 2016-2018. The pipe network and consumer connections of 5 zones out of the total 23 zones were not replaced under the AMRUT scheme. Therefore, replacement of the existing distribution network and consumer connections along with installation of new consumer meters has been proposed in this subproject.

C. Existing Sanitation System in Bundi Town

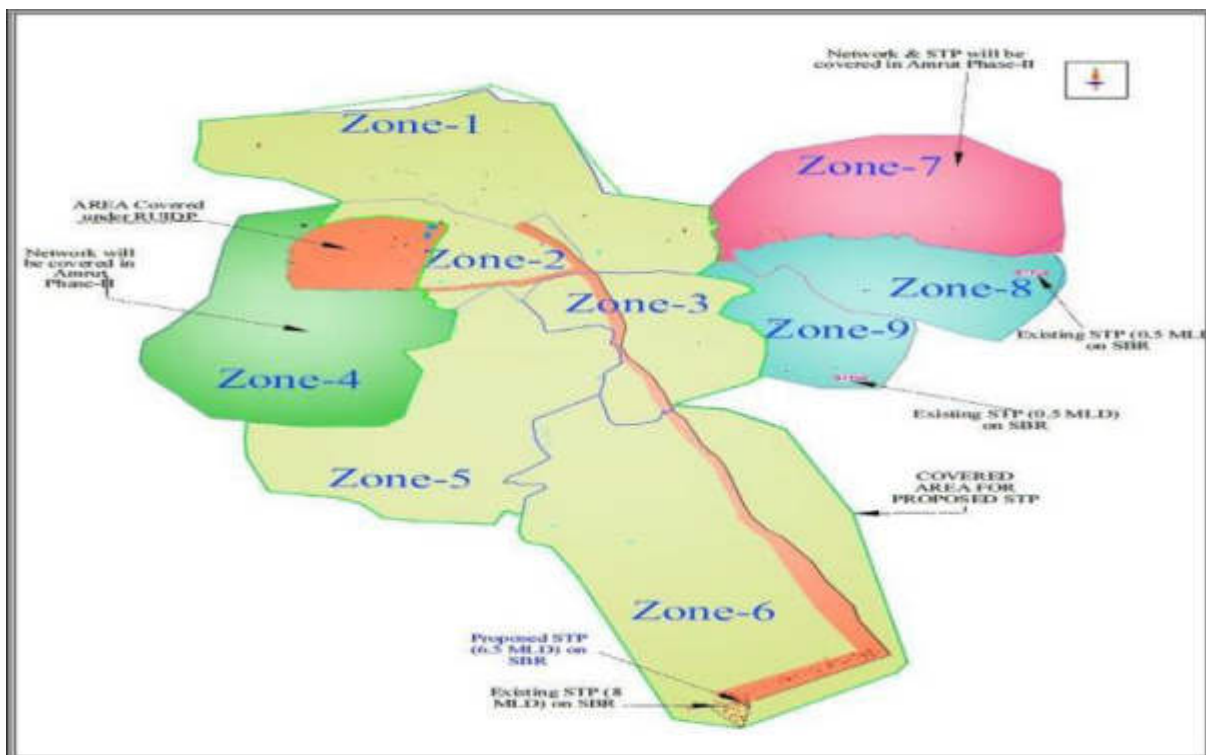
7. Bundi town has a sewerage system that was developed under RUIDP Phase-2 and Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation (AMRUT) scheme. Under RUIDP-Phase-2, 15 km. sewer line, 950 numbers of house sewer connections and STP of 8 MLD capacity was executed. Under AMRUT scheme, works of sewer network in Zones 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8 and 9 and two STPs of 0.5 MLD capacity each in zones 8 and 9 respectively are in progress. At present, approximately 120 km length of sewer line has been laid (out of total 135 km), and 6,534 households have taken house sewer connections (out of total 15,450 households). With the current house sewer connectivity, about 4.25 MLD sewage flow is being received at the existing STP of 8 MLD capacity near Ramganj Balaji. The house sewer connections are expected to increase soon after the balance sewer network of AMRUT scheme (approximately 15 Km.) is completed, and the work of house connection is taken up in full swing. Thus, as the sewer connections grow, the sewage flow at the 8 MLD existing STP will increase to its design capacity. Based on the detailed topographical survey conducted, a total length of 225 km of sewer network is required for Bundi town. Out of this, 15 km has been laid under RUIDP phase 2, and 135 km is being laid in AMRUT scheme, of which 119.627 km has already been laid. Therefore, a remaining balance of 77 km of sewerage network is yet to be laid, which will be undertaken by ULB under separate projects. Under RSTDSP, 6.5 MLD capacity STP is proposed in the same premises where 8 MLD capacity STP is currently operational. In addition, septage works will be taken up in Zone 8 and Zone 9. Details of the gap are presented below in **Table 3**, while the existing sewerage system is presented in **Figure 3**.

Table 3: Details of Existing Sewerage of Bundi Town

S. No.	Item	Total Requirement	Unit	Existing (Executed)	Existing (on-going)	Gap (Quantity)	Remarks
1.	STP	17.72	MLD	8	-	9.7 MLD	STP of capacity 6.5 MLD is proposed in this subproject. Covered zone -1,2,3, 4,5,6 and RUIDP ZONE sewage of 3.20 MLD generated by 28,136 population will be covered through FSSM.
2	STP	1.22	MLD	0.5	-	0.72 MLD	Septage is taken up for Zone- 8 (Remaining work of STP will be taken in AMRUT (phase-2nd)
3	STP	1.07	MLD	0.5	-	0.57 MLD	Septage is taken up for Zone-9 (Remaining work of STP will be taken in AMRUT (phase- 2nd)
4.	STP	1.75	MLD	-	-	1.75 MLD	in Zone-7, STP will be taken in AMRUT (phase-2nd)
5.	Network	225	km	119.627(AMRUT)+ 13(RUIDP/ TR-2)	15.516	77km	Gap in network coverage will be fulfilled by ULB separately in AMRUT (phase-2nd)
6.	House sewer connections	24,512	No.	7484	8916	8112	Gap will be fulfilled by ULB separately in AMRUT (phase 2nd)

Source: Detailed Project Report 2022.

Figure 3: Existing Sewerage System, Bundi



Source: Detailed Project Report 2022

D. Proposed Subproject Components

8. Water supply and sewerage components are proposed under this subproject. The key components proposed under **water supply** are: (i) installation of raw water pumps in the existing intake well (26 MLD) at Kota Barrage dam and installation of clear water pumping system in Mangali headwork's (HW) and Vikas Nagar headwork's (HW); (ii) construction of 8 MLD water treatment plant at existing WTP campus, Jakhmund; (iii) one clear water reservoirs (CWR) of 1200 kilo liter (KL) in Nainwa Road, PHED campus; (iv) construction of one overhead service reservoir of 450 kilo liter (KL) at Vikasnagar public health engineering department (PHED) campus; (v) transmission mains-1.194 Kms of dia ranging from 100 mm to 150 mm; (vi) 30.88 km of water distribution networks of dia ranging from 90 mm to 315 mm; (vii) refurbishment of existing pump houses, overhead service reservoirs and clear water reservoirs; (viii) house service connections- 7208 numbers. The key components proposed under **sewerage** are: (i) construction of STP of 6.5 MLD in existing STP campus near Ramganj Balaji along with treated effluent elevated reservoir (TEER), treated effluent storage reservoir (TESR) and effluent pumping station (EPS); (ii) 10 kms treated effluent line from STPs for reuse of dia 200 mm; (iii) procurement of two desludging equipment with 4000 and 1000 liters tank capacity for collection of faecal sludge and septage from ward 4, 5, 23, 24, 25, 27, 29, 42 and 53.

9. It has been confirmed by the DBO Contractor that master control center (MCC), and Consumer Relation Management Centre (CRMC) are not included within the scope of the contract agreement. This confirmation has been validated by both CSMC-01 and the Project Implementation Unit (PIU). Therefore, during the conversion of the Due Diligence Report (DDR) to the resettlement plan (RP) after the mobilization of the contractor, the construction of MCC and CRMC has been removed from the scope of the resettlement plan. For reference, a copy of the Bill of Quantities (BOQ) provided by the contractor (certified by both the

contractor and the PIU) has been attached (refer **Appendix 1**). For this subproject components, previously a due diligence report (DDR) was prepared. The DDR has been updated and improved into a resettlement plan (RP) During the confirmatory survey, it came to in knowledge that certain streets and roads along the market areas (namely Nainwa road i.e. from Nainwa road CWR to Meera Gate and Ahinsha Circle to Meera Road) were not included in the proposed alignment of the water supply during the preliminary design phase. As a result, during the laying of water supply pipeline in these market areas along the ROW of roads, there will be temporary disruptions to livelihood (loss of income), particularly affecting roadside movable vendors and hawkers.

Table 4: Proposed Subproject Components

S. No.	Component	Location and Ownership
Water Supply		
1	Installation of: a. Raw Water Pump (1 No.) and b. Clear Water Pump (2 Nos.)	Location of Raw water pumps: Raw water pumps will be installed at existing 26 MLD intake at Kota barrage Ownership – Water Resource Department (WRD) NOC – Under Process. Location of Clear Water Pumps: a. Clear Water Pumps at Mangali headworks (HW) and b. Clear Water Pumps at Vikas Nagar headworks (HW) Ownership: Public Health Engineering Department (PHED). NOC: NOC obtained.
2	Construction of 8 MLD Water Treatment Plant (WTP)	Location: At the existing WTP campus, Jakhmund. Ownership: Public Health Engineering Department (PHED). NOC: NOC obtained. Land Record: Attached.
3	One Clear Water Reservoirs- (CWR) – 1200 kL	Location: In Nainwa Road, PHED campus Ownership: Public Health Engineering Department (PHED). NOC: NOC obtained.
4	One Overhead Service Reservoir (OHSR) of 450 kL	Location: In Vikas Nagar Public Health Engineering Department (PHED) campus Ownership: Public Health Engineering Department (PHED). NOC: NOC obtained.
5	Transmission mains	Length- 1.194 km (Dia ranging from 100 mm to 150 mm)
6	Distribution Network	Length: 30.88 km (Dia ranging from 90 mm to 315 mm)
7	Refurbishment of Existing OHSRs, CWRs/ Pump houses	Existing PHED facilities
8	House Service Connections (HSC)	7208 (number) house service connections for water
Sewerage		
1	One Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) of 6.5 MLD with Treated Effluent Elevated Reservoir (TEER), Treated Effluent Storage Reservoir (TESR) and Effluent Pumping Station (EPS)	Location: within existing STP campus near Ramganj Balaji STP Campus, Bundi. Ownership: PHED and Nagar Parishad (Municipal Council), Bundi. NOC: NOC obtained. Land Record: Attached.
2	Faecal Sludge and Septage Management (FSSM) work.	Procurement of two desludging equipment with 4000 and 1000 liters tank capacity for collection of Faecal sludge and septage from municipal wards 4, 5, 23, 24, 25, 27, 29, 42 and 53.

S. No.	Component	Location and Ownership
3	Pipe network of treated effluent of 10 kms of dia 200 mm	Agricultural fields are identified in and around the STP area. During execution, the design build operate (DBO) Contractor will conduct the feasibility study of usage of treated effluent by farmers and other potential users and the alignment of treated effluent pipeline (10 km). ¹

Source: Detailed Project Report, 2022

Table 5: Details of existing pump houses (PHs) for Refurbishment

Number	Location	Size of PH (In m ²)
1	Mangli headwork's (HW)	4m x 5m
2	Nainwa Road	7m X 8m

Source: Detailed Project Report, 2022

Table 6: Existing Overhead Service Reservoirs (OHSRs) for Refurbishment

S. No.	Location	Capacity (kL)
1	KAGJIVADA GLSR (Zone 07)	450
2	MALIPARA GLSR (Zone 08)	450
3	BALCHAND PARA GLSR (Zone 09)	900
4	MODI PARA GLSR (Zone 10)	300

Source: Detailed Project Report, 2022

Table 7: Existing clear water reservoir (CWR) for Refurbishment

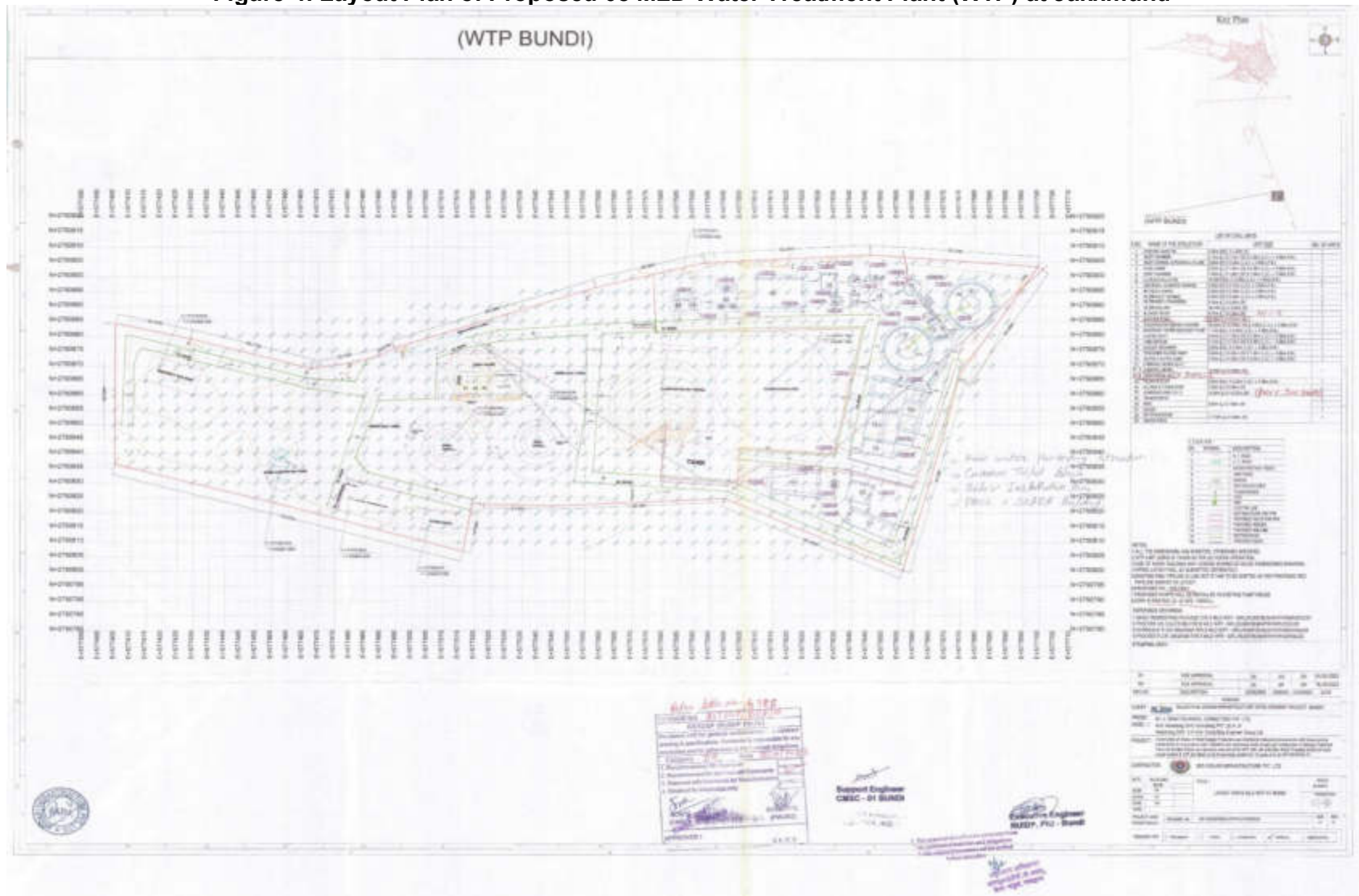
S. No	Location	Type of CWR	Capacity of CWR in Kiloliter (kL)
1	At Jakhmund	RCC CWR	3000
2	Mangli HW	RCC CWR	2800
3	Nainwa HW	RCC CWR	450
4	Vikas Nagar HW	RCC CWR	800

Source: Detailed Project Report, 2022

10. Layout plans of proposed subproject components are provided below.

¹ Detailed design for all subproject components except for the treated effluent discharge pipeline has been completed. The detailed design for the effluent discharge pipeline will be conducted at a later stage by the DBO contractor. Preferably the proposed alignment will be designed within the ROW of existing roads which are under the ownership of Nagar Parishad (Municipal Council), Bundi, however if preferred by the farmers the alignment may be designed through the agricultural fields for easy of local farming activity.

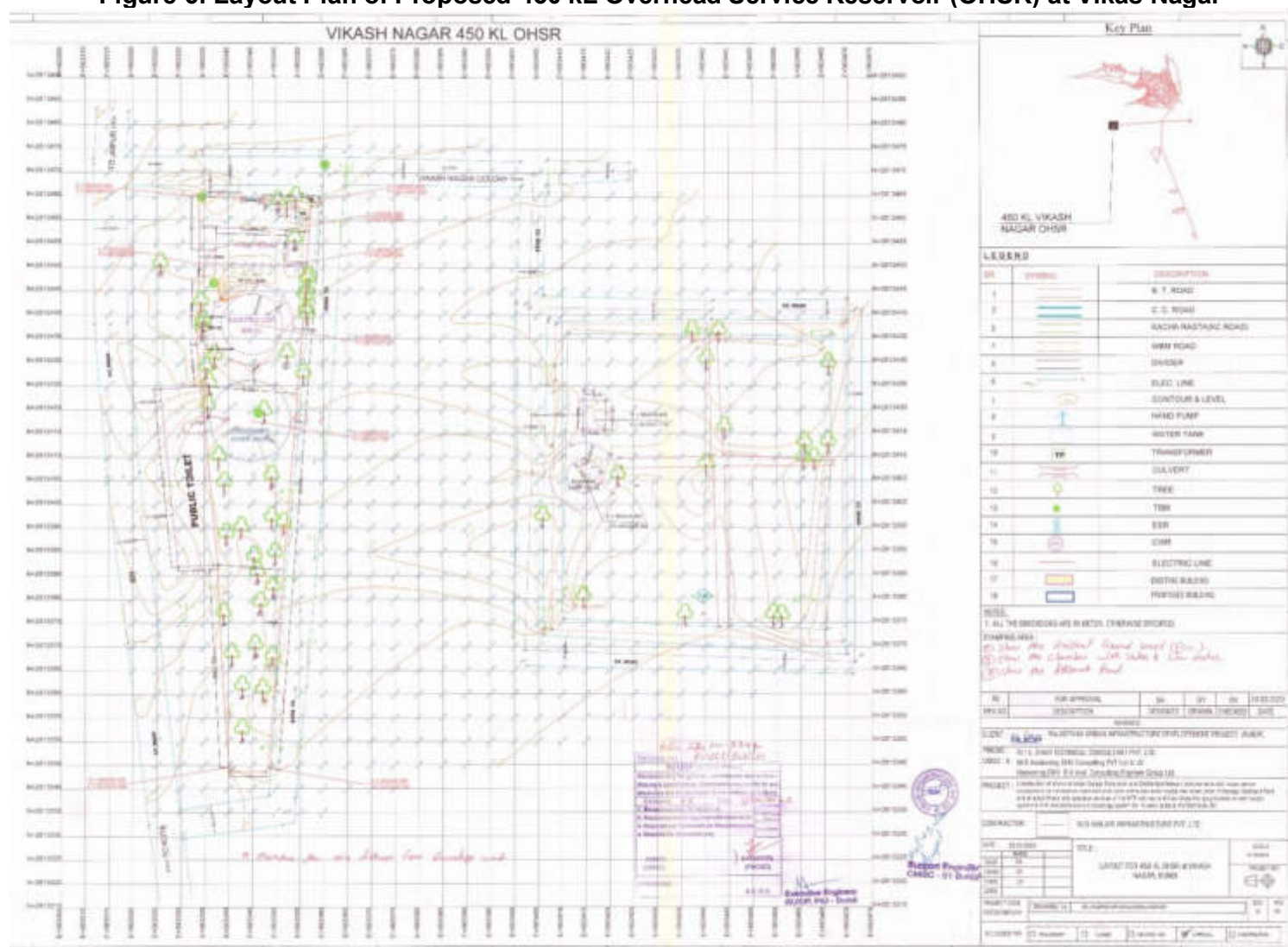
Figure 4: Layout Plan of Proposed 08 MLD Water Treatment Plant (WTP) at Jakhmund



Source: Drawing submitted by Contractor, Approved by PIU and PMCBC.

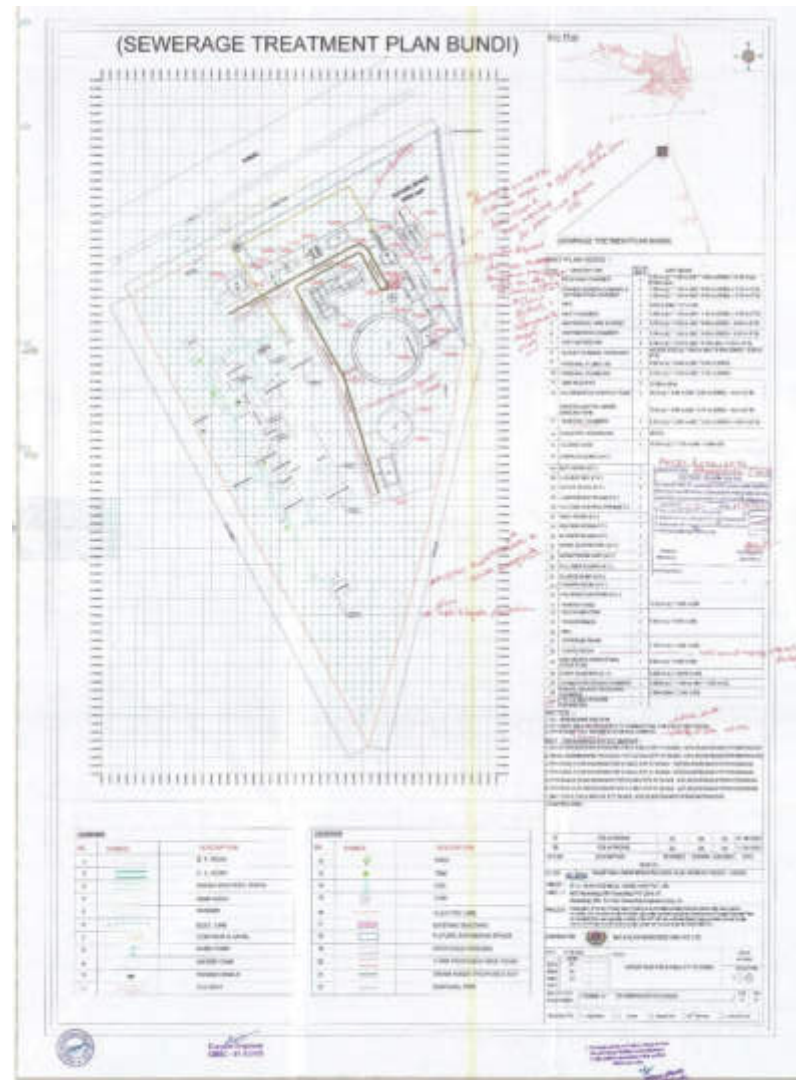
Source: Drawing submitted by Contractor, Approved by PIU and PMCBC.

Figure 6: Layout Plan of Proposed 450 kL Overhead Service Reservoir (OHSR) at Vikas Nagar



Source: Drawing submitted by Contractor, Approved by PIU and PMCBC.

Figure 7: Layout Plan of Proposed 6.5 MLD Sewerage Treatment Plan (STP) at Ramganj Balaji



Source: Drawing submitted by Contractor, Approved by PIU and PMCBC.

10. **Measures to Avoid and Minimize Involuntary Resettlement:** To avoid and minimize involuntary resettlement impacts, the subproject considered the use of government land and right-of-way of government roads for laying of all proposed pipelines under this package. Land acquisition is not envisaged for the proposed construction of Water Treatment Plant (WTP), Clear Water Reservoir (CWR), Overhead Service Reservoir (OHSR), Sewerage Treatment Plant (STP). All the proposed components are constructed within existing PHED and STP campuses. No objection has been obtained for the proposed components of WTP, CWR, OHSR, STP from PHED and STP respectively (Refer Appendix – 2, 3 and 4). The pipelines are proposed to be laid underground within the existing available road ROW. Diameters of pipelines to be laid are proposed in the range of 90 mm to 315 mm, depending on road widths that vary between 8 m to 10 m, with a view to minimize economic and traffic impact to the extent possible.

11. Temporary impact on permanent shops will be avoided by executing work during night hours and with proper safety measures. Laying of pipelines in narrow roads and commercial areas will be carried out in a phased manner, upon due consultation with shop owners. Works in such areas will be executed in small stretches, section by section. Civil works will be completed in one section before commencing work on the next section. The contractor will ensure that noise levels are within limits and do not exceed 55 dB (A) as per Noise Pollution (Regulation and Control) Rules 2000 (Refer to the detailed plan given in environment management plan for this subproject).

12. Pipe laying with the use of trenchless technology is the preferred approach for roads with narrow width and dense traffic. The trenchless technology has also been proposed at important circles in the town where traffic density is more, in the streets where traffic diversion is not feasible, highway crossing, railway crossing etc. In general, trenchless pipe laying technology will be adopted in sections that are characterized by inadequate ROW, alignment passing at a depth of 3.5 m or more and site conditions favoring use of the technology in that section. After detailed measurement survey, contractor will finalize the location/areas, where pipes will be laid through trenchless technology and the same will be reported in the updated resettlement plan.

13. To further minimize construction impacts, works will be executed during the early hours of the day in order to avoid inconveniences to the public as well as vendors//kiosks wherever there is restricted ROW. All safety norms would strictly be adhered to depending on the magnitude of work and the sensitivity of the location. The project implementation unit (PIU) will also ensure that all the necessary rules related to safety and security of the public and residents are followed by the contractor. The actual dates of construction schedule with respect to rush hour, festival time, and special business days will be discussed with roadside business entities (mobile carts and kiosks), squatters, market committee members, and residents, and accordingly, construction activities will be planned. After laying pipes the lane/road will be restored to its original condition (including bitumen, and cement concrete interlocking tiles as applicable).

14. The subproject will adopt measures that include traffic management during pipe laying work, advance notice/information to residents and businesses prior to start of work. Where excavation close to residences or commercial properties cannot be avoided, simple mitigation measures such as provision of planks will be implemented as per available guidelines in the environmental management plan and best practice. Timely information will be provided to the public about potential negative impacts and mitigation measures, including grievance redress procedures and time taken for the same, prior to start of project implementation. Specific provisions related to impact avoidance will be undertaken for pipe laying activities including construction work near schools, health centres, *anganwadi* centres (ICDS), etc.

15. Measures to be taken up by contractor to avoid/mitigate economic impacts include: (a) announcement of proposed civil works in advance (to enable shop owners to stock up and remain unaffected if goods vehicles are unable to reach them during construction), (b) provision of planks to ensure pedestrian access, with handrails where excavations are equal to or more than 1m wide or deep; (c) careful timing of implementation to avoid peak sale hours/days or school timings; (d) use of trenchless pipe laying technology, major civil work during night hours, maximum use of precast materials particularly for manhole will be used in commercial areas and narrow roads, where possible; (e) minimizing construction period to the extent possible; (f) assistance to mobile vendors operating through carts and kiosk if any present during construction, to shift nearby; (g) signage with project details and contact details for grievance redress; and (h) proper traffic management. These measures will be part of the contract and will be implemented with careful monitoring by the concerned PIU.

16. During house service connection, if any minor structures inside private property premises will be disturbed or dismantled, the contractor will be required to reconstruct the same structures,² such as ramps, steps, during excavation of trenches, laying, jointing of 110 mm dia polyvinyl chloride un-plasticized (PVC-U) pipe, construction of intermediate house chambers (within the premises) for connecting existing sewage / sullage pipe line up to property chamber for joining of existing pipes coming from WC's, toilets, bathrooms, kitchen, wash basins etc. The contractor will also be responsible for refilling of trenches and repairing of floor with cement concrete base 1:2:4 and floor finishing with *Kota* stone slab flooring over 20 mm (average) thick cement mortar - (1:4) / 40 mm thick marble chip flooring with granite finish (shade matching with existing) / other tiles matching to existing floor and repair of any wall punctured for making hole as good as existing with 12 mm thick cement plastering in cement mortar (1:4 ratio). It also includes provision of gully trap arrangement, PVC-U pipes (SN8) as per IS 15328 standards (amended up to date) and as per specifications on jointing with rubber ring (EDMO/SBR) with socket and spigot joint for all depths including specials, fittings / accessories of class III (6 kg/scum) PVC-U as per IS 4985 with sealed joints in uPVC pipeline at all levels as per requirement etc. complete as per direction of engineer in charge.

E. Objectives of Resettlement Plan

17. For this subproject a due diligence report (DDR) was prepared previously. The DDR has been updated and improved into a resettlement plan (RP). The decision was prompted by observations made during the confirmatory survey and detailed design process. During the confirmatory survey, it came to in the project team's knowledge that certain streets and roads along the market areas (namely Nainwa road i.e. from Nainwa road CWR to Meera Gate and Ahinsha Circle to Meera Road) which were not included in the proposed alignment of the water supply during the preliminary design phase, are now within the project scope. During the laying of water supply pipeline in these market areas along the ROW of roads, there will be temporary disruptions to livelihood (loss of income), particularly affecting roadside movable vendors and hawkers is now assessed. A socioeconomic survey of affected persons, namely the vendors and hawkers along both sides of water supply alignments, has been conducted to assess the impact on their livelihoods.

18. This draft resettlement plan (RP) prepared for the Bundi water supply and wastewater subproject under RSTDSP- additional financing is based on detailed project report and 100% socio economic survey of potentially affected persons. This subproject is based on design-build-operate (DBO) modality. The final design will be carried out by the bidder based on the feasibility/detailed project report prepared prior to bidding. It addresses the potential involuntary resettlement impacts of the proposed subproject components based on detailed

²As per contract

project report and is consistent with the agreed resettlement framework for RSTDSP,³ prepared in accordance with national laws and as per ADB SPS (2009)³.

19. This draft resettlement plan is prepared in accordance with ADB SPS, 2009 requirements for involuntary resettlement category B projects and to meet the following objectives:

- (i) to describe the identified scope and extent of land acquisition and involuntary resettlement impacts because of identified project components, and address them through appropriate recommendations and mitigation measures in the resettlement plan;
- (ii) to present the socio-economic profile of the population in the project area, identify social impacts, including impacts on the poor and vulnerable, and the needs and priorities of different sections of the population, including women, poor and vulnerable;
- (iii) to describe the likely economic impacts and identified livelihood risks of the proposed project components;
- (iv) to describe the process undertaken during project design to engage stakeholders and the planned information disclosure measures and the process for carrying out consultation with affected people and facilitating their participation during project implementation;
- (v) to establish a framework for grievance redressal for affected persons that is appropriate to the local context, in consultation with stakeholders;
- (vi) to describe the applicable national and local legal framework for the project, and define the involuntary resettlement policy principles applicable to the project;
- (vii) to define entitlements of affected persons, and assistance and benefits available under the project;
- (viii) to present a budget for resettlement and define institutional arrangements, implementation responsibilities and implementation schedule for resettlement implementation; and
- (ix) to describe the monitoring mechanism that will be used to monitor resettlement plan implementation.

II. SCOPE OF LAND ACQUISITION AND INVOLUNTARY RESETTLEMENT

A. Land Acquisition and Involuntary Resettlement

20. The scope of land acquisition and involuntary resettlement impacts of the proposed components including existing facilities proposed to be refurbished has been identified based on the field visits and transect walks. No impacts on private land, structures and common property resources (CPRs) are anticipated as work is proposed on available vacant government lands. Due diligence/ field visits were conducted by a team including detailed project report (DPR) consultants, safeguard consultant, and officials from Nagar Parishad and PHED for assessment and feasibility of proposed works. Field visits, transect walks and consultations were also conducted by the safeguards team of ADB's fact-finding mission. During the site visits and ground verification conducted, it was confirmed that the construction of water treatment plant (WTP), clear water reservoir (CWR), overhead service reservoir (OHSR) and sewerage treatment plant (STP) will not involve any land acquisition and resettlement impact, including livelihood impacts of titled and non-titled households. Result of the screening and assessment is provided below:

1. Water supply

³ The resettlement framework and indigenous peoples planning framework (IPPF) are accessible from the list of linked documents in Appendix 2 of the report and recommendation of the President.

21. **Installation of Raw Water Pumpsin the existing Intake Well (26 MLD) at Kota barrage Dam, Installation of Clear Water Pumping System in Mangali head works and Vikas Nagar head works, Construction of Water Treatment Plant, One Clear Water Reservoir, one overhead service reservoir:** Land acquisition is not envisaged for the proposed subproject components. Raw water pumping system will be installed in the existing intake at Kota barrage, which is under the possession of Water Resources Department (WRD). Process to obtaining no objection from WRD has been initiated and once NOC will be obtained and same will be appended in updated resettlement plan (RP)/semi-annual social safeguards monitoring report/s before start of civil work. Clear water pumping system will be installed at Mangali head works and Vikas Nagar head works, and both locations are under the possession of Public Health Engineering Department (PHED). Water treatment plant is proposed at existing WTP campus at Jakhmund, which is under the possession of PHED. Clear water reservoir (CWR) of 1200 Kiloliter (kL) will be constructed at Nainwa Road in PHED campus and overhead service reservoir (OHSR) of 450 kiloliter is being constructed at Vikas Nagar in PHED campus premises. The proposed land parcels required for WTP, CWR and OHSR components are under the possession of Public Health and Engineering Department's (PHED). Summary of the land availability, ownership, dimensions and photographs etc. is attached in **Appendix 1A**. No objection certificates (NOCs) of PHED are attached in **Appendix 2 and 3**.

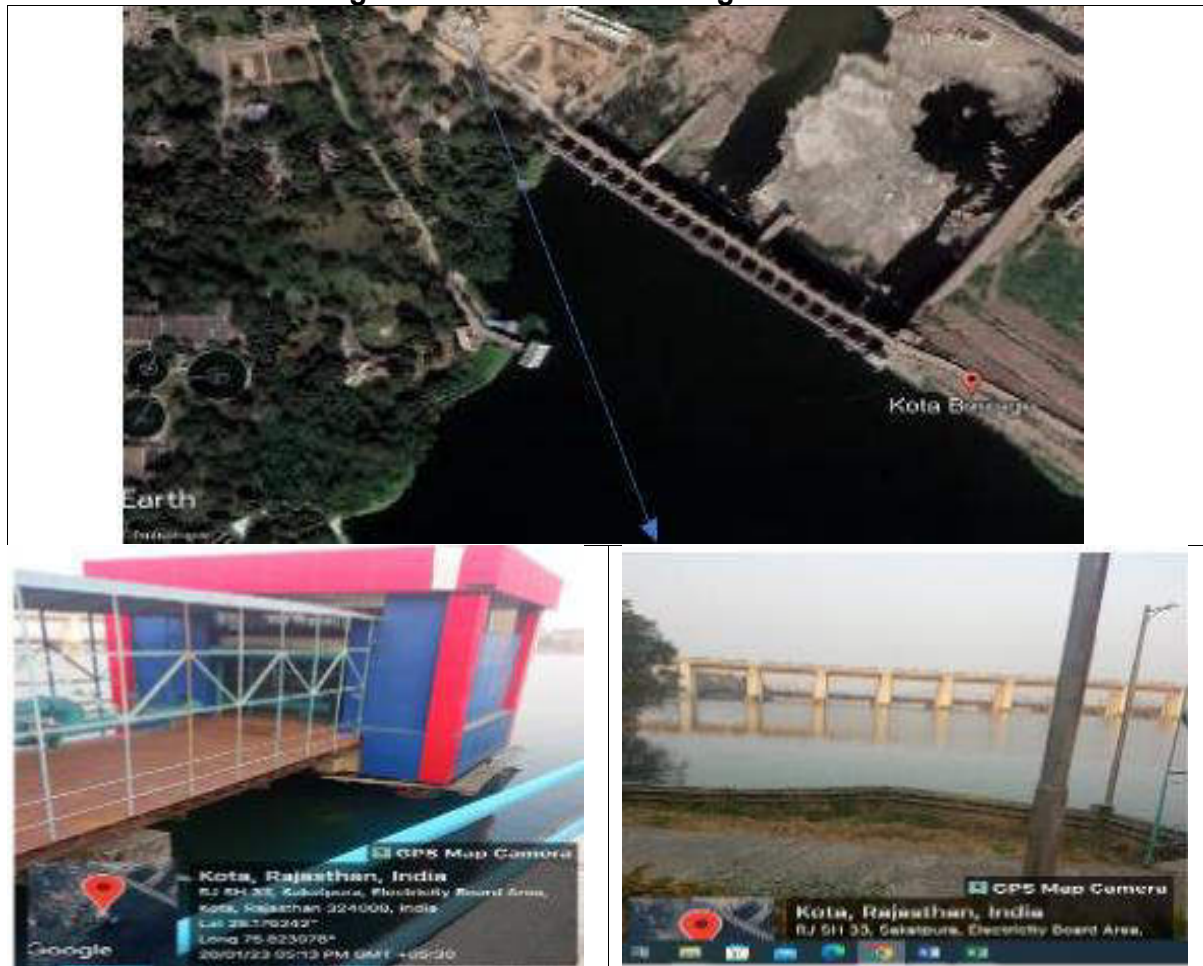
Table 8: Details of the proposed Raw Water Reservoirs and Clear Water Reservoir

S. No		Location	Required Area in m ²	Total Land Area Available (in m ²)	Ownership/ Possession
Water Supply					
1	Water Treatment Plant- 8 MLD	Existing WTP campus at Jakhmund	4000	10000	PHED
2	Proposed Clear Water Reservoirs (CWRs) -1200 kL	Existing PHED Campus Nainwa Road	900	1500	PHED
3	Proposed Overhead Service Reservoirs (OHSR) -450 kL	Existing PHED Campus Vikas Nagar	400	3000	PHED

Source: Preliminary Project Report, Bundi, February 2022 and site visit and transect walk on the said locations

22. **Installation of Pump at existing Intake Well at Kota Barrage.** Since the barrage (reservoir) is very deep and always remains full, construction of conventional Wet Well Intake is difficult. An Intake of 26 MLD for Bundi Water Supply Project is located on the left bank of Chambal River, near Sakatpura village, approximately 160.0 m upstream of Kota Barrage, adjacent to Kota Intake. The intake (4 m x 15 m) is located inside the river with truss bridge supported on pile foundation. Additional pumping machinery is proposed at the existing intake well for extended 8 MLD water demand.

Figure 8: Location of Existing Intake Well



Source: Site visits by PMU and design consultants, January 2023

23. **Water Treatment Plant.** Water treatment plant (WTP) with capacity of 8 MLD is proposed at Jakhmund Head Works, Bundi. The capacity of filter plant has been designed as per availability of raw water from Kota Barrage. The raw water will be treated in 8 MLD filter plant to be constructed for this project at existing 26 MLD WTP at Jakhmund Head Works. NOC from PHED is presented in **Appendix 2 and 3**.

Figure 9: Site Photographs-Proposed WTP





Source: Site visits by design consultants, April 2022

24. **Clear Water Reservoir (CWR).** According to demand analysis, an existing CWR of 625 kiloliters is located at Nainwa Road Pumping Station campus, and there is a deficit of 1199 kiloliters (kl) in Clear Water Reservoir (CWR) capacity for the year 2055. As a result, a new CWR with a capacity of 1200 kiloliters is proposed to address this shortfall.

Figure 10: Proposed Location of CWR-Nainwa Road



Source: Site visits by design consultants, February-April 2022

25. In the existing clear water reservoir (CWR) premises at Nainwa road, vacant and unused land, under the ownership of public health engineering department (PHED), is available for the construction of proposed clear water reservoir of 1200 kiloliter (kl) capacity. If required, adjacent vacant and unused land of PHED staff quarters will also be available for the proposed CWR. In the adjacent land, there are existing staff quarters of PHED around the proposed site, where four staff of PHED reside with their respective families. As per the layout plan in the preliminary detailed project report (DPR), no impacts (including access disruptions) are anticipated to the residents of staff quarters. Consultation with PHED staff living in quarters was held and they have no-objection to the proposed work. During implementation, hard barricading will be installed around the site and proper access to the staff quarters will be ensured for the staff and their family members. Measures to control dust and noise pollution will be taken care by contractor as per the environmental management plan (EMP).

26. **Overhead service reservoir.** There is an existing clear water reservoir (CWR) of 800 kiloliter (kl) capacity at PHED campus, Vikas Nagar, Bundi. Within this premises, one overhead service reservoir (OHSR) with capacity of 450 kiloliter (kl) is proposed. Currently, the proposed land is vacant and unused.

Figure 11: Photographs of Proposed OHSR

Source: Site visits by design consultants, February-April 2022

2. Waste water

27. **Construction of Sewage Treatment Plant (STP), Treated Effluent Elevated Reservoir (TEER), Treated Effluent Storage Reservoir (TESR) and Effluent Pumping Station (EPS):** Land acquisition and involuntary resettlement impacts are not envisaged for the construction of proposed Sewerage Treatment Plan (STP) with capacity of 6.5 MLD along with Treated Effluent Elevated Reservoir (TEER) and Treated Effluent Storage Reservoir (TESR) are proposed within the existing STP campus near Ramganj Balaji, Bundi. The land belongs to Public Health Engineering Department (PHED) and Nagar Parishad (Municipal Council) and the same land has also been allotted on 26 June 2008 (During execution of RUIDP Phase-II) to PHED and Nagar Parishad (Municipal Council) through office order of District Collector, Bundi. Total land required for the proposed STP of 6.5 MLD capacity is 6000 m² and available land is 15,000 m². Summary of land availability, ownership status, dimensions and photographs is provided in **Appendix 1A**. A no objection certificate (NOC) from Nagar Parishad (Municipal Council), Bundi and PHED, land ownership documents {**Appendix 5 (a) and 5(b)**}, letter for transfer of land (District Collector's order) for construction of STP are attached thru **Appendix 4 to 7**. Location of proposed WTP, CWR, OHSR and STP marked on Google maps are presented in **Appendix 8 to 12**.

Figure 12: Photographs of Proposed STP

Source: Site visits by design consultants, January 2023

28. **Pipe network of treated effluent of 10 km:** Agricultural fields are identified in and around the STP area. During execution, DBO Contractor will conduct the feasibility of usage of treated effluent by farmers or other potential users and alignment of treated effluent pipeline (200 mm diameter for 10 km). The proposed alignment of treated effluent pipeline will be designed within the right of way of existing roads which are under the ownership of Nagar Parishad (Municipal Council), Bundi. Impact assessment will be undertaken during the design phase/finalization of alignment of treated effluent pipeline will be recorded in the updated

social safeguards document for the package and submitted to ADB for review and clearance prior to start of civil work on the alignment.⁴

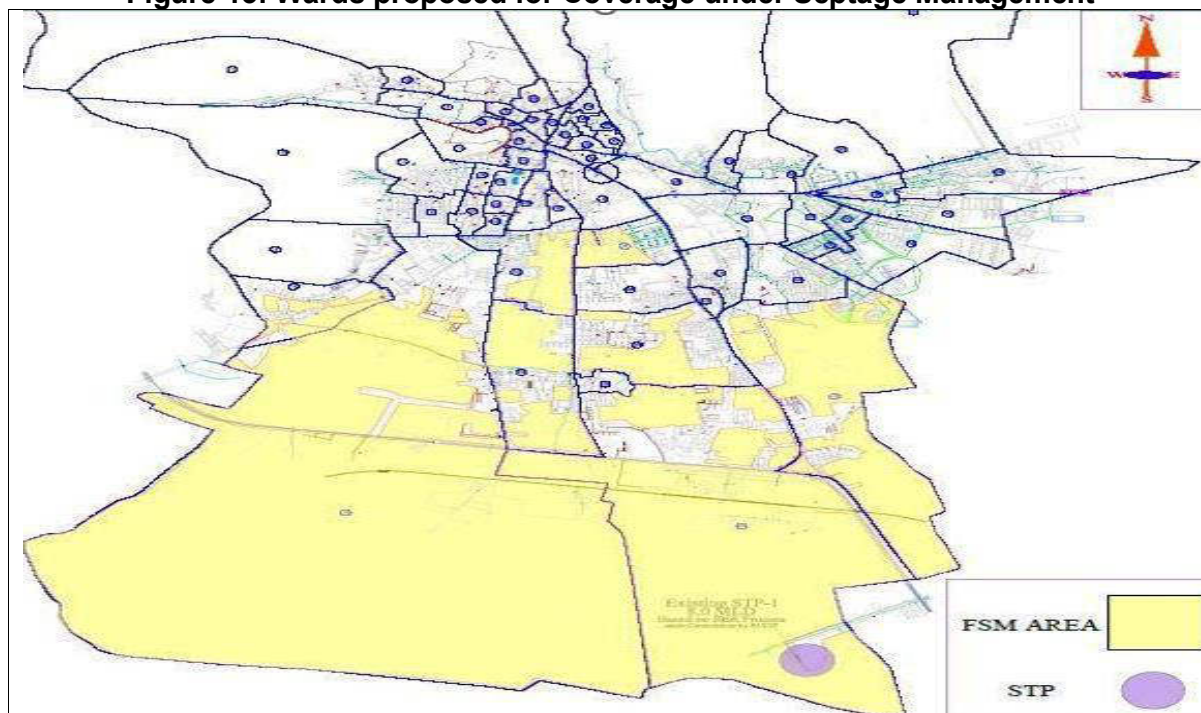
29. Under FSSM, desludging of septage from household pits/ septic tanks will be undertaken and septage will be disposed in a designated unit in the sewage treatment plant. Prior notice will be given to the household on the date and time of desludging. The desludging machine will be kept at a suitable place which would not hamper or impact normal activity of the community members or pedestrians. The truck will be kept in the proposed STP campus for which land has already been allotted. Ward numbers considered for faecal sludge and septage management (FSSM) are presented in the **Table 9** below. The drawing of proposed coverage areas is shown in **Figure 13**.

**Table 9: Details of Wards Proposed under Septage Management Component
(10 Year O&M)**

Ward No.	Total Area	Inhabited Area	WARD %	Census Population	Total Projected Population			FSM COVERED POPULATION		
	Ha.			2011	2025	2040	2055	2025	2040	2055
WAR D-4	42.95	38.23	100.00	1275	2417	4071	6355	0	1654	3938
WAR D-5	1104.02	504.02	100.00	3910	8621	15444	24866	0	6823	16245
WAR D-23	47.60	47.60	100.00	1050	2763	5244	8670	0	2481	5907
WAR D-24	85.09	60.09	100.00	1789	3045	4865	7377	0	1820	4332
WAR D-25	497.33	247.33	100.00	1762	7145	14944	25711	0	7799	18566
WAR D-27	78.27	43.27	100.00	1300	2556	4376	6888	0	1820	4332
WAR D-29	28.17	28.17	100.00	1276	2113	3327	5001	0	1214	2888
WAR D-42	204.03	134.03	88.00	1676	4026	7721	12823	0	3695	8797
WAR D-53	24.94	21.86	70.00	995	1270	2099	3247	0	830	1978
Total:	587.95	178.66	409.29	5827	9558	12652	14813	0	28136	66983

Source: Detailed Project Report 2022

⁴ Detailed design for all subproject components except for the treated effluent discharge pipeline has been completed. The detailed design for the effluent discharge pipeline will be conducted at a later stage by the DBO contractor. Preferably the proposed alignment will be designed within the ROW of existing roads which are under the ownership of Nagar Parishad (Municipal Council), Bundi, however if preferred by the farmers the alignment may be designed through the agricultural fields for easy of local farming activity.

Figure 13: Wards proposed for Coverage under Septage Management

Note: The yellow colored hatching depicts the wards proposed for coverage under the septage management component.

Source: Detailed Project Report, 2022

3. Pipeline works- Water Supply

30. A transmission main (1.194 Kms) of diameter 100 mm to 150 mm and distribution network (30.88 km) of diameter 90 mm to 315 mm are proposed under the water supply scheme.

31. **Transmission main pipeline.** Transmission main of diameter 100 mm to 150 mm will be laid within the boundaries of right of way (ROW) of government roads under the ownership of Nagar Parishad (Municipal Council), Bundi. No commercial establishments are identified in the stretches where transmission main is proposed. The details of the roads proposed for laying the transmission main/pumping main are provided in **Table 10**.

Table 10: Details of Proposed Transmission Main

S. No.	Size of Pipeline	Length of Pipeline (m)	Road width (in m)	Trench width (in m)	Photographs
1	150 mm DI K-9	1194.00	8-10	0.45	
TOTAL		1194.00			

Source: Project Management Unit (PMU) and Design Consultants, transect walk and field visits 2023

32. Water supply pipelines were laid in Bundi town under RUIDP-Phase-II and AMRUT scheme. Out of total 23 zones, distribution pipelines have been successfully installed in 18 zones and 5 zones remain to be covered, which are considered under RSTDSP- additional financing. Each of the 5 remaining zones, namely zones 5B, 7, 8, 9 and 10 have been divided into two numbers of DMAs. The DMAs will comprise a DMA flow meter, valve and actuator, step valves, circulatory valves, two numbers of scour valves, two numbers of Critical Pressure Monitoring Points (CMPs), and pressure reducing valves, where required. Details of the DMAs and Zones are presented in **Table 11** and **Table 12**.

Table 11: Population Details Zone Wise

S. NO.	ZONE	DMA	POPULATION		
			2025	2040	2055
1	ZONE-5B	DMA-5B1	5211	5787	6591
2		DMA-5B2	1916	2274	2768
3	ZONE-7	DMA-7A	2069	2356	2746
4		DMA-7B	3596	4385	5471
5	ZONE-8	DMA-8A	2087	2382	2788
6		DMA-8B	3919	4251	4709
7	ZONE-9	DMA-9A	4288	4790	5484
8		DMA-9B	6848	7284	7872
9	ZONE-10	DMA-10A	2098	2456	2947
10		DMA-10B	1886	2134	2473
TOTAL			33918	38099	43849

Source: Detailed Project Report 2022

Table 12: Zone-wise Pipeline Diameter Details

DIA	ID	ZONE-5B	ZONE-7	ZONE-8	ZONE-9	ZONE-10	TOTAL
90 MM	81.1	5352.7	5147.5	2630.1	2849.9	4729.4	20709.6
110 MM	99.3	643.3	669.0	480.7	999.3	219.3	3011.6
125 MM	112.8	419.8	513.4	417.0	268.8	783.2	2402.2
140 MM	126.3	0.0	68.6	336.2	535.7	70.3	1010.8
160 MM	144.4	602.4	111.5	155.6	68.7	834.8	1773.0
180 MM	162.5	32.9	319.1	373.4	418.8	0.0	1144.2
200 MM	180.6	60.2	21.1	86.8	26.9	20.0	215.0
225 MM	203.1	86.2	68.6	61.6	20.2	0.0	236.6
250 MM	225.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	274.5	0.0	274.5
280 MM	252.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	107.4	0.0	107.4
TOTAL		7197.5	6918.8	4541.4	5570.2	6656.906	30884.81

Source: Detailed Project Report 2022

33. **Distribution network.** Water supply pipelines will be laid in the vacant right of way (RoW) of roads for photographs of sample roads (**refer Appendix 13**) where pipes of main diameters will be laid which belong to Municipal Council, Bunid. No involuntary resettlement impacts including impacts on structures and livelihoods of the people are anticipated in most of the road sections. However, during confirmatory survey and transect walk along the proposed alignment (that was left out earlier during preliminary design) impacts on road side mobile/ ambulatory vendors/hawkers were identified near (i) Bahadur Singh Circle (from Nainwa road CWR to Meera Gate), (ii) Ahinsha circle to Meera Road and (iii) Police Chowki to Meera Gate.

34. Based on transect walks along the alignment it is confirmed that there will be no loss of structure, common property resources (CPRs)⁵ or other relocation impacts during laying of pipelines. Transect walks confirm that the impacts of the proposed subproject are temporary in nature. The affected persons comprise movable /transitory structures (push carts etc.) within RoW, who face temporary economic impacts during construction due to access disruption. The subproject is expected to cause temporary loss of access/disruption to livelihood during civil works to 62 movable /transitory structure (pushcarts etc.)⁶ vendors/hawkers located at both sides of the road. As per the census and socio-economic survey data, out of the 62 vendors, 8 are females and 54 males including (294 family members consisting of 143 females and 151 males).

35. After the finalization of exact alignment (the exact road side for laying of pipelines is yet to be finalized),⁷ the joint re-confirmatory survey will be conducted by the PIU, CMSC and contractor officials to finalize the list of affected persons (APs) likely to be impacted due to civil works. While finalizing the alignment, efforts will be made to avoid the impacts, and accordingly, the vendors present in that particular section will not be eligible for compensation. Those impacted will be paid assistance as per agreed entitlement matrix. All the progress will be shared to ADB through a semi-annual social monitoring report. Based on data from the socio-economic survey for vulnerable category,⁸ out of 62 vendors/hawkers, 23 (37%- 95 family members consisting of 46 females and 49 males) of the affected vendors/hawkers belong to vulnerable category. Out of 23 households, 9 (39%) belong to scheduled caste (SC) category comprising 43 family members (23 males and 20 females). Similarly, 8 vendors (35%) of the affected persons belong to Female Headed Household (FHH) comprising 24 family members (11 males and 13 females); 5 vendors (22%) belong to Below Poverty Line (BPL) category comprising 25 family members (13 males and 12 females) and remaining 1 vendor (8%) belongs to Schedule Tribe (ST) category comprising 3 family members (2 males and 1 female).

36. As per survey, out of 62 potential affected persons (APs), only 1 affected person falls under scheduled tribe category, who will be impacted temporarily (income loss), additional assistance will be paid to the affected scheduled tribe household (as per entitlement matrix) by the project. The impact identified area- wise is presented in **Table 13**. The socio-economic profile of temporarily affected persons and photographs taken during the survey are attached in **Appendix 14**.

Table 13: Area-Wise Details of Affected Persons with Vulnerability Classification

Sr. No.	Area of Impact Alignment Name	Area Wise Total Number of APs	Classification of Vulnerable				Total Numbers of Vulnerable
			SC	ST	BPL	WHH	
1	Ahinsha Circle	28	7	0	0	2	9
2	Bahadur Singh Circle	27	2	1	5	6	14
3	Police Choki to Meera Gate	7	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	62	9	1	5	8	23

Confirmatory survey, transect walk, and census and socio-economic survey data 2023.

⁵ Common property resources include public resources, community-owned facilities or cultural property such as temples, shrines, public utility posts, etc., that the landless poor and vulnerable depend on for survival.

⁶ Resettlement impacts based on the detailed measurement survey.

⁷ During finalization of service improvement plan (SIP) by the design built operate (DBO) contractor, exact alignment (with exact roadside) will be known.

⁸ Vulnerable households comprise below poverty line households, female-headed households, households with out of school/working children, disabled person-headed household, elderly headed household, landless household, household with no legal title/tenure security, and schedule castes and scheduled tribe households.

37. Impact on traffic is anticipated to be minimal as pipe laying is proposed in settlements with low traffic load. The pipe laying and alternate traffic routing will be assessed in advance and the contractor will provide signage as per site-specific requirement. The contractor will also ensure access to residences, particularly those in the narrow streets using walkways (with handrails, or as identified in the EMP requirements) where required and limit open excavation beyond to a road length of 500 m at a time. Excavated roads will be filled back within the stipulated timeline. Construction contracts will include the above provisions.

38. To further minimize construction impacts, work will be executed during the early morning in order to avoid inconveniences to public and business activities. All safety norms will be strictly followed, and the Project Implementation Unit (PIU) will also ensure that required compliances are observed by the contractor. Construction schedule will consider business hours, festival time, and special business days, based on discussion with market committee members and local residents. After completion of pipe laying, the lane/road will be restored to its original condition (including bitumen, cement concrete (CC) and CC interlocking tiles as applicable). Sample photographs of roads where main pipes are proposed is presented in **Appendix 13**. The proposed subproject components and the involuntary resettlement impacts are presented below.

Table 14: Subproject Components and their Land Acquisition and Involuntary Resettlement Impacts

S. No.	Component	Permanent Impact	Temporary Impact	Remarks
A. Water Supply				
1	Installation of Raw water Pumps and clear water pumping systems	None	None	Raw water pumps will be installed at existing 26 MLD intake at Kota barrage for which NOC of WRD is under process of obtaining and same will be appended in updated resettlement plan. Clear water pumps at existing PHED campuses at i.e. Mangali head works (HW) and Vikas Nagar head works (HW) NOC is attached in Appnedix-3
2	Construction of 8 MLD Water Treatment Plant	None	None	At the existing WTP campus at Jakhmund. Land is under the possession and ownership of Public Health Engineering Department (PHED). NOC is attached in Appnedix-2
3	One Clear Water Reservoirs- (CWR) – 1200 kL	None	None	At the existing PHED campus at Nainwa Road. NOC of PHED is attached in Appendix-2
4	One Overhead Service Reservoir of 450 kL	None	None	At the existing PHED campus at Vikas Nagar. NOC of PHED is attached in Appendix-2
5	Transmission mains	None	None	PWD has already agreed to allow laying of pipeline in the existing right of way. Minutes of city level committee meeting held under the chairmanship of District Collector, Bundi. (Refer to Appendix 20)
6	Distribution Network	None	Yes	As per survey, 62 businesses (vendors/hawkers) are identified as affected persons. The impact

S. No.	Component	Permanent Impact	Temporary Impact	Remarks
				assessment survey was conducted on both sides of roads, although during implementation, the impact is likely on one side of the road, in most cases. ⁹ Impacts avoided during implementation will be documented photographically as well as through consultations.
7	Refurbishment of Existing OHSRs, CWRs/ Pump houses	None	None	Existing PHED facilities
8	House Service Connections	None	None	
B. Sewerage				
1	One Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) (1 Number)	None	None	STP is being constructed in the existing campus of STP. NOC of PHED and Nagar Parishad (Municipal Council) is attached in Appendix 2, 4 & 7.
2	Faecal Sludge and Septage Management (FSSM) work.	None	None	
3	Pipe network of treated effluent of 10 kms of dia 200 mm			NOC from Bundi Nagar Parishad (Municipal Council)/ appropriate authority will be obtained for treated effluent pipe laying and will be provided in the updated RP/ semi-annual social safeguards monitoring report/s. Agricultural fields are identified in and around the STP area. During execution, DBO Contractor will undertake the feasibility study of usage of treated effluent by agriculturists and other potential users of treated effluent. The proposed alignment of treated effluent pipeline (10 km) will be designed within the right of way of existing roads.

Source: Detailed Project Report, 2022

Table 15: Summary of Involuntary Resettlement Impact

Impact	Quantity
1. Loss of land	
Permanent land acquisition	Nil
Temporary land acquisition	Nil
Permanent Impacts (physical and economic displacement)	
2. Loss of structures	
Residential	Nil
Commercial	Nil
3. Loss of livelihood/ Relocation impact	

⁹ During finalization of service improvement plan (SIP) by the design built operate (DBO) contractor, exact alignment (right hand side or left hand side of road) will be known.

Impact	Quantity
Permanent	Nil
4. Temporary Impacts (temporary loss of income)	
Temporary loss of land	Nil
Temporary loss of access/disruption to livelihood	62 APs (comprising 294 family members (151 males and 143 females) -Temporary economic impacts
Potential temporary income loss to employees in affected shops/ businesses ¹⁰	Nil
5. Vulnerability¹¹	Out of 62 vendors, 23 are vulnerable, (i) Scheduled Caste - 9 households (43 family members - 23 males and 20 females), (ii) Female headed households – 08 households (24 family members - 11 males and 13 females) (iii) Below Poverty Line (BPL) – 5 households (25 family members - 13 males and 12 females) facing temporary livelihood impacts. (iv) Scheduled Tribe – 1 household (3 family members – 2 males and 1 female)
Affected Indigenous People	One vendor belongs to scheduled tribe category. No Indigenous People possessing the characteristics described in the ADB SPS has been identified in the project areas. Out of 62 affected vendors, 1 vendor belongs to Schedule Tribes (ST) category comprising 3 family members (2 males and 1 female).¹² The said vendor sells fruit and vegetables on movable pushcarts using ROW of roads. During laying of pipelines along the ROW of roads, these vendors may need to move to the other side of the road to continue with his business. In case of temporary loss of income during laying of pipelines, the vendor will be compensated for such temporary loss of income in line with the entitlement matrix of the project. The impact of the subproject is limited to temporary loss of income (involuntary resettlement impacts) due to loss of access for a temporary period. The population of scheduled tribe in Bundi Town is scattered (does not stay in tribal groups/community enclaves), well-assimilated in urban society and does not retain the characteristics of scheduled tribes or indigenous people's groups. Bundi Town is not part of any scheduled area.
Landless	Nil
6. Common Property Resource	Nil
Income Profile	

¹⁰ No employees of shop owners have been identified as per the sample survey of affected businesses.

¹¹ Vulnerable households comprise below poverty line households, female-headed households, households with out of school/ working children, disabled person headed household, elderly headed household, landless household, household with no legal title/tenure security, and schedule castes and scheduled tribe households.

¹² 2 vendors are identified as scheduled tribe, but 1 vendor is and counted as female headed household and considered as vulnerable.

Impact	Quantity
Average income/day (of 62 Roadside vendors)	₹ 332 day ¹³ (Daily income ranges from ₹ 100-500 per day)

Source: Socio-economic survey June 2023

B. Indigenous People

18. Based on census and socio-economic survey, out of 62 potential affected persons, 1 person falls under scheduled tribe category. The person is using the ROW for running his businesses through sale of fruits and vegetables and will be impacted for a temporary period during civil works. The affected person is likely to face temporary loss of income, which is an involuntary resettlement impact. During finalization of alignment,¹⁴ efforts will be made by the implementing agency to provide access, so that his livelihood is not affected. The affected scheduled tribe household facing temporary impact is entitled to additional compensation and assistances as a vulnerable household, as per the agreed resettlement framework. No impact is expected to be caused to the dignity, human rights, livelihood systems, culture, communal assets, and territorial, natural, and cultural resources of indigenous peoples. Beneficial impacts to scheduled tribe community in the town are anticipated. As per ADB SPS, indigenous people safeguards are triggered if a project directly or indirectly affects the dignity, human rights, livelihood systems, or culture of indigenous peoples or affects the territories or natural or cultural resources that indigenous peoples own, use, occupy, or claim as their ancestral domain; no such impacts are anticipated in project area Bundi.¹⁵ Moreover, Bundi has 4.16% population classified as scheduled tribe, and this population is scattered (does not stay in cohesive tribal communities/tribal groups), is well assimilated in urban society and does not retain the defining characteristics of scheduled tribes. Bundi does not fall in a scheduled area,¹⁶ and no particularly vulnerable tribal groups are reported in project areas.¹⁷ Hence, in consideration of all of the above, no Indigenous peoples plan is required for this subproject.

39. **Gender Considerations and Impacts.** Among the affected persons facing involuntary resettlement impacts (temporary income loss) there are 8 females (female headed households), making their livelihood through the sale of fruits, flowers, and as blacksmiths etc. During finalization of alignment, efforts will be made by the implementing agency to provide access for continuation of their livelihood activities. In case temporary economic impacts cannot be avoided to such business owners, additional compensation and assistances as per

¹³ The total income per day of Surveyed affected persons (62) comes to ₹20,600 and accordingly an average of ₹ 332 per day has been arrived. The average income arrived ₹332 approximately, is much above than the current minimum wage (₹259 per day for unskilled labour, ₹271 per day for semi-skilled and ₹283 per for skilled labour and ₹333 for highly-skilled labor) notified by government of Rajasthan. Refer **Appendix 15**.

¹⁴ During finalization of service improvement plan (SIP) by the design built operate (DBO) contractor, exact alignment (with exact roadside) will be known.

¹⁵ ADB SPS 2009 uses the term indigenous peoples in a generic sense to refer to a distinct, vulnerable, social and cultural group possessing the following characteristics: (i) self-identification as members of a distinct indigenous cultural group and recognition of this identity by others; (ii) collective attachment to geographically distinct habitats or ancestral territories in the project area and to the natural resources in these habitats or territories; (iii) customary cultural, economic, social or political institutions that are separate from those of the dominant society and culture; and (iv) a distinct language, often different from the official language of the country or region.

¹⁶ As per the Constitutional provision under Article 244 (1) of the Constitution of India, the 'scheduled areas' are defined as "such areas as the President may by order declare to be scheduled areas"- as per paragraph 6(1) of the Fifth Schedule of the Constitution. The specification of "Scheduled Areas" in relation to a State is by a notified order of the President, after consultation with the State Government concerned. The same applies in the case of any alteration, increase, decrease, incorporation of new areas, or rescinding any Orders relating to "Scheduled Areas". Criteria for declaring any area as a "Scheduled Area under the Fifth Schedule are: • Preponderance of tribal population, • Compactness and reasonable size of the area, • A viable administrative entity such as a district, block or taluk, and • Economic backwardness of the area as compared to the neighbouring areas.

Source: <https://tribal.nic.in/declarationof5thSchedule.aspx>

<https://tribal.nic.in/DivisionsFiles/clm/ScheduledAreas.pdf>

¹⁷ <https://tad.rajasthan.gov.in/pages/sm/departement-page/23516/520>

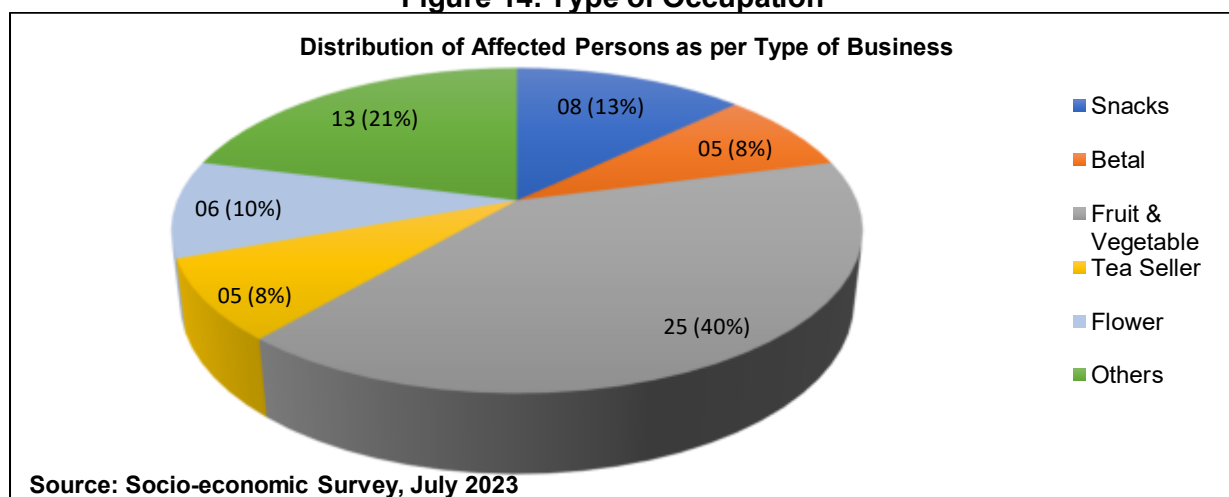
agreed resettlement framework will be disbursed to them, over and above the replacement of lost income.

III. SOCIO-ECONOMIC INFORMATION AND PROFILE

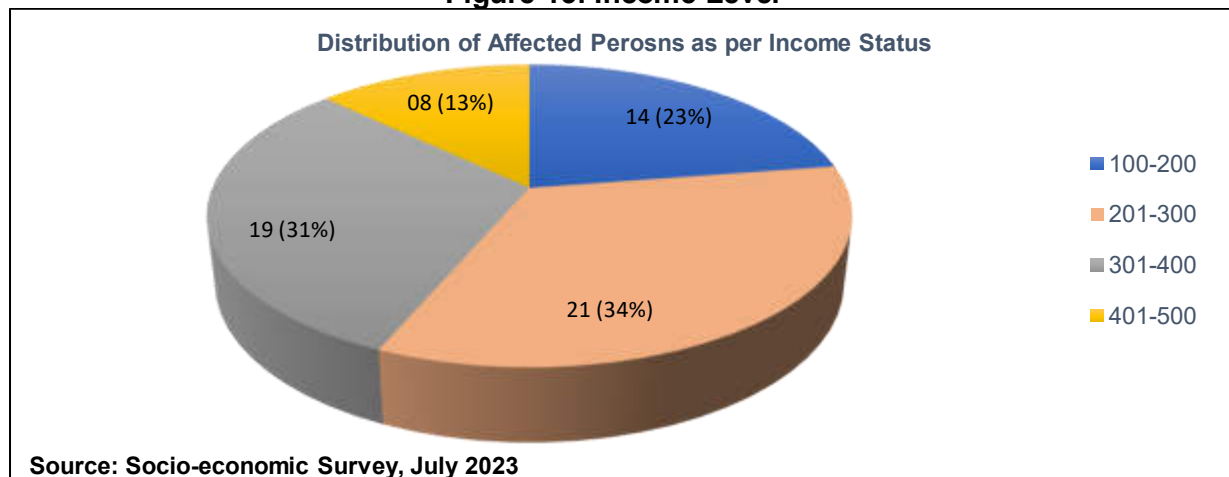
40. The following sections present the socio-economic profile of the households likely to be affected by the proposed works. Based on inventory of loss survey, 62 households comprising 294 family members (151 males and 143 females) will potentially be affected under the subproject. The survey provides information socio-economic conditions of affected households. A wide range of data including, social category, type of losses, type of occupation, sources of income, choice of resettlement etc. have been collected. The average dependency ratio of affected person households is 5 and the average daily income of affected households is ₹332/day. About 37% of affected persons belong to vulnerable category.

41. **Occupation Profile:** As per socio-economic survey, 25 households (40%) of affected persons are selling fruits and vegetables, 8 households (13%) are engaged in selling snacks, 6 households (10%) are engaged in selling flowers, 5 households (8%) are engaged selling tea and other 5 households (8%) are engaged in selling betel-leaf (*Paan*), while 13 households (21%) are engaged in selling others items i.e. cosmetic, clothes, jewelry, shoes etc. Most of the affected persons carry their business on movable structures while few are using roads/ROW for selling their goods. Out of total 62 affected persons, 54 are male category while 08 are female headed households.

Figure 14: Type of Occupation

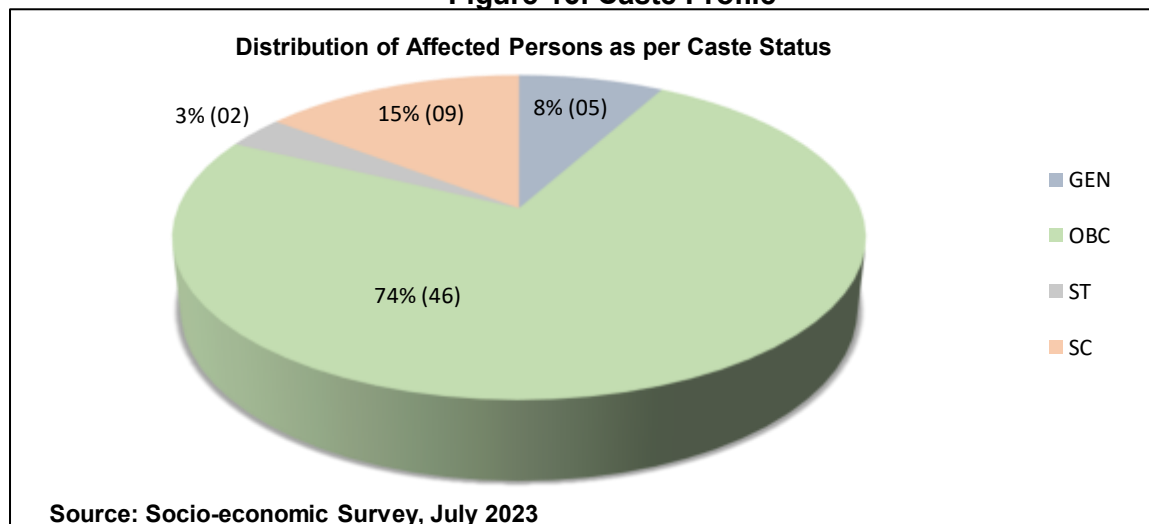


42. **Income Profile:** As per socio-economic survey, out of 62 affected households, 23% (14 vendors) of affected persons likely to be impacted have an income in the range of ₹100-200 per day. Around 34% (21 vendors) of affected persons likely to be affected have an income ranging from ₹201-300 per day, while 31% (19 vendors) have an income ranging from ₹301-400 per day. Another 13% (08 vendors) of the affected persons have an income ranging between ₹401-500 per day. Average income of affected persons is ₹332 per day.

Figure 15: Income Level

43. **Caste Profile:** As per socio-economic survey, out of 62 affected households, 8% (5 vendors) of affected persons belonging to general caste, 74% (46 vendors) of affected persons belonging to other backward castes (OBC); while scheduled caste comprises 15% (9 vendors). It can be noted that OBC constitutes the majority in the overall social profile.

44. Schedule tribes comprise 3% (2 vendors - out of total 2 schedule tribe households, 1 ST is considered as female headed household (FHH) category of vulnerable households). .

Figure 16: Caste Profile

45. **Vulnerability:** Based on data from the socio-economic survey; out of 62 vendors/hawkers, 23 (37%- 95 family members consisting of 46 females and 49 males) of the affected vendors/hawkers belong to vulnerable category. Out of 23 households, 9 (39%- all male vendors) belong to scheduled caste (SC) category comprising 43 family members (23 males and 20 females). Similarly, 8 vendors (35%) of the affected persons belong to Female Headed Household (FHH) comprising 24 family members (11 males and 13 females); 5 vendors (22%-all males) belong to Below Poverty Line (BPL) category comprising 25 family members (13 males and 12 females) and remaining 1 vendor (4%- male) belongs to Schedule Tribe (ST) category comprising 3 family members (2 males and 01 female).¹⁸

¹⁸ 2 vendors are identified as scheduled tribe, but 1 vendor is and counted as female headed household and considered as vulnerable.

IV. CONSULTATION PARTICIPATION AND DISCLOSURE

A. Public Consultation

46. Field visits and transect walks were carried out in the subproject area in March 2022 and continued further through 2023. The field visit team comprised the design consultants, safeguards consultant from project management unit (PMU), and staff from urban local body (ULB) office. Field visits, transect walks and consultations were also conducted by the safeguard team of ADB's fact-finding mission in January 2023. All the proposed sewerage and water supply subproject components are being constructed within existing government-owned campuses or right of way (ROW) of government owned roads. The proposed STP is being constructed within the existing STP campus at Ramganj Balaji, which is under the possession of PHED and Nagar Parishad (Municipal Council), Bundi, while WTP is proposed at PHED campus at Jakhmund, where one WTP is already existing and operational. The clear water reservoir (CWR) is proposed at the existing campus of PHED at Nainwa Road and overhead service reservoir is proposed at existing PHED campus at Vikas Nagar. Land parcels where subproject component works are proposed is owned by Nagar Parishad, Bundi and Public Health Engineering Department (PHED). A series of consultations including meetings and discussions were held with the local community and key informants to collect information for this Resettlement Plan. Informal consultations are conducted with the farmers near the STP site as well. Consultation with farmers will be further conducted during the process of finalization of alignment for the treated effluent.

47. In addition, meetings were conducted with the officers of Nagar Parishad (Urban Local Body), PHED, and other stakeholder agencies. Participatory methodology was used to conduct consultations in community meetings, to solicit views, concerns and suggestions on the proposed subproject. It was informed by the local community that sullage generated from houses are directly discharged into open drains, causing an unhealthy and unhygienic environment. Consultations also included discussion over project objectives, RSTDSP implementation arrangements, Grievance Redress Mechanism (GRM) and safeguards requirements as laid down in ADB's SPS, 2009.

48. Field visit and transect walks were carried out in the subproject area jointly by detailed project report (DPR) consultants, safeguard consultant, and staff from Nagar Parishad on 15 and 16 March 2022 for assessment and feasibility of proposed works. Confirmation of involuntary resettlement impacts was reassessed jointly by PIU, consultant of RSTDSP and safeguard consultant of ADB on 20 January 2023. Lands where works are proposed are owned by Bundi Nagar Parishad and PHED, Bundi. No squatters or non-titled users were identified during the transect walk on the proposed STP, WTP, OHSR and CWR land. A series of public consultations as well as meetings and discussions were held with key informants and the local community in the month of April, 2022 and January 2023 and January 2024 in order to collect information to update this report. It was observed that people are willing to extend their cooperation as the proposed activities are proposed to enhance the infrastructure service levels and the living standard of the public. The public expressed their concern regarding the nuisance and disturbance due to present conditions of sludge and septage collection and disposal system. Community members expressed their demand for improvement in existing services in the town. The public opined that an appropriate operation and maintenance system should be in place, especially for desludging and collection system, for its best functioning and to have the maximum health and aesthetic benefits. Details of consultation and attendance sheet is attached in **Appendix 16 to 18**. Summary of stakeholder consultation are presented in below **Table 16**.

49. In addition, consultations were conducted with the officers of Bundi Nagar Parishad (Municipal Council) and PHED and existing water supply and sewerage facilities in the town was discussed in detail. The need for land ownership details of CWR and requirement of no

objection certificates for proposed Pump House sites was conveyed to the officials of Water Resource Department.

Table 16: Summary of Stakeholder Consultations in Bundi

S.N.	Location of Consultation	Date	Participants	Female	Male
1	Ramganj Balaji	07.04.2022	10	01	09
2	Nainwa Road, Near Post office	07.04.2022	07	00	07
3	Vikas Nagar	07.04.2022	10	00	10
4	Discussion with Municipal Council	07.04.2022	06	00	06
5	Jhakmund Area	08.04.2022	07	01	06
6	Tialk Nagar, Ward-12	08.04.2022	06	00	06
7	Nahar Ka Chowta, Ward-09	08.04.2022	11	00	11
8	City Level Committee meeting	20.10.2022	11	00	11
9	Near Nainwa Road	20.01.2023	07	03	04
10	Ward No-24	23.01.2023	30	17	13
11	Ahinsha Circle	24.01.2023	15	01	14
Total			120	23	97
				(19.16 %)	(80.84 %)

Source: Public, stakeholder and individual consultations 2022-2023

50. During the due diligence process and preparation of the report, community consultations were held at different subproject component locations and ward level; the participants were briefed about the project objective, technical details of subproject, subproject implementation cycle, and the project benefits. Participants were happy with proposed water supply and sewerage improvement works and expressed their willingness to pay for improved quality of water and sewerage services. Additionally, meeting (24 March 2023) with elected representatives, local government and relevant government agency representatives; was also undertaken and requirement of lands, grievances mechanism for proposed subproject etc. was discussed (refer **Appendix 19** for minutes of the meeting, photographs and attendance list). During fact finding mission of ADB, ADB team also consulted with different stakeholders and their feedback about the proposed water supply and sewerage services was taken. A City Level Committee (CLC) meeting was undertaken on 20 October 2021 presided over by the District Collector, Bundi and feedback and concerns of the stakeholders were taken into consideration for finalization of design and scope of works. The project was agreed by the committee for further course of action by RUDSICO-EAP. Details of CLC meeting, minutes and photographs are attached in **Appendix 20**. The photographs of the multiple consultations carried-out is attached as **Appendix 21**.

51. Community engagement, public consultations and disclosure will be an ongoing exercise through the entire subproject planning and implementation phase. An indicative list of consultations (types) to be conducted in future and its schedule is presented in the table below. Progress achievements in this respect will be reported in the semi-annual social monitoring reports by the PMU.

B. Information Disclosure

52. This draft resettlement plan will be duly uploaded in ADB and local government's websites. During the subproject implementation, construction schedules will be informed to all residents (including affected persons) prior to the commencement of pipe laying, through signboards. The signboards will be in local language and will include at minimum: (i) section to be affected, (ii) start and end dates, (iii) information on traffic rerouting if any, and (iv) contact information for sharing opinions/questions/grievances. Project information disclosure leaflets are being distributed among local residents. A sample copy of project information disclosure leaflet in local language Hindi (transcript provided) and photographs are provided in **Appendix 22 and 23**.

53. During preparation of resettlement plan, cut-off date 14 June 2023 for temporary impacts was communicated in the entire affected area at the start of the census survey and also list of potential affected persons was displayed area-wise on 21 June 2023 at the same time for the entire city to prevent duplication in identification of affected persons specifically those moving into a new area during project planning and implementation phase. Copy of cut-off date notification is attached in **Appendix 24** and photographs of leaflet containing cut-off date notification as distributed among the affected persons is provided as **Appendix 25**.¹⁹ Such information sharing will facilitate affected persons to have access to lists in their area and resolve issues around any duplication and/or missing/absentee person from the list. Resettlement plan and information, education and communication (IEC) materials will be translated in Hindi and will be disclosed/discussed with affected persons and beneficiaries, including those who are unable to read, in Hindi and/or their local dialect.

C. Continued Consultation and Participation

54. Consultation and disclosure are a continuous process since from the beginning of the project. Information dissemination through community and individual meetings is being conducted by the community awareness and public participation consultants (CAPPC) and will be carried out throughout project circle for the affected persons including the vulnerable affected persons and other residents. **During the alignment design and laying of the pipelines for treated effluent along agricultural fields, consultation with the farmers will be conducted and if required NOC/ memorandum of understanding (MOUs) will be drawn prior to laying of pipelines along the agricultural fields.** During the execution process, the CAPPC will consult and engage with a greater number of women from the diverse communities from the town and their views and issues will be recorded and addressed. The PMU will extend and expand the consultation and disclosure process during the construction period. The project management consultants will conduct training of contractors (engineers as well as safeguards personnel). The PMU, with the support of CAPPC, has designed and is conducting public awareness campaigns which targets all citizens during project implementation. A consultation and participation consultant has been mobilized for preparation and implementation of community awareness activities. Community groups is being consulted and made aware of the civil works and project activities, anticipated impacts and mitigation measures, grievance redress process and contact details of PIU/ PMU personnel prior to execution of work/construction.

V. GRIEVANCE REDRESS MECHANISM

55. A project-specific, three-tier grievance redress mechanism (GRM) covers both environment and social issues. The GRM has been established to receive, evaluate, and facilitate the resolution of affected persons' concerns, complaints, and grievances about the social and environmental performance at project level. The GRM will aim to provide a time-bound and transparent mechanism to voice and resolve social and environmental concerns related to the project. Assessment of the GRM designed and implemented for Rajasthan Urban Sector Development Program (RUSDP) shows that the system was effective in timely resolution of grievances in a transparent manner.²⁰ The multichannel, project-specific, three-tier GRM is functional at RUSDP, hence the design of GRM for RSTDSP takes into account

¹⁹ For the vendors/hawkers who were not present during conclusion of survey on 14th June 2023, opportunity was given to submit their details latest by 25st June 2023 in the Municipality office so that their respective name/s can be included in the list of affected persons.

²⁰ Town-level grievance registration data indicates that a large number of grievances were registered, pointing to the effectiveness of the multi-channel GRM. No major grievance was received for RUSDP Phase III. The GRM helped smoothen the process of project implementation, hence the proposed architecture for the RSTDSP GRM remains similar, with some refinement, taking into account the changes in institutional setup proposed for project implementation.

the proposed institutional structure for RSTDSP and the positive features and learnings from the previous GRM.²¹

56. **Common GRM.** A common GRM is in place for social, environmental, or any other grievances related to the project. The GRM will provide an accessible and trusted platform for receiving and facilitating resolution of affected persons' grievances related to the project. The implementation of this resettlement plan/RIPPs/DDRs/IEEs follows the GRM described below.

57. Public awareness campaigns within entire ULB/Municipal area will ensure that awareness on grievance redress procedures is generated. The nodal officer- safeguards and gender supported by ASO at zonal level, will oversee the conduct of ULB/project coverage area-based awareness campaigns by the town-level safeguards and safety officers, through the CAPPC. The awareness campaigns will ensure that poor and vulnerable households are made aware of grievance redress procedures and entitlements. Contractors will provide pamphlets to communities prior to start of works and billboards during construction. The pamphlets and billboards will include relevant environmental and social safeguards, GRM information, and contact details of key personnel from PIU and contractors.

58. Affected persons will have the flexibility of conveying grievances/suggestions by dropping grievance redress/suggestion forms (refer **Appendix 26** and **27** for template of grievance registration form and the translated version of the grievance registration form in local language i.e. Hindi) in complaint/suggestion boxes that will be installed by project PIUs or by e-mail, by post, or by writing in a complaints register in ULB offices/complaints register at contractor's work site or by sending a WhatsApp message to the PIU²² or by dialing the phone number of town level PIU/CAPPC or by dialing a toll-free number.²³ Any aggrieved person can also avail the facilities of online grievance monitoring system 'Rajasthan Sampark' portal to register their grievances which is a parallel mechanism of grievance registration, in addition to the project GRM.²⁴ Careful documentation of the name of the complainant, date of receipt of the complaint, address/contact details of the person, location of the problem area, and how the problem was resolved will be undertaken and feedback provided to the complainant on action/decision taken. The SSO of town/city level PIU will have the overall responsibility for timely grievance redressal on environmental and social safeguards issues and for registration of grievances, related disclosure, with the assistance of project consultants. In case of grievances that are immediate and urgent in the perception of the complainant, the contractor, and officials of PIU with assistance from CMSC and CAPPC on-site will provide the most easily accessible or first level of contact for quick resolution of grievances. Contact numbers and names of the concerned PIU safeguard and safety officer, contractors, CAPPC and CMSC personal will be posted at all construction sites at visible locations.

- (i) **1st level grievance.** The contractors, PIU executive engineer /assistant engineer designated as SSO (social and environment), CMSC (safeguard staff) and CAPPC can immediately resolve issues on-site, in consultation with each other and will be required to do so within 7 days of receipt of a complaint/grievance. If required, city level monitoring committee (CLMC) will be involved in resolution of grievances at the 1st level.²⁵

²¹Continued logistics support at field level will be key to successful management of grievance redress under RSTDSP. The target date for establishment of the first level (PIU level) and second level (Zonal level) of GRM is before loan negotiation.

²²It is suggested for each PIU to have a dedicated WhatsApp group for registration of grievances and receipt of quick feedback, to be followed by more formal communication.

²³Project contractors in all project towns will have a toll-free number with specific working hours for registration of grievances related to RSTDSP.

²⁴<http://www.sampark.rajasthan.gov.in/RajSamWelcome.aspx>

²⁵ In case the complainant is a vendor, the 1st level grievance redress committee will make effort to resolve the concern at this level, in his/her presence.

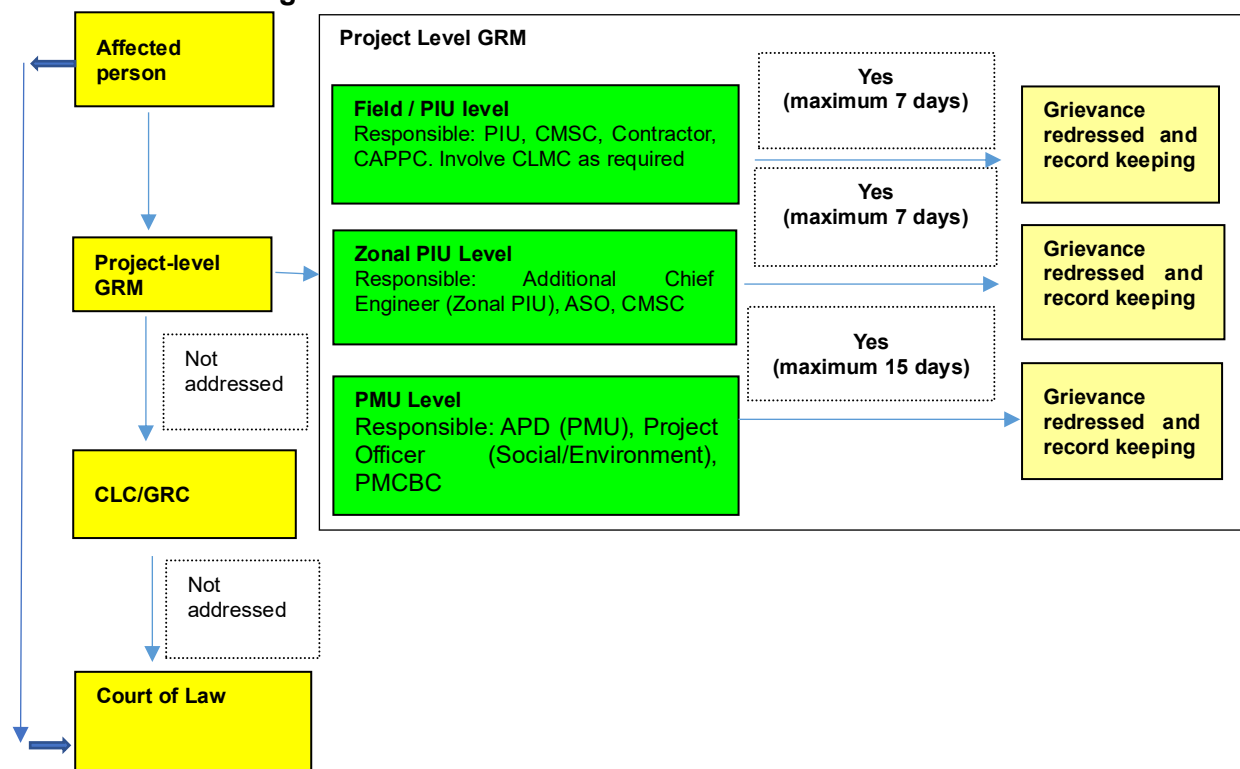
- (ii) **2nd level grievance.** All grievances that cannot be redressed within 7 days at field/PIU level will be brought to the notice of Zonal PIU headed by Additional Chief Engineer (ACE). The ACE at zonal PIU will resolve the grievance within 7 days of receipt of complaint/grievance in discussion with the assistant safeguard officer (ASO), field level PIU, CMSC, CAPPC and the contractor;²⁶
- (iii) **3rd level grievance.** All the grievances that are not addressed by Zonal PIU within 7 days of receipt will be brought to the notice of the PMU. Depending on the nature of grievance, the Project Officer (Social/Environment) at PMU will resolve the grievance within 15 days of receipt of grievance with necessary coordination of Zonal PIU and CMSC and guidance/instruction of additional project director (APD-PMU); and
- (iv) Grievances not redressed through this process within/at the project level within stipulated time period will be referred to the CLC/grievance redress committee (GRC), which has been set up.²⁷ In its role as a GRC, the CLC will meet whenever there is an urgent, pending grievance. Other grievances can be discussed during its regular meetings. Zonal PIU will inform the CLC regarding any grievances required to be resolved urgently. The GRC will resolve the grievance within 15 days of receiving the complaint. In case of any indigenous peoples impacts in subprojects, the CLC/GRC must have representation of the affected indigenous people community, the chief of the tribe or a member of the tribal council as traditional arbitrator (to ensure that traditional grievance redress systems are integrated) and an NGO working with indigenous people groups.

59. The multi-tier GRM for the project is outlined below (Figure 17), each tier having time-bound schedules and with responsible persons identified to address grievances and seek appropriate persons' advice at each stage, as required. The GRC will continue to function throughout the project duration.

²⁶ In case the complainant is a vendor, and the grievance is not resolved at the 1st level, the issue will be brought up to 2nd level grievance redress committee. The 2nd level grievance committee, if required, may invite a representative from the local Town Vendor Committee to resolve the matter.

²⁷ City Level Committee (CLC)/grievance redress committees (GRCs) has been constituted for each town/city under the Chairmanship of District Collector to provide overall subproject guidance and "to sort out issues and remove hindrances, if any". CLC formed at city-level/district level with members composed of: District Collector as Chairperson and following as members: ULB Commissioner/Mayor/Chairman; Deputy Mayor/Vice Chairman ULB; Chairman / Secretary Urban Improvement Trust (UIT); Head of Zonal/field level PIU as Member Secretary; one representative each from relevant government departments as appropriate (PWD/PHED/Town Planning Department etc.). All CLCs in their role as GRCs will have at least one-woman member/chairperson. In addition, for project-related grievances, representatives of affected persons, community-based organizations (CBOs), and eminent citizens will be invited as observers in GRC meetings. The concerned Member of Parliament (MP) and Member of Legislative Assembly are also part of the CLC.

Figure 17: Grievance Redress Mechanism-RSTDSP



Note: APD = additional project director, ASO = assistant safeguards officer, CAPP = community awareness and public participation consultant, CMSC = construction management and supervision consultants, CLC = city level committee, CLMC = city level monitoring committee, GRC = grievance redress committee, PIU = project implementation unit, PMU = program management unit, PMCBC = project management and capacity building consultant.

60. The project GRM notwithstanding, an aggrieved person shall have access to the country's legal system at any stage and accessing the country's legal system can run parallel to accessing the GRM and is not dependent on the negative outcome of the GRM. In case of grievance related to land acquisition, resettlement and rehabilitation, the affected persons will have to approach a legal body/court specially proposed under the RFCTLARRA, 2013.²⁸

61. People who are, or may in the future be, adversely affected by the project may submit complaints to ADB's Accountability Mechanism. The Accountability Mechanism provides an independent forum and process whereby people adversely affected by ADB-assisted projects can voice, and seek a resolution of their problems, as well as report alleged violations of ADB's operational policies and procedures. Before submitting a complaint to the Accountability Mechanism, affected people should make an effort in good faith to solve their problems by working with the concerned ADB operations department. Only after doing that, and if they are still dissatisfied, should they approach the Accountability Mechanism.²⁹

62. **Record-keeping.** The PIU Bundi will keep records of grievances received, including contact details of complainant, date the complaint was received, nature of grievance, agreed corrective actions and the date these were affected and final outcome. The number of grievances recorded and resolved, and the outcomes will be displayed/disclosed in the PMU office, PIU offices, and on the web, as well as reported in monitoring reports submitted to ADB on a semi-annual basis.

²⁸ The Authority admits grievance only with reference to the Land Acquisition and R&R issues under the RFCTLARRA, 2013.

²⁹ Accountability Mechanism. <http://www.adb.org/Accountability-Mechanism/default.asp>.

63. **Periodic review and documentation of lessons learned.** The PMU project officers (Social and Environment) will periodically review the functioning of the GRM in each town and record information on the effectiveness of the mechanism, especially on the project's ability to prevent and address grievances.

64. **Costs.** Contractors are required to be allocated budget for pamphlets and billboards as part of the EMP. Costs involved in resolving the complaints (meetings, consultations, communication and reporting/information dissemination) will be borne by the concerned PIU at town level while costs related to escalated grievances will be met by the PMU. Cost estimates for grievance redress are included in resettlement cost estimates.

VI. POLICY AND LEGAL FRAMEWORK

65. The policy framework and entitlements for the RSTDSP are based on:

- (i) The Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act (RFCTLARRA), 2013;³⁰
- (ii) ADB's Safeguard Policy Statement (SPS), 2009. The salient features of Government and ADB policies are summarized below. The involuntary resettlement principles and procedures to be followed for social safeguards under RSTDSP are detailed out in the resettlement framework document and project implementation shall be carried out in its full compliance; and
- (iii) The Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 and the Rajasthan Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Rules, 2016.

A. Relevant National Acts/Policies

66. The resettlement framework considers other relevant National Acts/State Government policies and principals. Out of those acts and policies, for this document The Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 and the Rajasthan Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Rules, 2016 are discussed briefly in the sections below.

67. The key involuntary resettlement principles of the ADB Safeguards Policy Statement (2009) are:

- (i) Screen the project early on to identify past, present, and future involuntary resettlement impacts and risks. Determine the scope of resettlement planning through a survey and/or census of displaced persons, including a gender analysis, specifically related to resettlement impacts and risks;
- (ii) Carry out meaningful consultations with affected persons, host communities, and concerned nongovernment organizations. Inform all displaced persons of their entitlements and resettlement options. Ensure their participation in planning, implementation, and monitoring and evaluation of resettlement programs. Pay particular attention to the needs of vulnerable groups, especially those below the poverty line, the landless, the elderly, women and children, and Indigenous Peoples, and those without legal title to land, and ensure their participation in consultations. Establish a grievance redress mechanism to receive and facilitate resolution of the affected persons' concerns. Support the social and cultural institutions of displaced persons and their host population. Where involuntary resettlement impacts and risks are highly complex and

³⁰Ministry of Law and Justice. The Act has received the assent of the President on the 26 September 2013.

- sensitive, compensation and resettlement decisions should be preceded by a social preparation phase;
- (iii) Improve, or at least restore, the livelihoods of all displaced persons through (i) land-based resettlement strategies when affected livelihoods are land based where possible or cash compensation at replacement value for land when the loss of land does not undermine livelihoods, (ii) prompt replacement of assets with access to assets of equal or higher value, (iii) prompt compensation at full replacement cost for assets that cannot be restored, and (iv) additional revenues and services through benefit sharing schemes where possible;
 - (iv) Provide physically and economically displaced persons with needed assistance, including the following: (i) if there is relocation, secured tenure to relocation land, better housing at resettlement sites with comparable access to employment and production opportunities, integration of resettled persons economically and socially into their host communities, and extension of project benefits to host communities; (ii) transitional support and development assistance, such as land development, credit facilities, training, or employment opportunities; and (iii) civic infrastructure and community services, as required;
 - (v) Improve the standards of living of the displaced poor and other vulnerable groups, including women, to at least national minimum standards. In rural areas provide them with legal and affordable access to land and resources, and in urban areas provide them with appropriate income sources and legal and affordable access to adequate housing;
 - (vi) Develop procedures in a transparent, consistent, and equitable manner if land acquisition is through negotiated settlement to ensure that those people who enter into negotiated settlements will maintain the same or better income and livelihood status;
 - (vii) Ensure that displaced persons without titles to land or any recognizable legal rights to land are eligible for resettlement assistance and compensation for loss of non-land assets;
 - (viii) Prepare a resettlement plan elaborating on displaced persons' entitlements, the income and livelihood restoration strategy, institutional arrangements, monitoring and reporting framework, budget, and time-bound implementation schedule;
 - (ix) Disclose a draft resettlement plan, including documentation of the consultation process in a timely manner, before project appraisal, in an accessible place and a form and language(s) understandable to affected persons and other stakeholders. Disclose the final resettlement plan and its updates to affected persons and other stakeholders;
 - (x) Conceive and execute involuntary resettlement as part of a development project or program. Include the full costs of resettlement in the presentation of project's costs and benefits. For a project with significant involuntary resettlement impacts, consider implementing the involuntary resettlement component of the project as a stand-alone operation;
 - (xi) Pay compensation and provide other resettlement entitlements before physical or economic displacement. Implement the resettlement plan under close supervision throughout project implementation;
 - (xii) Monitor and assess resettlement outcomes, their impacts on the standards of living of displaced persons, and whether the objectives of the resettlement plan have been achieved by taking into account the baseline conditions and the results of resettlement monitoring. Disclose monitoring reports.

68. **The Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014.** The Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 came into force on 5 March 2014 and seeks to protect the livelihoods of street vendors while regulating street vending. The Act recognizes street vendors of different types

including mobile (moving) vendors, stationary (vending from a particular place), natural markets (spaces where buyers and sellers traditionally congregate), vendors with temporary built-up structures, hawkers, peddlers and squatters. It provides for regulation of street vendors, defines the rights and duties of street vendors and requires definition of designated vending zones, issue of certificates of vending and identity cards to street vendors, and proposes vending fees and maintenance charges. Under the Act, each state government is required to define the public purpose for which a street vendor may be evicted and the manner of relocation, manner of giving notice, and provides for a dispute resolution mechanism. As per the Act, planning and regulation of street vending is to be undertaken at town level by the Town Vending Committee. The Act also provides for social audit of the activities of the Town Vending Committee.

69. The Rajasthan Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Rules, 2016. In exercise of power conferred to state under Section 36 of the central act, the state government has framed rules for implementation of the Act in the state. The State rules outlines the following:

- (i) The State Government shall constitute a Town Vending Committee (TVC) for every local authority [Section 3 (1)]. In the election for representative of street vendors if due representation of the Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes, Other Backward Classes, minorities and persons with disabilities is not found, the State Government shall nominate one additional member from amongst such categories in the Town Vending Committee [Section 3 (6)].
- (ii) Every street vendor, identified under the survey carried out under sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Act. who has completed the age of eighteen years may be issued a certificate of vending by the Town Vending Committee. [Section 8 (1)]
- (iii) The Town Vending Committee at its office shall maintain all necessary records as are required to be maintained by it under the Act and these rules and also a soft copy duly updated into its computer system. All records relating to allotment of space to street vendors shall be preserved at least for five years and beyond that till the period of currency of their licenses and for such further period in cases where any litigation with regard to any place is pending. All records including maps, road plans showing existing site of street vending shall be a permanent record of Town Vending Committee. (Section 7)
- (iv) The Town Vending Committee shall take final decision about vending zones along with their holding capacity as worked out by the local authority. TVC shall be responsible for issuing, withholding, suspending and cancelling of the vending certificate. [Section 14 (1)]
- (v) The State Government shall constitute a Grievance Redressal and Dispute Resolution Committee at each divisional headquarters. (Section 15)
- (vi) Any street vendor having grievance for any matter under the Act, except those matters as are specified in Section 11 of the Act, may file an application in writing. (Section 16).

70. Core involuntary resettlement principles for the RSTDSP to be followed for each subproject including the subprojects under Additional Financing are:

- (i) land acquisition, and other involuntary resettlement impacts will be avoided or minimized exploring all viable alternative subproject designs;
- (ii) adverse impacts to indigenous peoples' dignity, human rights, livelihood systems and culture as well as to the natural and cultural resources of indigenous peoples will be avoided;

- (iii) where unavoidable, time-bound resettlement plans (RPs)/ resettlement and indigenous people plan (RIPPs)/Indigenous Peoples Plan (IPPs) will be prepared and affected persons will be assisted in improving or at least regaining their preprogram standard of living;
- (iv) full information and close consultations with affected persons including consultation with affected persons on compensation, disclosure of resettlement information to affected persons, and participation of affected persons in planning and implementing subprojects will be ensured
- (v) vulnerable groups will be provided special assistance; beneficial impacts to indigenous peoples will be ensured through special measures identified in the IPP/RIPP, if any.
- (vi) payment of compensation to affected persons including non-titleholders (e.g., informal dwellers/squatters, and encroachers) for acquired assets at replacement rates;
- (vii) payment of compensation and resettlement assistance prior to the contractor taking physical acquisition of the land and prior to the commencement of any construction activities;
- (viii) provision of income restoration and rehabilitation; and
- (ix) establishment of appropriate grievance redress mechanisms.

1. Comparison of Government and ADB Policy

71. The RFCTLARR Act, 2013 represents a significant milestone in the development of a systematic approach to address land acquisition, rehabilitation and resettlement collectively in India. RFCTLARRA, 2013 has also laid down similar principles like ADB's SPS, 2009 and focus on avoiding or minimizing involuntary impacts, if not restoring and enhancing the quality of life of affected families irrespective of title to the land. Table 8 presents a comparison of the Government of India policies (RFCTLARRA, 2013, the Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 and the Rajasthan Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Rules, 2016), the state policies vis-à-vis ADB's SPS, 2009, and identifies gaps and gap filling measures.

Table 17: Policy Comparison

S.no	Involuntary Resettlement Policy Principle	ADB Safeguard Policy Statement	Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013	Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014, and Rajasthan Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Rules, 2016	Measures to bridge gaps
1.	Screen project	Screen the project to identify past, present and future involuntary resettlement impacts and risks. Conduct survey and/or census of displaced persons, including a gender analysis, specifically related to resettlement.	Section 4 (l) it is obligatory for the appropriate Government that intend to acquire land for a public purpose to carry out a Social Impact Assessment study in consultation with concerned Panchayat, Municipality or Municipal Corporation, as the case maybe, at village level or ward level in the affected area. The Social Impact Assessment study report shall Be made available to the public in the manner prescribed under section 6.	There is no specific requirement for screening mentioned in the central Act or State Rules. However, under sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the central Act it is mentioned that Town Vending Committee (TVC) will carry out a survey in every urban local body (ULB) area for identifying every street vendor; and those who have completed the age of eighteen years (18) may be issued a certificate of vending by the TVC. The TVC shall maintain all necessary records of street vendors including maps, road plans showing existing site of street vending shall be a permanent record of TVC. (Section 7 of State Rules) TVC shall take final decision about vending zones along with their holding capacity as worked out by the local authority.	No gap in conduct of social impact analysis between RFCTLARRA and SPS. Gap in screening past, present and future involuntary resettlement impacts and risks. The project will undertake screening of all subprojects using the ADB involuntary resettlement checklist, to identify past, present and future involuntary resettlement impacts and risks.
2.	Consult stakeholders and establish grievance redress mechanism	Carryout consultations with displaced persons, host communities and concerned NGOs. Informally displaced persons of their	Whenever a Social Impact Assessment is required to be prepared under section 4, the appropriate Government shall ensure that a public hearing is held at the affected area, after giving adequate publicity about	Section 20 under the central Act 2014, outlines provision of redressal of grievances or resolution of disputes of street vendors. Section 15 and 16, of the State rules 2016 outlines grievance redressal	No gap between SPS and RFCTLARRA. Gap in establishing a project-level GRM for projects that do not have significant resettlement impacts. The Project will establish project-

S.no	Involuntary Resettlement Policy Principle	ADB Safeguard Policy Statement	Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013	Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014, and Rajasthan Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Rules, 2016	Measures to bridge gaps
	(GRM)	entitlements and resettlement options.	the date, time and venue for the public hearing, to ascertain the views of the affected families to be recorded and included in the social impact assessment report. The Land Acquisition Rehabilitation and Resettlement Authority shall be established in each state by the concerned state government to hear disputes arising out of projects where land acquisition has been initiated by the state government or its agencies.	mechanism.	level GRM.
3.	Improve or at least restore, the livelihoods of all displaced, and payment at replacement cost.	Improve or restore the livelihoods of all Displaced persons through: (i) land-based resettlement strategies; (ii) prompt replacement of assets with access to assets of equal or higher value, (iii) prompt compensation at full replacement cost for assets that cannot be restored, and (iv) additional revenues and services through benefit sharing schemes where possible.	The Deputy Commissioner having determined the market value of the land to be acquired shall calculate the total amount of compensation to be paid to the landowner (whose land has been acquired) by including all assets attached to the land.	No specific requirement related to restoration or improvement of livelihoods mentioned.	No gap between SPS and RFCTLARRA. Assets to be compensated at replacement cost without depreciation

S.no	Involuntary Resettlement Policy Principle	ADB Safeguard Policy Statement	Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013	Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014, and Rajasthan Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Rules, 2016	Measures to bridge gaps
4.	Assistance for displaced persons	Provide physically and economically displaced persons with needed assistance	Schedule I, provides market value of the land and value of the assets attached to land. Schedule II provides resettlement and rehabilitation package for landowners and for livelihood losers including landless and special provisions for Scheduled Tribes.	No specific rules mentioned.	No gap between SPS and RFCTLARRA. Entitlement Matrix outlines compensation and assistance for Affected persons.
5.	Improve standard of living of displaced vulnerable groups	Improve the standards of living of the displaced poor and other vulnerable groups, especially those below the poverty line, the landless, the elderly, women, children, indigenous peoples, and those without title to land, at least national minimum standards.	Special provisions are provided for vulnerable groups.	No specific measures for vulnerable groups mentioned.	No gap between SPS and RFCTLARRA. Entitlement Matrix outlines assistance for vulnerable groups, as defined by ADB policy.
6.	Negotiated settlement	Develop procedures in a transparent, consistent, and equitable manner if land acquisition is through negotiated settlement to ensure that those people who enter into negotiated settlements will maintain the same or better income and livelihoods	Section 46 of RFCTLARR Act, 2013 permits direct purchase of land and undertaking direct negotiation with the land owner.	Not applicable	To ensure a fair and transparent process, an independent third-party will be required to certify whether the process of negotiated settlement was undertaken without coercion, in a transparent, consistent and equitable manner.

S.no	Involuntary Resettlement Policy Principle	ADB Safeguard Policy Statement	Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013	Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014, and Rajasthan Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Rules, 2016	Measures to bridge gaps
		status			
7.	Compensation for non-titleholders	Ensure that displaced persons without titles to land or any recognizable legal rights to land are eligible for resettlement assistance and compensation for loss of non-land assets. In the rural area, provide them with access to resources. In the urban area, provide them with access to housing.	Schedule II provides benefits to families whose livelihood is primarily dependent on land acquired	No specific provisions.	Entitlement matrix outlines compensation and assistance for non-titleholders, including squatters, encroachers and sharecroppers.
8.	Prepare resettlement plan	Prepare a resettlement plan/ indigenous peoples plan on displaced persons' entitlements, the income and livelihood restoration strategy, institutional arrangements, monitoring and reporting framework, budget, and time-bound implementation schedule.	Preparation of Rehabilitation and Resettlement Scheme including timeline for implementation. Section: 16. (1) and (2). Separate development plans to be prepared. Section 41.	No specific rules mentioned	No gap between SPS and RFCTLARRA. Resettlement Plan will be prepared for subprojects with impact.

S.no	Involuntary Resettlement Policy Principle	ADB Safeguard Policy Statement	Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013	Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014, and Rajasthan Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Rules, 2016	Measures to bridge gaps
9.	Disclose Resettlement Plan	Disclose a draft Resettlement plan, including documentation of the consultation processing a timely manner, before project appraisal, in an accessible place and a form and language(s) understandable to displaced persons and other stakeholders. Disclose the final resettlement plan and its updates to displaced persons and other stakeholders	Under clause 18, the Commissioner shall cause the approved Rehabilitation and Resettlement Scheme to be made available in the local language to the Panchayat, Municipality or Municipal Corporation. As the case maybe, and the offices of the district collector the Sub- Divisional Magistrate and the Taluka, and shall be published in the affected areas, in such manner as may be prescribed and uploaded on the website of the appropriate government.	No specific rules mentioned.	No gap between SPS and RFCTLARRA. The Resettlement Framework and resettlement plans will be disclosed to affected persons.
10.	Cost of resettlement	Include the full costs of measures proposed in the resettlement plan and indigenous peoples plan as part of project's costs and benefits. For a project with significant involuntary resettlement impacts, consider implementing the involuntary resettlement component of the project as a stand-alone operation.	Section 16. (I) Upon the publication of the preliminary Notification under sub-section (/) of section II by the Collector, the Administrator for Rehabilitation and Resettlement shall conduct a survey and undertake a census of the affected families, in such manner and within such time as may be Prescribed, which shall include:(a) particulars of lands and immovable properties being acquired of each affected family;(b) livelihoods lost in respect of land losers and landless whose livelihoods are	No specific rules mentioned	No gap between SPS and RFCTLARRA. Cost of resettlement will be covered by the executive agency.

S.no	Involuntary Resettlement Policy Principle	ADB Safeguard Policy Statement	Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013	Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014, and Rajasthan Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Rules, 2016	Measures to bridge gaps
			primarily dependent on the lands being acquired;(c) a list of public utilities and government buildings which are affected or likely to be affected, where resettlement of affected families is involved;(d) details of the amenities and infrastructural facilities which are affected or likely to be affected, where resettlement of affected families is involved; and(e) details of any common property		
11.	Taking over possession before payment of compensation	Pay compensation and provide other resettlement entitlements before physical or economic displacement. Implement the resettlement plan under close supervision throughout project implementation.	38 (I) The Collector shall take possession of Land after ensuring that full payment of compensation as well as rehabilitation and resettlement entitlements are paid or tendered to the entitled persons within a period of three months for the compensation and a period of six months for the monetary part of rehabilitation and resettlement entitlements listed in the Second Schedule commencing from the date of the award made Under section 30.	No specific rules mentioned.	No gap between SPS and RFCTLARRA.
12.	Monitoring	Monitor and assess resettlement outcomes, their impacts on the standards of living of displaced persons, and whether the objectives of the resettlement plan	48 (I) The Central Government may, whenever necessary for national or inter-state projects, constitute a national monitoring committee for reviewing and monitoring the implementation of Rehabilitation and resettlement schemes or plans under	No specific rules mentioned.	RFCTLARRA does not specify the frequency of monitoring. The project will prepare monitoring reports semi-annually as per SPS.

S.no	Involuntary Resettlement Policy Principle	ADB Safeguard Policy Statement	Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013	Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014, and Rajasthan Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Rules, 2016	Measures to bridge gaps
		have been achieved by taking into account the baseline conditions and the results of resettlement monitoring. Disclose monitoring reports.	this Act.		

ADB = Asian Development Bank, GRM = grievance redress mechanism, NGO = nongovernment organization, RFCTLARRA = Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, SPS = Safeguard Policy Statement

VII. ENTITLEMENTS, ASSISTANCE AND BENEFITS

A. Types of Losses and Affected Person (AP) Category

72. The anticipated types of losses due to the proposed subproject components under RSTDSP-additional financing comprise (i) potential temporary income loss to vendors/hawkers and (ii) impacts to vulnerable persons (from amongst the temporarily affected persons).

73. According to ADB SPS, 2009 in the context of involuntary resettlement vis-à-vis economic impacts, the affected persons (APs) are those who are physically and economically displaced (loss of productive land, structures, assets, access to assets, income sources, or means of livelihood). The absence of formal and legal title to the land does not bar the affected person from receipt of compensation and resettlement assistance from the project. Vulnerable affected persons are eligible for additional compensation and assistance and are to be accorded priority in employment in project related construction activities.

B. Entitlements

74. As per agreed resettlement framework for the project³¹, all the affected persons will be eligible for compensation for temporary loss of livelihood/income. Unavoidable livelihood disruption due to construction activities will be compensated.³² For this subproject, the maximum estimated period of disruption during execution of work is 14 days. All affected persons will also be compensated for the time lags (7% annual inflation in survey income is provisioned) between payment of compensation and the time of survey. 'Shifting assistance' (lump sum ₹1500) will be paid to all affected persons irrespective of their business type. All affected persons who are identified as vulnerable will be eligible for special assistance amounting to ₹9,000 as onetime assistances under temporary impacts for livelihood restoration.

75. The titleholders are handled through RFCTLARRA, 2013 and the preliminary notification by the competent authority would be the cut-off date as per the law. The start date of the census and socio-economic surveys based on final design and DMS is the cut-off date for all non-titleholder affected persons. All affected persons who are identified in the subproject areas on the cut-off date³³ will be entitled to compensation for their loss, and rehabilitation measures (as outlined in the entitlement matrix below) sufficient to assist them to improve or at least maintain their pre-project living standards, income-earning capacity and production levels. Affected Persons will be provided 30 days' advance notice to ensure no or minimal disruption in livelihood. If required, they will also be assisted to shift to alternate locations. For example, they will be assisted to shift to the other side of the road or to a nearby location within the immediate vicinity, where there is no construction. Ensuring there is no income or access loss during subproject construction is the responsibility of PIU, Nagar Parishad (Municipal Council), Bundi and project contractor.

76. Work will be undertaken on one side of the road and temporarily affected person (APs) will be assisted in moving to the other side of the road and returning to their original roadside location after construction is completed. Where moving is not required, access will be ensured by the contractor through measures prescribed in bidding documents/environmental management plan (EMP). An alternate place in the vicinity will also be identified where a

³¹ ADB, 2023. [Resettlement Framework](#). Manila.

³² The resettlement framework is accessible from the list of linked documents in Appendix 2 of the report and recommendation of the President.

³³ Permanent land acquisition will follow the various cut-off dates as specified under RFCTLARRA, 2013 while for the temporary impacts the start date of census surveys will be considered as cut-off date.

greater number of affected persons are affected at one place (e.g., vegetable market) so that they can continue with their livelihood activities.

Table 18: Entitlement Matrix

S. No.	Type of Loss	Application	Definition of Entitled Person	Compensation Policy ³⁴	Implementation Issues ³⁵	Responsible Agency
1	Temporary disruption of livelihood	Temporary impacts	Legal titleholders, non-titled affected persons- Number of affected persons having temporary livelihood impact: 62 number (294 family members consisting of 151 males and 143 females)	30 days advance notice regarding construction activities, including duration and type of disruption. Cash assistance based on the minimum wage/average earnings per month for the loss of income/livelihood for the period of disruption. Contractor's actions to ensure there is no income/access loss consistent with the environmental management plan (EMP)/initial environmental examination (IEE).^b Assistance to vendors/hawkers to temporarily shift for continued economic activity (₹1,500 as one-time assistance).^c For construction activities involving unavoidable livelihood disruption, compensation for lost income or a transitional allowance will be paid as per average daily income arrived at from census and socio-economic survey or as per applicable minimum wage, whichever is greater. This assistance shall be paid for a minimum of 14 days or the actual period of disruption, whichever is higher.	Identification of alternative temporary sites to continue economic activity. Contractor's actions to ensure there is no income/access loss consistent with the initial environmental examination. This includes: leaving spaces for access between mounds of soil, providing walkways and metal sheets to maintain access across trenches for people and vehicles where required, increased workforces to finish work in areas with impacts on access, timing of works to reduce disruption during business hours, phased construction schedule and working one segment at a time and one side of the road at a time.	The Valuation Committee will determine the income lost. Contractor will perform actions to minimize income/access loss. CMSC with support of DBO contractor and CAPPCC will verify the extent of impacts through a 100% survey of affected persons, determine assistance, and identify vulnerable households.

³⁴ Transportation costs, monthly subsistence allowance and resettlement costs are not incremental. For example, if an affected household loses land, shelter and commercial business in one lot, the family will get each of these allowances only once.

³⁵ For design, build and operate (DBO) contracts, the DBO contractor undertakes design tasks.

S. No.	Type of Loss	Application	Definition of Entitled Person	Compensation Policy ³⁴	Implementation Issues ³⁵	Responsible Agency
2	Impacts on vulnerable affected persons ^d	All impacts	Vulnerable affected persons Number of affected vulnerable persons with temporary livelihood impact-23 (95 family members with 49 males and 46 females)	Livelihood: Vulnerable households will be given priority in project construction employment and provided with income restoration support. Vulnerable persons/businesses will receive ₹9,000 as one-time assistance under temporary impacts.	Vulnerable households will be identified during the census	CMSC will verify the extent of impacts through 100% surveys of AHs and determine assistance, verify and identify vulnerable households. PIU and CMSC will monitor and ensure this entitlement.
3	Any other loss not identified	-	-	Unanticipated involuntary impacts will be documented and mitigated based on ADB's Safeguard Policy (SPS), 2009 and RSTDSP resettlement framework.	-	CMSC/CAPPC will ascertain the nature and extent of such loss. PMU will finalize the entitlements in line with ADB's SPS, 2009.

CAPP=community awareness and public participation consultant, EMP = environmental management plan, ₹ = Indian rupee, PMU = project management unit, ROW = right-of-way, RFCTLARRA = Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, SPS = Safeguard Policy Statement, m² = square meter.

^a To be provided for affected persons whose livelihood is affected by the Project. The transitional allowance will cover the period of transition and comply with established minimum wage standards in the respective towns/cities in the case of wage-earning affected persons and incomes earned in the case of non-wage-earning affected persons.

^b This includes: leaving spaces for access between mounds of soil, providing walkways and metal sheets to maintain access across trenches for people and vehicles where required, increased workforces to finish work in areas with impacts on access, timing of works to reduce disruption during business hours, phased construction schedule and working one segment at a time and one side of the road at a time.

^c For example, assistance to shift to the other side of the road where there is no construction. Such assistances will be given only to non-movable businesses (which are not on wheels).

^d Vulnerability benefits are incremental, i.e., in addition to other entitlements and benefits.

^e Vulnerable households comprise below poverty line households, female-headed households, households with out of school/working children, disabled person-headed household, elderly headed household or elders, landless household, household with no legal title/tenure security, and schedule castes and scheduled tribe households

77. If construction activities result into unavoidable temporary livelihood disruption, compensation for loss of income or a transitional allowance for the period of disruption, whichever is greater, will be provided. Vulnerable affected persons will be given priority in project construction employment and will be provided with additional special assistance for income restoration support. Compensation and assistance to affected persons must be made prior to possession of land/assets and prior to the award of civil works contracts. Since most affected households have moveable stalls, ID cards should be distributed 30 days before compensation. In summary, temporarily affected persons will be provided with:

- (i) 30 days' advance notice regarding construction activities, including duration and type of disruption.
- (ii) Contractor's actions to ensure there is no income/access loss consistent with the initial environmental examination. This includes, increased workforces to finish work in areas with impacts on access, timing of works to reduce disruption during business hours, phased construction schedule. and working one segment at a time and one side of the road at a time
- (iii) Assistance to mobile vendors/hawkers to temporarily shift for continued economic activity. For example, assistance to shift to the other side of the road or within immediate vicinity where there is no construction.
- (iv) For construction activities involving unavoidable livelihood disruption, compensation for lost income or a transitional allowance for the period of disruption whichever is greater.

VIII. RESETTLEMENT BUDGET AND FINANCING PLAN

78. The resettlement budget for construction and laying of Bundi water supply and waste water subproject town components includes resettlement assistance, as outlined in the entitlement matrix and contingency provision amounting to 20% of the total cost and is presented in **Table 19**. Community awareness and public participation consultants (CAPPC) will be involved in facilitating the disbursement process and will facilitate opening bank of accounts for the affected persons who do not have bank accounts. The total resettlement cost for the subproject is **₹10,05,811 (1.005 million)**. The Superintending Engineer / Executive Engineer of PIU will be issuing sanction order for compensation payment to affected persons which shall be released through electronic clearance service/National Electronic Fund Transfer (ECS/NEFT) transaction from bank, through concerned Treasury of the state administration.

79. The details of resettlement plan budget estimate are the following:

- (i) **Total number of affected persons – Temporary loss of livelihood.** A total of 62 persons have been identified as project affected persons during income loss survey. Temporary livelihood losses are estimated for 14 days for each of the 62 affected person under this subproject.
- (ii) **Total number of vulnerable affected persons –** As per socio-economic survey 23 affected persons are from vulnerable category. Vulnerability assistance for RSTDSP has been budgeted amounting to ₹ 9,000 per household, in accordance with the entitlement matrix (temporary loss of livelihood).
- (iii) **Compensation against daily income loss –** as per income loss survey, the total daily income for all surveyed affected persons is ₹ 20600 and accordingly, the average of this total figure i.e., ₹332 has been considered as average daily income of affected persons (it is higher than the daily minimum wage rate of Rajasthan, which is ₹ 259). This average has been applied for all 62 affected persons in budget estimate.

- (iv) **Shifting assistance.** Shifting assistance shall be provided to 62 movable structures. A uniform amount of ₹ 1500 is proposed as shifting assistance for the 62 movable shops.
- (v) **Contingency amount** – Contingency amount of 20% is also included in budget provisions as cushion for any unforeseen impacts during execution of civil work.

Table 19: Resettlement Budget³⁶

S. No	Item	Unit No.	Unit Rate*	Amount ₹
A.	Resettlement Costs			
1	Assistance for temporary livelihood impacts for 14 days ³⁷	62	₹332 per day ³⁸	288176
2	Shifting Assistance (lump sum)	62	₹1,500 one time	93000
3	Assistance for the temporary disruption of livelihood to vulnerable households	23	₹9,000 one time	207000
	Sub - Total (A)			588176
B.	Contingency (20%)			117635
	Sub-Total A+B			705811
C.	Detailed Measurement Survey (DMS) for resettlement plan updating (lumpsum)		LS	300000
	Grand Total (A+B+C)			1005811 ₹1.005 million

*All entitlements and compensation to affected persons will be adjusted for inflation and compensation payment determined accordingly.

80. The Superintending Engineer/Executive Engineer of the concerned PIU will make the payments directly in favour of the affected persons through electronic clearance service/National Electronic Fund Transfer (ECS/NEFT) transaction from bank, through concerned Treasury of the state administration. The PIU/project ULB will deposit appropriate amount with the district treasury for the same which will be sourced from resettlement and rehabilitation budget, kept aside as the state share, for this project. The PIU (with CMSC support staff at PIU level) and CAPPC will be involved in facilitating the disbursement process and will facilitate opening bank accounts for the affected persons who do not have bank accounts. PIU will prepare compensation details including names of affected persons, bank account details, compensation amount, and submit to the district treasury to enable timely compensation payments prior to start of civil works. PIU with support from CMSC field staff and CAPPC will monitor compensation payment to affected persons. CMSC will support the PIU to monitor, document and maintain evidence of payments in PIU's records. Zonal PIU will monitor all town level PIUs for compliances in this respect.

IX. INSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS AND IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE

A. Institutional Arrangements

³⁶ Grievance redress costs are part of the contractor's budget and PMU/PIU budgets hence not presented in budget table and consultation costs are included in consultancy costs and hence not included in this budget.

³⁷ For construction activities involving unavoidable livelihood disruption, compensation for lost income or a transitional allowance will be paid as per average daily income arrived at from census and socio-economic survey or as per latest applicable minimum wage rate at the time of compensation, whichever is greater.

³⁸ Total income per day of Surveyed affected persons (62 numbers) comes to ₹20600 and accordingly an average of ₹ 332 per day has been arrived. The average income arrived (₹332 approximate), is much above the current minimum wage (₹259 per day for unskilled labor; ₹271 per day for semi-skilled; ₹283 per for skilled labor; ₹333 per day for highly skilled labor) notified by Government of Rajasthan, as per the state gazette notification dated 07.02.2022. Refer **Appendix 15**.

81. The implementation arrangements include Local Self Government Department (LSGD), Government of Rajasthan will be the executing agency of the project. The department will be responsible for overall strategic guidance and for ensuring compliance with ADB's loan covenants. RUDSICO is the implementing agency for the RSTDSP, responsible for technical supervision and project implementation. The RUDSICO Board under the Chairmanship of the Minister for Urban Development, and members comprising the Chief Secretary, Secretaries of LSGD, Finance, Planning, PWD, PHED and the project director, RUIDP as member secretary. It shall have full powers to decide on matters related to RSTDSP. The Board will take needful policy decisions, provide administrative and financial approvals, expedite clearances of project matters, ensure inter-departmental coordination and provide guidance to the PMU. As per GO dated 21 Feb 2018, all powers and responsibilities of earlier state level empowered committee (SLEC, under RUIDP Phase III) have now been transferred to RUDSICO Board.

82. RUDSICO has already established a state-level PMU, headed by dedicated project director, and housed in EAP division of RUDSICO. For the purpose of project implementation, two zonal PIUs, at Jaipur and Jodhpur, headed by ACE has been established. At field level, town-level PIUs will be established for project implementation on ground.

B. Safeguard Implementation Arrangement

83. **Project Management Unit.** RUDSICO already established a state-level PMU, headed by dedicated project director, and housed in EAP division of RUDSICO. For the purpose of project implementation, 2 zonal PIUs, at Jaipur and Jodhpur, headed by ACE has been established. At PMU, there are 2 dedicated project officers: (i) project officer (Environment); and (ii) project officer (Social and Gender), who is responsible for compliance with the environmental, social safeguards and gender in project implementation. Project officer (social and gender) have an overall responsibility in implementation of the RSTDSP as per the social safeguards frameworks (resettlement framework and indigenous people planning framework [IPPF]) and gender equality and social inclusion (GESI) Action Plan agreed between ADB and the government, including appropriate monitoring and reporting responsibilities. Project Officer (Social and Gender) at the PMU is supported by the social safeguards specialist (SSS) and the gender specialist of PMCBC. Key safeguard and gender mainstreaming related tasks and responsibilities at the PMU level are as follows:

1. Social Safeguards and Gender

- (i) Ensure subprojects conform to the agreed subproject selection criteria for the project;
Review and finalize subproject involuntary resettlement and indigenous people category;
- (ii) Oversee preparation of resettlement plans, RIPPs and DDRs; confirm existing resettlement plans and DDRs are updated based on detailed designs, change in scope of work, and that new subproject resettlement plans, RIPPs and DDRs are prepared in accordance with the resettlement framework and IPPF prepared for the project;
- (iii) Liaise with district administration for land acquisition, transfers; ensuring land availability;
- (iv) Ensure that resettlement plans, RIPPs and DDRs are included in the bidding documents and civil works contracts;
- (v) Provide oversight on social safeguard management aspects of subprojects and facilitate and follow-up to ensure that any delays in land procurement are addressed;
- (vi) Ensure and monitor the provision in the contract to include the indigenous people to benefit from the facilities constructed under the project;

- (vii) Facilitate and ensure compliance with all government rules and regulations regarding no objection certificates, third party certificates for negotiated settlement or donation, land ownership, and transfer details for each site, as relevant;
- (viii) Supervise and guide the zonal PIUs and city level PIUs to properly carry out the social safeguard monitoring;
- (ix) Review, monitor, and evaluate the effectiveness with which the resettlement plans, RPPs and provisions of DDRs are implemented, and recommend corrective actions to be taken as necessary;
- (x) Consolidate monthly social safeguard and gender monitoring reports from PIUs and the CMSCs and submit semi-annual social safeguard monitoring reports to ADB;
- (xi) Ensure timely disclosure of final resettlement plans, RPPs and DDRs in locations and form accessible to the public and affected persons;
- (xii) Address any grievances brought about through the grievance redress mechanism promptly;
- (xiii) Oversee the assessment of training needs of affected persons and vulnerable persons by PIUs and/or PMCBC, coordinate training activities and convergence with the livelihood programs of the government;
- (xiv) Ensure effective implementation of GRM at all levels;
- (xv) Coordinate database management for social safeguards implementation and monitoring;
- (xvi) Coordinate public awareness campaigns by the PIUs including resettlement provisions with the help of print and electronic media; and
- (xvii) Serve as Gender Focal Point at PMU, which would involve overseeing - with the support of PMCBC, the implementation, monitoring and reporting on the GESI action plan.

84. The PMU is being supported by three institutional consultants under the supervision and control of project director, PMU: (i) the PMCBC is supporting the PMU; (ii) 2 CMSC are supporting the two zonal PIUs and town-level PIUs; and (iii) community awareness and public participation (CAPP) Consultants, will support the zonal PIUs and town-level PIUs.

85. **Zonal Project implementation units.** There are 2 zonal level PIUs at Jaipur and Jodhpur. Under each zonal PIU, there are city/town level PIUs, for ease of day-to-day monitoring and management at local level. The Additional Chief Engineer at each Zonal PIU is serving as the Nodal Officer, Safeguards and Gender. Each Zonal PIU is staffed with an assistant safeguards officer (ASO Environmental and Social Safeguards) who are assisting PMU project officer (environment/social) in implementation of the environmental/social safeguards and GESI Action Plan in PIUs under its jurisdiction. Zonal PIUs undertaking internal monitoring and supervision and record observations throughout the project period to ensure that the safeguards and mitigation measures are provided as intended.

86. The zonal level ASO is overseeing safeguards implementation by the city/town level PIUs, coordinate public consultations, information disclosure, regulatory clearances and approvals, implementation of resettlement plans, RPPs, EMP implementation, and grievance redressal.

87. The Zonal PIUs will oversee and support social safeguards and gender equality and social inclusion action plan implementation by the PIUs at town/city level, through the following key tasks:

- (i) fill up involuntary resettlement and indigenous people impact checklist and classify the project;

- (ii) supervise CMSC to coordinate with PIUs and safeguards field staff for conduct census and socio-economic surveys, detailed measurement surveys, and verification surveys of affected persons, conduct consultations with affected persons, finalize the list of affected persons, prepare and/or update the resettlement plan, RIPP and DDR, with the assistance of CMSC and submit to PMU for review and approval and submission to ADB;
- (iii) supervise PIUs to inform affected persons about (a) the project cut-off date; (b) public notice for the schedule of land acquisition and/or occupation; (c) entitlement matrix; and (d) compensation packages against different categories of loss and a tentative schedule of land clearing and/or acquisition for the start of civil works activities;
- (iv) coordinate valuation of assets, such as land and trees of various species. Finalize compensation packages based on proper due diligence and assessment;
- (v) facilitate land acquisition and compensation processes in consultation with the district administration; coordinate, supervise, and monitor the disbursement of compensation;
- (vi) Support PIUs to obtain no objection certificates, land documents, and third-party certifications as required for the subproject, in coordination with PIUs;
- (vii) support PMU to include resettlement plans, RIPPs and DDRs in bidding documents and civil works contracts;
- (viii) guide PIUs to oversee implementation of avoidance and mitigation measures in the resettlement plans, RIPPs and DDRs by contractors, including compliance with all government rules and regulations; take necessary action for obtaining ROW;
- (ix) guide and monitor PIUs to oversee resettlement plans, RIPPs and DDR, and gender equality and social inclusion action plan implementation and maintenance of data for monitoring by contractors;
- (x) ensure listing of town wise BPL households;
- (xi) assist in conducting needs assessment to list skills relevant to the sector;
- (xii) assist to identify participants for livelihood and skilling training for women and members of other vulnerable groups;
- (xiii) ensure that the project maintains sex disaggregated data on staff, consultants, construction workforce participation, labor and project related trainings;
- (xiv) ensure that gender focal points are nominated in town level PIUs;
- (xv) ensure and monitor the provision in the contract to include the indigenous people to benefit from the facilities constructed under the project;
- (xvi) to ensure that corrective actions are taken when necessary to ensure compliance with SPS and loan covenants;
- (xvii) submit monthly social monitoring reports to PIUs and PMU;
- (xviii) guide PIUs to conduct continuous public consultation and awareness;
- (xix) address any grievances brought about through the grievance redress mechanism promptly;
- (xx) organize an induction course for the training of contractors, preparing them on resettlement plans, RIPPs, DDR, and GESI action plan implementation, social safeguard, and gender monitoring requirements related to mitigation measures, grievance redress mechanism and on taking immediate action to remedy unexpected adverse impacts or ineffective mitigation measures found during implementation;
- (xxi) liaise with the district administration, and line departments for dovetailing government's schemes for income generation and development programs for affected people, as and when required; and
- (xxii) assist in the implementation, monitoring, and reporting progress of gender equality and social inclusion action plan.

88. Town/City Level Project Implementation Unit. The town-level PIUs will be responsible for the quality of works executed under the project and being guided by the zonal PIUs. The city/town PIUs will be responsible for implementation of the IEE/resettlement plan/RIPP/GESI action plan. The town-level PIUs will be headed by a project manager (executive engineer or assistant engineer) and will be supported by CMSC field staff. Environment specialist of CMSC will be assisting PIU in implementation of environmental safeguard. Social and gender specialist of CMSC will be assisting PIU in implementation of social safeguard and GESI related tasks. At each PIU, the assistant project manager will have an additional responsibilities of safeguard tasks and designated as SSO. The SSO will be assisted by the social and gender specialist and environment Specialist of CMSC in reviewing updated/revise IEEs, conducting surveys for updating of resettlement plan/due diligence report, public consultation and disclosure, assessment of entitlement and computation of compensation other than those covered under the RFCTLARRA, 2013, etc. The SSO, with the support of CMSC Social safeguards and Gender Specialist and CMSC field support staff, assisting Zonal ASO and PMU project officer (social) in implementation of the following key tasks. They are responsible for coordination of field level activities related to safeguards conducted by the DBO contractor and CMSC. Key role and tasks of town/city level PIU will be:

- (i) Provide field data to fill up IR/IP impact checklist and classify the project;
- (ii) Conduct census and socio-economic surveys, detailed measurement surveys, and verification surveys of affected persons, conduct consultations with affected persons, prepare list of affected persons, provide all data required to prepare/update resettlement plans/DDR/RIPPs with the assistance of CMSC field support, and ensure updated information is submitted to zonal PIU for preparation/updating of documents with CMSC and DBO contractor's support;
- (iii) Inform affected persons about tentative schedule of land acquisition/occupation, entitlement matrix and compensation packages against different categories of loss, and cut-off date;
- (iv) Coordinate valuation of assets, such as land, trees of various species, etc. Based on proper due diligence and assessment, prepare compensation packages;
- (v) Coordinate, supervise and monitor disbursement of compensation;
- (vi) Obtain no objection certificates (NOCs), land documents, third party certifications as required for the subproject;
- (vii) Support Zonal PIUs to prepare/update resettlement plans/RIPPs /DDRs;
- (viii) Oversee day-to-day implementation of impact avoidance and mitigation measures in resettlement plans/DDRs/RIPPs and EMP by contractors, including compliance with all government rules and regulations particularly health and safety, take necessary action for obtaining ROW;
- (ix) Oversee maintenance of data for monitoring, by consultants and contractors;
- (x) Implement corrective actions when necessary to ensure no adverse social impacts;
- (xi) Submit monthly social monitoring reports to zonal PIU;
- (xii) Conduct continuous public consultation and awareness;
- (xiii) Set up GRM at field/site/PIU level and ensure it is fully functional. Address any grievances brought about through the grievance redress mechanism in a timely manner;
- (xiv) Ensure that induction course for the training of contractors is conducted regularly. Prepare contractors (with consultants' support) on resettlement plans/DDR/RIPP/ GESI action plan implementation, social safeguard and gender monitoring requirements related to mitigation measures, health and safety and on taking immediate action to remedy unexpected adverse impacts or ineffective mitigation measures found during the course of implementation;

- (xv) Liaise with the District Administration and line departments for dovetailing Government's schemes for income generation and development programs for affected persons, as and when required;
- (xvi) Supervise the work of all consultants at town level (CMSC, CAPPC).
- (xvii) Undertake day-to-day implementation of final resettlement plans and GESI action plan;
- (xviii) Provide field level information required to prepare periodic safeguard monitoring reports in a format acceptable to ADB and quarterly GESI action plan updates in the format provided in PAM;
- (xix) Ensure relevant data on implementation of GESI action plan is collected and a gender-sensitive communication strategy and information, education and communication (IEC) materials are designed, illustrating key social and behavioral messages related to hygiene, sanitation, and health jointly with the communication specialist and in accordance with the GESI action plan; and
- (xx) Extend support in carrying out awareness campaigns in project towns.

89. **Design-build-operate Contractor.** The **contractor** will be responsible to providing final design (including pipe alignments) to the supervision consultant for finalization/updating of resettlement plan. The contractor will appoint an environment, health and safety (EHS) engineer who is responsible on a day-to-day basis for (i) ensuring implementation of EMP, (ii) coordinating with the town-level PIUs and environment specialists of project consultant teams; (iii) community liaison,³⁹ consultations with interested/affected people, (iv) field-level grievance redress; and (iv) reporting.

90. After approval of resettlement plan (RP) and IEE, a copy of the EMP or approved Specific Environmental Management Plan (SEMP) will be kept on-site during the construction period at all times. Non-compliance with, or any deviation from, the conditions set out in the EMP or SEMP constitutes a failure in compliance and will require corrective actions. The EARF and the IEEs specify responsibilities in EMP implementation during design, construction and operation and maintenance (O&M) phases.

91. The DBO contractor will have a dedicated social outreach team (SOT) and designated social supervisor, who will be a graduate in social science/sociology and would have at least 5 years of experience in resettlement planning and implementation and engage with the PIU, CAPPC and CMSC on social safeguards, health and safety, and core labor standards. The key role of the Contractor's Social Supervisor related to social safeguards will be to:

- (i) Work in close coordination with the PIU, CMSC and PMCBC engineers and social safeguards personnel to help finalize detailed design keeping the safeguard principles adopted for the project in view;
- (ii) Support project consultants in achieving subproject goals; and undertake consultations with appropriate stakeholders including Nagar Nigam Officials as and when required in presence of PIU/PMU Officials Consultants;
- (iii) Ensure strict adherence to agreed impact avoidance and mitigation measures in the resettlement plan/DDR/RIPP during implementation;
- (iv) Assist with grievance redressal and ensure recording, reporting and follow-up for resolution of all grievances received; and
- (v) Submit monthly progress reports to PIU/PMU on subproject progress.

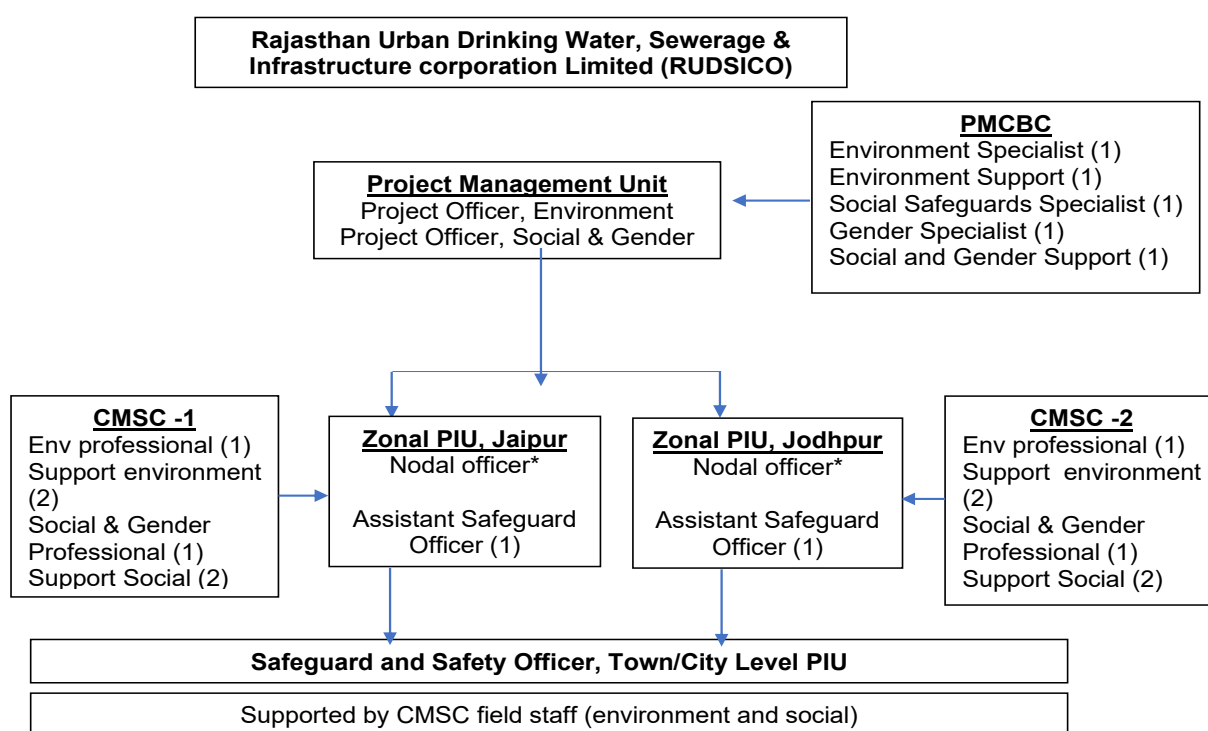
92. **Civil works contracts:** The resettlement plans /IPPs are to be included in bidding and contract documents and verified by the PIUs and PMU. All contractors will be required to

³⁹ Reasonable size social outreach team (SOT) will be appointed by contractor to facilitate community liaison, consultations and R&R implementation (including resolution of grievances). Requirement of SOT will be included in bid document.

designate an Environment, Health and Safety (EHS) supervisor to ensure implementation of EMP/resettlement plan social safeguard provisions in the agreed resettlement framework for the Project during civil works and O&M, who will also have the responsibility for communication with the public under the guidance of PMU/PIUs and grievance registration. Contractors are to carry out all mitigation and monitoring measures outlined in their contract.

93. The PMU and PIUs will ensure that bidding and contract documents include specific provisions requiring contractors to comply with: (i) all applicable labor laws and core labor standards on (a) prohibition of child labor as defined in national legislation for construction and maintenance activities; (b) equal pay for equal work of equal value regardless of gender, ethnicity, or caste; and (c) elimination of forced labor; and with (ii) the requirement to disseminate information on sexually transmitted diseases, including HIV/AIDS, to employees and local communities surrounding the project sites.

Figure 18: Safeguard Organogram – RSTDSP



*Zonal PIU will be led by a nodal officer of the rank of assistant chief engineer who will also be the nodal person for safeguards and gender compliances in project implementation by town level PIUs. S/he will be supported by ASO in execution of these responsibilities.

94. Further details on agencies responsible for social safeguard implementation during different project phases are given in **Table 20** below.

Table 20: Institutional Roles and Responsibilities

PMU Project Officer; (Social),	(i) Review IR/IP impact categorization checklists, and assign categorization based on SPS 2009 (ii) Review and approve resettlement plans/RIPPs/DDR and submit to ADB for approval and disclosure in ADB website (iv) Ensure approved resettlement	(i) Over-all social safeguards compliance of the project (ii) Monitor and ensure compliance of resettlement plans/RIPPs as well as any other provisions and conditions. (iii) Review monthly monitoring report. (iv) Prepare and submit to ADB semi-annual monitoring reports.	(i) Compliance monitoring to review the social safeguard performance of project component, if required and as specified in resettlement plans/RIPPs. (ii) Coordinate for external monitoring reports if necessary.
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	plans/RIPPs/DDR's are disclosed in RSTDSP/PMU websites and summary posted in public areas accessible and understandable by local people. (v) Ensure social safeguard documents are included in bid documents and contracts (vi) Organize an orientation workshop for PMU, PIU, ULB and all staff involved in project implementation on ADB SPS, relevant national and/or state laws, resettlement plan/IPP preparation implementation and monitoring, timely payment of compensation before start of civil work, mitigation measures, public relations and ongoing and meaningful consultations, grievance redress, etc. (vii) Assist in timely redressal of grievances (viii) Organize an induction course for the training of contractors on social safeguards. (ix) Ensure compliance with ADB SPS and all government rules and regulations regarding impacts to IP (scheduled tribe) community. (x) Assist PMU, PIUs to document and develop good practices case studies as per the resettlement plan implementation process and schedule. (xi) Monitor the grievance redress process and ensure grievances redress within prescribed timeframe.	(v) If necessary, prepare Corrective Action Plan and ensure implementation of corrective actions to ensure no impacts are mitigated; (vi) Organize capacity building programs on social safeguards (vii) Coordinate with national and state level government agencies (viii) Assist in addressing any grievances brought about through the Grievance Redress Mechanism in a timely manner as per the GRM (ix) Coordinate PIUs, consultants and contractors on mitigation measures involving the community and affected persons and ensure that social concerns and suggestions are incorporated and implemented.	
Zonal PIU, Assistant Safeguard Officer	(i) Coordinate updating/preparation of resettlement plans/ RIPPs/ DDRs with CMSC's support and ensure the documents are included in bid documents and contract agreements. (ii) Disclose approved resettlement plans/ RIPPs/ DDRs. (iii) Obtain all necessary agreements, sale deeds, transfers of title, consents/	(i) guide PIUs to oversee implementation of avoidance and mitigation measures in by contractors. (ii) Take necessary action for obtaining rights of way. (iii) Oversee implementation of RPs/RIPPs. (iv) Take corrective actions when necessary. (v) Ensure monthly reports contain relevant sections on social safeguards implementation.	(i) Conducting social monitoring, as specified in the RPs/ RIPPs.

	NOCs, third party certification etc. as applicable. Ensure compliance to the provisions and conditions in such documents. (iv) Guide town/city level PIUs in resettlement plan/RIPP implementation including payment of compensation prior to civil work, encumbrance free sites for construction work, dissemination of information/notice prior to start of construction etc. (v) Organize an induction course for the training of contractors, preparing them on site situations and local sensitivities, scheduling of work as per local community's requirements, if any, monitoring requirements and taking immediate actions to mitigate unanticipated impacts. (vi) Consolidate monthly social and GESI monitoring reports by town-level PIUs and submit to PMU; (vii) Continued consultation activities with stakeholders.	Consolidate and submit monthly social monitoring reports to PMU, (vi) Conduct public consultation and awareness raising during the entire project cycle. (vii) Formulate time bound corrective actions for non-compliances (viii) Address any grievances brought about through the grievance redress mechanism in a timely manner as per the GRM.	
Town/City Level PIU Safeguard and Safety Officer	(i) Provide necessary data for IR/IP categorization. (ii) Conduct sample socio-economic surveys, data analysis during resettlement plan/RIPP preparation and detailed measurement surveys for resettlement plan/RIPP preparation and updating; submit updated information to zonal PIUs for updating of resettlement plans/DDR/RIPPs with CMSC's support. (iii) Liaise with affected persons and district administration regarding land acquisition, payment of compensation. (iv) Coordination with departments/individuals regarding consent/ NOCs/ land records/ agreements/ transfers and third-party certification.	(i) Oversee day-to-day implementation of impact avoidance and mitigation measures proposed resettlement plans/RIPPs/DDRs including compliance with all government rules and regulations. (ii) Take corrective actions when necessary to ensure no adverse social impacts. (iii) Submit monthly monitoring reports with social safeguards compliance to PMU. (iv) Conduct public consultation and awareness activities throughout the project cycle. (v) Address any grievances brought about through the grievance redress mechanism in a timely manner	(i) Ensure coordination with the stakeholders including APs/IP to ensure project benefits as envisaged. (ii) Prepare case studies/ good practices for the project.
Consultants –	(i) Assist PMU to review IR/IP checklists and categorization;	Assist PMU to monitor resettlement plan/ RIPP	(i) Assist PMU in monitoring of socioeconomic

PMCBC-Safeguard Specialist – Resettlement 1	(ii) Assist PMU to review and ensure resettlement plans/ RIPPs are prepared/updated based on detailed design as per agreed RF/IPPF and submit to PMU for approval (iii) Assist PMU/PIUs in coordination with different departments, obtaining all necessary inter-departmental transfers, permits, consents, NOCs, etc. Ensure provisions and conditions are incorporated in the resettlement plans/ RIPPs/ IPPs and detailed design documents. (iii) Assist in ensuring resettlement plans/RIPPs are included in bid documents and contract agreements. Assist in determining adequacy of cost for resettlement plans/RIPPs implementation. (iv) Assist in addressing any grievance. (v) Assist PMU in setting up monitoring systems for social safeguards and GESI. (vi) Assist PMU in the design and conduct training and capacity building programs and workshops. (vii) Assist PMU to guide all project entities (zonal PIUs, PIUs, CMSCs) in social safeguards and GESI implementation, monitoring and reporting.	implementation as per the approved document. (ii) Recommend corrective action measures for non-compliance by contractors, if any. (iii) Assist in the review of monitoring reports submitted by contractors. (iv) Assist in the compilation / preparation of semi-annual social monitoring reports. (v) Assist in the preparation of quarterly progress reports, including reporting on social safeguards and GESI implementation. (vi) Assist PMU to supervise and conduct public consultation and awareness activities throughout the project cycle. (vi) Assist in addressing any grievances brought about through the Grievance Redress Mechanism in a timely manner.	status of affected persons, post resettlement plan/RIPP implementation.
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2.CMSC-2 Social Safeguards Professional and field support staff	Assist zonal PIUs and town/city level PIUs to prepare/update resettlement plans based on detailed design and detailed measurement surveys; Guide CMSC field staff and contractor's social supervisor to conduct joint surveys and collect all information and conduct site-specific consultations required for preparing/updating resettlement plans/ DDRs/ RIPPs and for preparing IR/IP checklists Guide CMSC field staff in supporting PIUs to announce cut-off dates, and disclose resettlement plans/RIPPs to affected persons and implement resettlement plans/RIPPs Support zonal and town-level PIUs in resettlement plan/ RIPP and GESI implementation, monitoring and reporting, and grievance resolution and reporting.	Support zonal PIUs to ensure (through field staff) that PIUs and contractors implement impact avoidance and mitigation measures; Assist town level PIUs (through field staff) to ensure resettlement plans/RIPPs are implemented and all compensation paid prior to start of civil works Assist in monitoring and reporting, preparation of quarterly and semi-annual reports. Assist in grievance resolution and reporting.	Supervise contractors to ensure any land required temporarily during construction, is restored to original condition, post construction. Assist zonal PIUs in monitoring of socioeconomic status of APs, post resettlement plan implementation.
Contractors (Officer)	(iv) Assist with grievance redressal and ensure recording, reporting and follow-up for resolution of all grievances received. (v) Assist PIU in disclosing relevant information on social safeguards. (vi) Ensure strict adherence to ADB and government policy on social safeguards.	(i) Implement EMP. (ii) Implement corrective actions if necessary. (iii) Prepare and submit monitoring reports including pictures to PIU (iv) Brief staff, employees, and labor about the requirements of the good engineering practices to avoid / mitigate any impacts. (v) Bear the costs of any damages/compensation resulting from non-adherence to the provisions resettlement plans/RIPPs or written site instructions; (viii) Ensure that PIUs are timely informed of any foreseeable activities related to resettlement plan/RIPP implementation.	(i) Ensure benefits are availed by citizens as envisaged. (ii) Request certification from PIU

ADB = Asian Development Bank, CMSC= Construction Management and Supervision Consultant, CAPPC = community awareness and participation consultant, FGD = focus group discussion, PIU =project implementation unit, IPP= Indigenous people plan, PMCBC = project management and capacity building consultant, PMU =project management unit, RP= resettlement plan, ULB= urban local body.

C. Institutional Capacity and Development

95. RUSIDCO-EAP has experienced project staff for social safeguards, with knowledge and experience of ADB social safeguard policies and their implementation. However, retirement of existing staff during project implementation, transfer of candidates or recruitment/designation of new candidates as safeguards officers at zonal or town level will require training of the new staff and officers who will be involved in project preparation and implementation of this project. The PMCBC Social Safeguard Specialist will be responsible for training the PMU's safeguards officers (environmental and social), and PIUs' engineers and social safeguards officers. The resettlement framework includes indicative training modules on safeguards. The PMCBC will coordinate with PMU and PIUs on specific capacity development program.

- (i) sensitization on ADB's Policies and guidelines on social and indigenous people safeguards (ADB's Safeguard Requirement 2 and 3: Involuntary Resettlement and Indigenous Peoples) including meaningful consultation, GRM and accountability mechanism;
- (ii) introduction to the assessment of involuntary resettlement and indigenous peoples impacts and mitigation measures, including best practices, in the design, construction, operation and maintenance of water supply, sewerage, roads, and drainage subprojects;
- (iii) preparation and review of resettlement plans/RIPPs/DDRs based on preliminary design, and updating of the documents based on the final design;
- (iv) improved coordination within nodal departments;
- (v) disbursement of compensation, consultation; and
- (vi) monitoring and reporting requirements.

96. Table 21 provides the indicative training needs assessment. The cost of trainings will be borne under the Project's capacity building program by PMU. The detailed cost and specific modules will be customized for the available skill set after assessing the capabilities of the target participants and the requirements of the project by the SSS of PMCBC.

Table 21: Indicative Training Needs Assessment

Description	Target Participants and Venue	Source of Funds
1. Introduction and Sensitization to Social/Resettlement Issues (1 day) - ADB Safeguards Policy Statement - Government of India and Rajasthan applicable social safeguard acts - Incorporation of social/resettlement components under EMP into the project design and contracts - Monitoring, reporting and corrective action planning	All staff and consultants involved in the project At PMU, Jaipur	PMU cost
2. resettlement plan implementation (2 days; 2 times during implementation with interval of one year in-between) - Roles and responsibilities - resettlement plan components and stages in implementation - Construction schedules and timelines - Public relations - Consultations - Grievance redress - Monitoring and corrective action planning - Reporting and disclosure - Timely documentation	All staff and consultants involved in the subproject All contractors prior to award of contract At each PIU	PMU cost

Description	Target Participants and Venue	Source of Funds
- Compliance with loan covenants (safeguards)		
3. Experiences and best practices sharing (1 day)	All staff and consultants involved in the project	PMU Cost
- Experiences on resettlement plan implementation	All contractors	
- Issues and challenges	At PMU Jaipur	
- Best practices followed		

ADB = Asian Development Bank, EMP = environmental management plan, PIU = project implementation unit, PMU = project management unit.

D. Implementation Schedule

97. The project will be implemented over a period of 24 months (2 years). The resettlement plan implementation schedule will vary from subproject to subproject. In general, the project implementation will consist of the three major phases, namely project preparation, land acquisition (if required), and rehabilitation of affected persons. The implementation of the resettlement plan will include: (i) identification of cut-off date and notification, (ii) verification of losses and extent of impacts, (iii) finalization of entitlements and distribution of identity cards, (iv) consultations with affected persons (APs) on their needs and priorities, and (v) resettlement, provision of compensation and assistance, and restoration for affected persons (APs). The PMU and zonal PIU will ensure that no economic displacement of affected persons will occur until: (i) compensation at full replacement cost has been paid to each displaced person for project components or sections that are ready for construction; (ii) other entitlements listed in the resettlement plan are provided to the affected persons. However, public consultation and monitoring will be continued on an intermittent basis as needed during the entire duration of the project. The implementation schedule for the subproject is given in **Table 22**.

Table 22: Implementation Schedule

Activity	2023				2024			
	Q-1	Q-2	Q-3	Q-4	Q-1	Q-2	Q-3	Q-4
i. Establishment of PMU and PIUs	♦							
ii. Appointment of PMCBC	♦							
iii. Appointment of CMSC and CAPP	♦							
iv. GRC Formation	♦							
v. Briefing of the CLC/CLMC on GRC functions	♦							
vi. Census and socio-economic surveys, issuance of identity (ID) cards	♦	♦						
vii. Consultations and disclosure	♦	♦	♦	♦	♦	♦	♦	♦
viii. Confirmation of government land to be used and transfer from other departments	♦	♦						
ix. RP update/preparation	♦							
x. RP review and approval (PMU and ADB)	♦							
xi. Issue notice to affected persons	♦							
xii. Compensation and resettlement assistance	♦	♦						
xiii. Relocation as required**	♦	♦						
xiv. Skills training as required				♦				
xv. Takeover possession of acquired property	♦							
xvi. Internal monitoring	♦	♦	♦	♦	♦	♦	♦	♦
xvii. Handover land to contractors	♦				♦			
xviii. Start of civil works	♦	♦						

ADB = Asian Development Bank, CAPP= community awareness and public participation consultant, CLC/CLMC= city level committee/city level monitoring committee, CMSC= construction and supervision consultant, GRC = grievance redress committee, PIU = project implementation unit, PMCBC = project management and capacity building consultant, PMU = project management unit,

Notes: (i) The start date of census and socio-economic surveys based on final design and DMS will be the cut-off date for non-titled affected persons/temporary impacts. For titled affected persons, the cut-off date is the date as per the RFCTLARR Act 2013. (ii) The resettlement plan will be updated based on final detailed design and DMS, affected person census and socio-economic surveys, (iii) Endorsement and disclosure of finalized resettlement plans consistent with the resettlement framework to be undertaken.

** Civil works at this particular section (near Nawal Sagar Park) will commence only after payment of compensation amounts relocation of vendors to the alternate location site for continued business.

X. MONITORING AND REPORTING

98. Resettlement plan implementation will be closely monitored to provide the PMU with an effective basis for assessing resettlement progress and identifying potential difficulties and problems. Internal monitoring will be undertaken by the PIU (through the SSS) with assistance from the PMU SPO. The socio-economic status of the affected persons will be monitored to ensure that their living standards are restored to pre project level or improved. Monthly progress reports will be prepared by the consultants and contractors and submitted to the PMU. PMU will consolidate the same and will submit semi-annual monitoring reports to the ADB for approval. Monitoring reports will be disclosed on PMU and ADB websites (refer sample monitoring template in **Appendix 28**).

XI. NEXT STEPS

99. The following activities will be undertaken during resettlement plan updating and submission to ADB for review and clearance, prior to start of civil works:

- (i) No objection of Water Resources Department will be obtained for installation of raw water pumps at Kota barrage and same will be appended to the updated Resettlement Plan;
- (ii) Impact assessment of the entire alignment (10 kms HDPE 200 mm pipe proposed for distribution of treated effluent from STP) will be done during finalization of the exact alignment and same will be documented through the updated resettlement plan which will be submitted to ADB for review and clearance, prior to start of civil works in this section. Consultation with the farmers will be conducted during the process of alignment design and laying of pipelines, and if required NOC and memorandum of understanding (MOUs) will be drawn prior to laying of pipelines along the agricultural fields.
- (iii) During work execution, joint re-confirmatory survey will be conducted by the officials of PIU, CMSC and contractor to finalize the list of affected persons likely to be impacted due to civil works. In sections where impacts would be avoided, the vendors/hawkers present in that particular section will not be eligible for compensation. Impact avoidance measures, if any, will be documented in the monitoring report/s. Those who will be impacted will be paid assistance as per agreed entitlement matrix. Consultations with affected persons and those who benefited from avoided/mitigated impacts will be conducted and documented (including photographs of avoided impacts and details of all progress including access provision during construction) in the semi-annual social monitoring report. All progress on resettlement plan implementation will be reported to ADB through semi-annual social monitoring report/s.
- (iv) Meaningful consultations will be carried out, including but not limited to focus group discussions (FGDs) with women/women groups, public meetings, community discussions, and in-depth and key informant interviews through the implementation of the project and the same will be reported to ADB through a semi-annual social monitoring report;
- (v) Mitigation measures as proposed in this resettlement plan will be taken by the contractor and robust monitoring plan will put in place by the PIU and PMU to ensure its compliance. All safety measures will be taken during civil work.
- (vi) In case there is a change to project design or additional scope is proposed during implementation, ADB will be promptly informed, and the required documents will be updated during design finalization, before the start of civil works.

Appendix 1: Attested Copy of BOQ regarding removal of CRMC and MCC from Scope of Bundi Water Supply and Sewerage Subproject

SLNo	Description of Work / Item(s)	Units	TOWN WISE QTY	TOWN WISE ESTIMATE		Kharai Infrastructure Pvt. Ltd. (Bundi)	
			Bundi	Estimate Rate	Estimated Amount	Quoted Rate	Quoted Amount
265.00	Construction of Master Control Centre with Office building, as defined in Design. Supply, Installation, Construction of Master Control Centre (MCC) including but not limited to office building, water supply, sanitary, boundary wall, pipes, fittings, electrical works, steel lights, elevators, furniture, ventilation, landscaping, architectural work, finishing works and all relevant civil, electrical, mechanical works complete in all respect as per specifications, employer's requirement and satisfaction to the Employer's Representative to achieve performance indicators complete in all respect.				0.00		0
266.00	1) Nibhaura = 1 LOT 2) Bendi = 1 LOT 3) Nakhawa = 1						
267.00	Consumer Relation Management Centre	LOT		3,147,300.00	0.00	5528080	0
268.00	Design, Supply, Installation, Construction of Consumer Relation Management Centre (CRMC) including but not limited to office building, water supply, sanitary, boundary wall, pipes, fittings, electrical works, steel lights, elevators, furniture, ventilation, landscaping, architectural work, finishing works and all relevant civil, electrical, mechanical works complete in all respect as per specifications, employer's requirement and satisfaction to the Employer's Representative to achieve performance indicators complete in all respect.				0.00		0
269.00	1) Nibhaura = 2 LOT 2) Bendi = 1 LOT 3) Nakhawa = 2				0.00		0
270.00	Thrust Block	LOT		17,278,180.00	0.00	6428000	0
271.00	Construction of thrust blocks as per approved design and drawing including providing and laying in position cement concrete of 1:1.2 (1 Cement: 1 coarse sand: 2 graded stone aggregate 20 mm nominal size) (As per design mix) including the cost of working and shoring at all levels and Reinforcement for R.C.C. work (Thrust/Mechanically Treated Bars) at all levels including straightening, cutting, bending, placing in position and binding at all levels.				0.00		0
272.00	1:1.2 (1 Cement: 1 coarse sand: 2 graded stone aggregate 20 mm nominal size) (As per design mix)				0.00		0
273.00	1) Nibhaura = 167.50 cum 2) Bendi = 100 cum 3) Nakhawa = 138						
274.00	Part D: Rehabilitation of Existing CHAKS, CHWS, Pump House	cum	20.00	8,526.00	1,705,20.00	8999	179080
275.00	Cleaning, Dredging and Removal of Sludge (Maximum 150mm) by manual means and disposal at a cost of 50 rupees as per MHTM specification clause 120.				0.00		0
276.00	1) Nibhaura = 0.62 Hectare 2) Bendi = 0.50 Hectare 3) Nakhawa = 1.7				0.00		0
277.00	Providing, fabricating and erecting hand railing for walkways, top down stairs, balcony, verandah and landing consist of two runs (one at top and other at middle level) of 20 mm dia steel class-B and 400 mm high vertical angle 45/45/100 mm at spacing 1.80 m c/c including cutting, bending, applying a Engineer.	Hectare		32,500.00	0.00	32140	0
278.00	1) Nibhaura = 339.8 Hectare 2) Bendi = 0.50 Hectare 3) Nakhawa = 198				0.00		0
279.00	Providing, fabricating and erecting MS ladder (with MS cage) of 40mm wide made of 65 x 65 x 6mm angle iron, 20mm MS bars for walk way to top of the 20mm and for cage 20 x 20 x 6 mm vertical member and 40 x 6 mm horizontal member 300 c/c including cutting, bending, fixing in position and applying a priming coat of approved steel primer complete in all respect as per specifications and the direction of the Engineer.	Metre		1,020.00	0.00	600	0
280.00	1) Nibhaura = 0.50 Metre 2) Bendi = 0.50 Metre 3) Nakhawa = 15				0.00		0
281.00	Providing, fabricating and erecting MS ladder (with MS cage) of 40mm wide made of 65 x 65 x 6mm angle iron and 20mm MS bars for walkway to top of the 20mm including cutting, bending, fixing in position and applying a priming coat of approved steel primer complete in all respect as per specifications and the direction of the Engineer.	Metre		4,640.00	0.00	3857	0
282.00	1) Nibhaura = 80 Metre 2) Bendi = 0.50 Metre 3) Nakhawa = 0				0.00		0
283.00	Supply, fabricating & fixing of prefabricated (20 to 25 mm) Aluminium ladder of 40mm wide with 2 nos rectangular section of 95 x 95 mm (3 mm thick) as vertical post and 25 mm bars steps at 300 mm c/c complete in all respect as per the specification and the direction of the Engineer.	Metre		1,877.00	0.00	1928	0
284.00	1) Nibhaura = 72 Metre 2) Bendi = 0.50 Metre 3) Nakhawa = 31				0.00		0
285.00	Use brick masonry with the bricks of class designation 100 in foundation and plinth to	Metre		1,730.00	0.00	1658	0
286.00	1) Nibhaura = 133 Cum 2) Bendi = 0 Cum 3) Nakhawa = 85				0.00		0
287.00	Providing and inserting nipples with approved filling compound after drilling holes for grouting as per technical specification including subsequent cutting, removal and sealing of the holes as necessary of nipples after completion of grouting with cement grout as per clause 2807 of MHTM specification.	Cum		8,200.00	0.00	5785	0
288.00	Every gram as per clause 2802 & 2803 of MHTM specification.				0.00		0
289.00	1) Nibhaura = 534 Cum 2) Bendi = 0 Cum 3) Nakhawa = 72				0.00		0
290.00	Drilling of coarse porous concrete with following by injection process through nipples involving cost of material and labour complete as per drawing and technical specification complete.	Each		204.50	0.00	257	0
291.00	Every gram as per clause 2802 & 2803 of MHTM specification.				0.00		0
292.00	1) Nibhaura = 854 Kg 2) Bendi = 0 Kg 3) Nakhawa = 178				0.00		0
293.00	Providing and fixing galvanized iron 20 x 20 x 3 mm for ventilation fixed with 35 gauge square mesh of 14 gauge stainless steel wire including 10 mm square bars of 10mm dia welded in frame with metal binding of 20 x 30mm complete in all respect as per technical specifications and drawings as per direction of Engineer.	Kg		1,234.00	0.00	1028	0
294.00	1) Nibhaura = 14 Sqm 2) Bendi = 0 Sqm 3) Nakhawa = 0				0.00		0
295.00	Plastering of damaged concrete surface with polymer concrete and curing compounds, inhibitor and promoter, available in present formulations, to be applied as per instructions of manufacturer and as approved by the Engineer complete as per clause 2802 of MHTM specification.	Sqm		114.00	0.00	128	0
296.00	1) Nibhaura = 602 Sqm 2) Bendi = 0 Sqm 3) Nakhawa = 100				0.00		0
297.00	Removal of defective concrete, chiselling the surface thoroughly, exposing the sound concrete, removing the concrete mechanically with compressed air under pressure, conforming to IS: 303 and table 1 of IS: 9012 respectively. The concrete shall be removed to a depth of 50 mm, density of concrete shall be less than 2800 kg/m ³ , strength not less than 20 Mpa and workability conforming to clause 2807.5, complete as per clause 2807 of MHTM specification.	Sqm		756.00	0.00	643	0
298.00					0.00		0



अधीक्षण अभियन्ता
आर्युआईडीपी, पीआईयू,
फेज-चतुर्थ, नाथद्वारा

Appendix 1A: Details of Land Availability, Ownership, and Status of No Objection Certificate (NOC) for proposed sites

Project Component	Location	Ownership	Area Required (location (m ²))	Area of government land available at the location (m ²)	Khasra No. and land measurement	NOC Status	Photo of Land
A. Water Supply							
Installation of Raw water Pumps	Kota Barrage	WRD				No objection is under process which is to be obtained from WRD and the same will be appended in the updated RP/ semi-annual social safeguards monitoring report/s..	
Installation of Clear Water Pump	Mangali headworks and Vikas Nagar headwork's	PHED				The proposed land parcels required for water supply components are under Public Health and Engineering Department's (PHED's) possession.	

Project Component	Location	Ownership	Area Required (location m ²)	Area of government land available at the location (m ²)	Khasra No. and land measurement	NOC Status	Photo of Land
						NOC of PHED is attached in Appendix 3 .	
Construction of WTP of 8 MLD	Existing campus WTP at Jakhmund	PHED	4000	10000	1209/655	NOC attached in Appendix 2	
Construction of CWR- 1200 kL	Existing Campus- Nainwa Road	PHED	900	1500		NOC attached in Appendix 2	

Project Component	Location	Ownership	Area Required (location (m ²))	Area of government land available at the location (m ²)	Khasra No. and land measurement	NOC Status	Photo of Land
Construction of OHSR – 450 kL	Existing Campus – Vikas Nagar	PHED	400	3000		NOC attached in Appendix 2	
Refurbishment existing OHSRs, CWRs/ Pump houses	Existing campus	PHED	PHED				

Project Component	Location	Ownership	Area Required (location (m ²))	Area of government land available at the location (m ²)	Khasra No. and land measurement	NOC Status	Photo of Land
Transmission main	Right of way of existing road of public works department	PWD				Public works department (PWD) has already agreed to allow laying pipeline in existing right of way, Minutes of city level committee held under the chairmanship of District Collector, Bundi (Refer to Appendix 20)	
Distribution Line	In zone 5B,7,8,9,10	PWD					

B. Sewerage

Project Component	Location	Ownership	Area Required (location (m ²))	Area of government land available at the location (m ²)	Khasra No. and land measurement	NOC Status	Photo of Land
Construction Sewerage Treatment plant – 6.5 MLD	Existing campus near Ramgani Balaji	STP near Nagar Parishad	6000	15000	1265 1266 1274	STP is being constructed in the existing campus of STP, NOC of PHED, Nagar Parishad are attached in Appendix 2, 4 and 7.	
Pipe network of treated effluent of 10 Kms.	From STP site	Existing roads under Nagar Parishad – Bundi				NOC from Bundi Nagar Parishad has to be obtained for treated effluent pipe laying and updated to the RP	Agricultural fields are identified in and around the STP area. During execution. DBO Contractor will undertake the feasibility study of usage of treated effluent by agriculturists and other potential users as well as of the proposed alignment of treated effluent pipeline (10 Kms). The proposed alignment of treated effluent pipeline will be designed within the right of way of existing roads which are under Nagar Parishad – Bundi Impact assessment will be undertaken during detailed design Stage and will be recorded in the updated social safeguards document for the package which will be submitted to ADB for review and clearance.

Project Component	Location	Ownership	Area Required (location (m ²))	Area of government land available at the location (m ²)	Khasra No. and land measurement	NOC Status	Photo of Land
Feacal Sludge and Septage Management (FSSM) works	Ward 4, 5,23,24,25,27,29,42 and 53	Under FSSM desludging of septage from household pits septic tanks will be undertaken Septage will be disposed in a designated unit within the sewage treatment plant campus that is proposed under this subproject.					

Appendix 2: No Objection Certificates for WTP, CWR, OHSR and STP from PHED, Bundi

**कार्यालय अधिशाषी अभियन्ता,
जन स्वास्थ्य अभियांत्रिकी विभाग, खण्ड बून्दी**

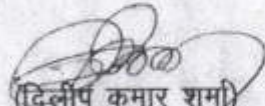
E-Mail :- esphedbundi@gmail.com
क्रमांक:- अअ/पीएच/ख.बून्दी/2023-24/364-66
श्रीमान् अधीक्षण अभियन्ता
आरयूआईडीपी (रूडिप) पि.आई.यू. फेज चतुर्थ
नाथद्वारा

Tel No. :- 0747-2456448
दिनांक:- 16/05/2023

विषय:- आरयूआईडीपी की जल प्रदाय योजना के अन्तर्गत निर्माण कार्य हेतु भूमि उपलब्ध कराने बाबत।
संदर्भ:- आपका कार्यालय पत्रांक 275 दिनांक 30.01.2023 के क्रम में।

उपरोक्त विषयान्तर्गत संदर्भित पत्र के क्रम में निवेदन है कि आरयूआईडीपी की शहरी जलप्रदाय योजना बून्दी के कार्यों के लिए वर्तमान में निम्नानुसार उपलब्ध भूमि पर निर्माण कार्य हेतु अनापत्ति प्रमाण पत्र जारी किया जाता है।

1. जल शोधन संयंत्र जाखमुण्ड- वर्तमान जल शोधन संयंत्र परिसर के अन्दर क्लेरिफ्लोकूलेटर के पास।
2. उच्च जलाशय विकास नगर- वर्तमान विकास नगर हैडवर्क्स के पास।
3. स्वच्छ जलाशय नैनवां रोड- वर्तमान नैनवां रोड हैडवर्क्स के अन्दर आवासीय क्वार्टरों के पास।
4. मल शोधन संयंत्र- बून्दी के वर्तमान मल शोधन संयंत्र के परिसर में।


(दिलीप कुमार शर्मा)
अधिशाषी अभियन्ता
जन स्वास्थ्य अभियांत्रिकी विभाग
खण्ड बून्दी

क्रमांक:- अअ/पीएच/ख.बू. /2023-24/364-66
प्रतिलिपि निम्न को सूचनार्थ एवं आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु प्रेषित है:-

1. श्रीमान् अधीक्षण अभियन्ता जन स्वा० अभि० विभाग, वृत्त बून्दी।
2. सहायक अभियन्ता जन स्वा० अभि० विभाग, नगर उपखण्ड बून्दी।


(दिलीप कुमार शर्मा)
अधिशाषी अभियन्ता
जन स्वास्थ्य अभियांत्रिकी विभाग
खण्ड बून्दी

Transcript

PHED Letter No.2023-24/364-66

Dated: 16/05/2023

**Superintending Engineer
PIU, RUIDP, Ph-IV, Nathdwara****Subject: - Regarding providing land for construction work under the water supply scheme of RUIDP.**

Reference: - In the order of your office letter no. 275 dated 30.01.2023

It is requested with reference letter under above mentioned subject, no objection certificate is issued for the following currently available land for construction work of urban water supply project of RUIDP.

1. Water Treatment Plant, Jakhmund – Inside existing Water Treatment Plant premises near Clariflocculator.
2. Overhead Service Reservoir Vikas Nagar- Near existing Vikas Nagar headworks.
3. Clear Water Reservoir Nainwan Road –inside existing Nainwan Road Headworks near Residential quarters.
4. Sewage Treatment Plant – In the premises of the existing sewage treatment plant of Bundi.

**(Dilip Kumar Sharma)
Executive Engineer
Public Health Engineering Department
Block Bundi**

Serial Number - A/PH // 20023-24/364-66

Dated- 16/05/2023

Copy is sent to the following for information and necessary action:

1. Superintending Engineer, Public Health Engineering Department, Circle Bundi
2. Assistant Engineer, Public Health Engineering Department, Urban Sub-Division, Bundi.

**(Dilip Kumar Sharma)
Executive Engineer
Public Health Engineering Department
Block Bundi**

Appendix 3: Consent for Construction of Water Treatment Plant (WTP), Clear Water Reservoir (CWR) and Overhead Service Reservoir (OHSR) at Public Health Engineering Department (PHED) Land from PHED

Letter No- 92

Date: 13.04.2022

To,
Chief Engineer,
RUIDP, Jaipur

Subject: Regarding concern for construction of WTP, CWR, OHSR and installation of pump under RUIDP, Phase-IV

Sir

With the above cited subject, it is stated that WTP, CWR, OHSR and allied works are proposed under RUIDP, Phase IV and will be constructed at following locations, details are below.

1. Installation of pump at Existing Intake –PHED campus, Mangli Head Works and Vikas Nagar Head Works
2. Construction of WTP- Existing WTP campus, Jakhmund
3. Construction of CWR- Nainwa Road Campus
4. Construction of OHSR- Housing Board, Campus

Hence, consent for construction of above facilities are hereby granted.


Executive Engineer
PHED Div. Bundi

**Appendix 4: Consent for Construction of Proposed Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) by
Municipal Council, Bundi**

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL BUNDI (RAJ.)

Letter No-807 Date: 13.04.2022

To,
Chief Engineer,
RUIDP, Jaipur

Subject: - Regarding construction of Sewerage Treatment Plant (STP)
under RUIDP, Phase-IV

Sir

With the above cited subject, it is stated that under RUIDP, Phase-IV, construction of sewerage treatment plant (STP) is proposed under sewerage sub project, which shall be constructed in the existing STP campus at near Ramganj Balaji.

Hence, consent of Nagar Parishad is hereby granted for construction of STP.


COMMISSIONER
NAGAR PARISHAD BUNDI

Appendix 5 (a): Land Record of Water Treatment Plant (8 MLD), Proposed in the existing WTP Campus at Jhakmund, Bundi



जमाबन्दी
(प्रतिलिपि)

प्रपत्र पी-26 (सी)
(देखिये नियम 153 ए)

ग्राम का नाम :- जाखमूण्ड
पटवार हल्का :- जाखमूण्ड
भू.अभि.नि. :- बन्सोप
तहसील :- तालेड़ा
जिला :- बूंदी

अंतिम चौमाला आधार सम्मत :- 2076 - 2076 जमाबंदी 2076 (वर्ष-2019) से स्थायी
भूमि धारक का नाम :- राज.सरकार
क्षेत्रफल की ईकाई :- हेक्टेयर.
खाता संख्या नया :- 421
खाता संख्या पुराना :- 1

कार्रवाज का नाम:-

1. जन.स्वा.अभि.विभाग कोटा हिस्सा- पूर्ण जीजदार,

खसरा संख्या	क्षेत्रफल	भूमि वर्गीकरण	कृषक द्वारा संदत लगान	सिंचाई के साधन	अन्तरण के क्रम में प्रमाणित नामान्तरकरण संख्या व दिनांक	टिप्पणी
1209/655	2.4281	बंजड़	2.4281	1.21		
कुल खसरे - 1	2.4281		2.4281	1.2100		

यह प्रपत्र केवल प्रार्थी की जानकारी के लिए है।

इसका उपयोग किसी भी न्यायालय में साक्ष्य के रूप में नहीं किया जा सकता है।

नकल जारी करने की तिथि :- 2-Feb-2024

डेटा की प्राप्ति नहीं हुई !!!

राजस्थान सरकार		NIC-BHUNAKSHA	
खसरा संख्या एवं जमाबंदी (प्रतिलिपि)		दिनांक : 01.02.2024 12:43:06 PM	
जिला :-	तहसील :-	भू.अ.नि. क्षेत्र :-	
पटवारी हल्का :- जाखमूण्ड	ग्राम :- जाखमूण्ड		

खसरा संख्या : 1209-655 क्षेत्रफल : 2.4281 Hectare खाता संख्या : 421 पुराना खाता संख्या : 1
भूमि विभाग/क्षेत्रफल सगज : बंजड़ [2.4281, 7.50]
1. जन.स्वा.अभि.विभाग कोटा हिस्सा- पूर्ण जीजदार

सदरम अप्रिभावी के हस्ताक्षर एवं मोहर

नोट :- 1. यह प्रपत्र केवल प्रार्थी की जानकारी के लिए है।
2. इसका उपयोग किसी भी न्यायालय में साक्ष्य के रूप में नहीं किया जा सकता है।
3. प्रतिलिपि में संशोधन सम्पादित प्रतिलिपि है। सम्बन्धित जिला तहसील कार्यालय से संपर्क करें। U/L P/N no. - null

**Appendix 5 (b): Land Record of STP (6.5 MLD), Proposed in the existing STP Campus
at Ramganj Balaji, Bundi**



**जमाबन्दी
(प्रतिलिपि)**

प्रपत्र पी-26 (सी)
(देखिये नियम 153 ए)

ग्राम का नाम :- देवपुरा
पटवार हल्का :- बून्दीसिटी
भू.अभि.नि. :- बून्दी
तहसील :- बून्दी
जिला :- बूंदी

अंतिम चीसाला आधार सम्वत :- 2071 - 2074 जमाबंदी 2076 (वर्ष 2019) से स्थायी
भूमि धारक का नाम :- राज.सरकार
क्षेत्रफल की ईकाई :- हैक्टेयर
खाता संख्या नया :- 1
खाता संख्या पुराना :- 1

1187	0.1692	गे.मु.	0.1692
1189	0.0769	गे.मु.रास्ता	0.0769
1193	0.2538	गे.मु.नाला	0.2538
1194	0.5844	गे.मु.	0.5844
1197	0.1692	गे.मु.	0.1692
121	0.5152	गे.मु.	0.5152
छार हाली बाउड़ी			
1222	0.0923	गे.मु.	0.0923
1227	0.1538	गे.मु.	0.1538
123	0.0077	गे.मु.	0.0077
राम कुमार			
1236	0.3999	गे.मु.नाला	0.3999
1239	0.3076	गे.मु.नाला	0.3076
1240	0.1769	गे.मु.नाला	0.1769
1243	0.0923	गे.मु.रास्ता	0.0923
1247	0.2153	गे.मु.	0.2153
1257	0.0769	गे.मु.	0.0769
1258	0.6537	गे.मु.	0.6537
1262	1.0228	गे.मु.	1.0228
1263	0.0538	गे.मु.रास्ता	0.0538
1264	0.7690	गे.मु.	0.7690
1265	0.6998	गे.मु.नाला	0.6998
1267	0.0692	गे.मु.रास्ता	0.0692
1270	0.1923	गे.मु.नाला	0.1923
1275	0.5152	गे.मु.नाला	0.5152
1364/36	0.8075	गे.मु.	0.8075
1417/84	0.3845	गे.मु.रास्ता	0.3845
1433/101	0.0231	गे.मु.	0.0231
1434/101	0.0231	गे.मु.	0.0231
1567/248	0.0615	गे.मु.रास्ता	0.0615
1618/533	0.9228	गे.मु.नाली	0.9228
162	8.7666	गे.मु.मैदान	8.7666
167	0.0615	गे.मु.चाह	0.0615
1691/816	0.0385	गे.मु.रास्ता	0.0385
182	0.0769	गे.मु.	0.0769
1876/1154	0.0077	गे.मु.रास्ता	0.0077
1880/1175	0.2845	गे.मु.	0.2845

Transcript

Copy of Jamabandi (Land Records)

Khatauni Village Devpura	Tehsil Bundi City	District Bundi	Name of Title Holder	Khasra No	Area (m ²)	Khata No New	Khata No- Old
			State Government/PHED	1265	0.6998	1	1



जमाबन्दी (प्रतिलिपि)

प्रपत्र पी-26 (सी)
(देखिये नियम 153 ए)

ग्राम का नाम :- देवपुरा

पटवार हल्का :- बून्दीसिटी

भू.अभि.नि. :- बून्दी

तहसील :- बून्दी

जिला :- बून्दी

अंतिम चौसाला आधार सम्वत :- 2071 - 2074 जमाबंदी 2076 (वर्ष 2019) से स्थायी

भूमि धारक का नाम :- राज.सरकार

क्षेत्रफल की ईकाई :- हैक्टेयर

खाता संख्या नया :- 896

खाता संख्या पुराना :- 1

काश्तकार का नाम:-

1. नगर परिषद बून्दी हिस्सा- पूर्ण संस्था के लिए अ.वि.व.- प्रयोजन नंदीशाला/गोशाला हेतु।

खसरा संख्या	क्षेत्रफल	भूमि वर्गीकरण	कृषक द्वारा संदत्त लगान	सिंचाई के साधन	अन्तरण के क्रम में प्रमाणित नामान्तरकरण संख्या व दिनांक	टिप्पणी
1266	0.9228	गे.मु.	0.9228		स्वीकृत नामांतरकरण : 64 20/07/2023 शुद्धिपत्र	
1274	1.8764	गे.मु.	1.8764		स्वीकृत नामांतरकरण : 3064 19/07/2023 आवंटन	
2462/1269	0.3076	गे.मु.	0.3076			
2463/1269	0.2424	गे.मु.	0.2424			
2465/1273	1.2264	गे.मु.	1.2264			
कुल खसरे - 5	4.5756		4.5756			

यह प्रपत्र केवल प्रार्थी की जानकारी के लिए है।

इसका उपयोग किसी भी न्यायालय में साक्षी के रूप में नहीं किया जा सकता है।

नकल जारी करने की तिथि :- 31-Jan-2024

डेटा की प्राप्ति नहीं हुई !!!

Transcript

Copy of Jamabandi (Land Records)

Khatauni Village Devapura	Tehsil Bundi City	District Bundi		
Name of Title Holder	Khasra No	Area (m ²)	Khata No New	Khata No- Old
Nagar Parishad (Municipal Council)	1266	0.9228	896	1
	1274	1.8764		

राजस्थान सरकार		NIC-BHUNAKSHA
खसरा नक्शा एवं जमाबंदी (प्रतिलिपि)		दिनांक : 31/01/2024 03:18:56 PM
जिला : बूँदी	तहसील : बून्दी	भू. अ. नि. क्षेत्र : बून्दी
पटवारी हल्का : बून्दीसिटी		ग्राम : देवपुरा

Scale 1:5000

खसरा संख्या : 1265 क्षेत्रफल : 0.6998 Hectare खाता संख्या : 1 पुराना खाता संख्या : 1
भूमि किस्म [क्षेत्रफल लगान] : गे.मु.नाला [0.6998]
राज. सरकार

सक्षम अधिकारी के हस्ताक्षर एवं सील

नोट :-
१. यह प्रपत्र केवल प्रार्थी की जानकारी के लिए है।
२. इसका उपयोग किसी भी न्यायालय में साक्ष्य के रूप में नहीं किया जा सकता है।
३. प्रविष्टियों में संशोधन/सत्यापित प्रतिलिपि हेतु सम्बंधित जिला/तहसील कार्यालय में संपर्क करें। ULPIN no : null

Transcript - Copy of Jamabandi (Land Records)

Khatauni Village Devpura		Tehsil Bundi City	District Bundi	
Name of Title Holder	Khasra No	Area (m ²)	Khata (New)	Khata (Old)
State Government/PHED	1265	0.6998	1	1

राजस्थान सरकार		NIC-BHUNAKSHA	
खसरा नक्शा एवं जमाबंदी (प्रतिलिपि)		दिनांक : 31/01/2024 03:34:18 PM	
जिला : बूंदी	तहसील : बून्दी	भू. अ. नि. क्षेत्र : बून्दी	
पटवारी हल्का : बून्दीसिटी	ग्राम : देवपुरा		

खसरा संख्या : 1266 क्षेत्रफल : 0.9228 Hectare खाता संख्या : 896 पुराना खाता संख्या : 1

भूमि किस्म [क्षेत्रफल लगान] :

1.) नगर परिषद बून्दी हिस्सा- पूर्ण संस्था के लिए अ.विब.- प्रयोजन नंदीशाला/गोशाला हेतु।

सक्षम अधिकारी के हस्ताक्षर एवं सील

नोट :- १. यह प्रपत्र केवल प्रार्थी की जानकारी के लिए है।
 २. इसका उपयोग किसी भी न्यायालय में साक्ष्य के रूप में नहीं किया जा सकता है।
 ३. प्रविष्टियों में संशोधन/सत्यापित प्रतिलिपि हेतु सम्बंधित जिला/तहसील कार्यालय में संपर्क करें। ULPIN no : null

Transcript - Copy of Jamabandi (Land Records)

Khatauni Village
Devpura

Tehsil
Bundi City

District
Bundi

Name of Title Holder	Khasra No	Area (m ²)	Khata No New	Khata No-Old
Nagar Parishad (Municipal Council)	1266	0.9228	896	1

राजस्थान सरकार		NIC-BHUNAKSHA
खसरा नक्शा एवं जमाबंदी (प्रतिलिपि)		दिनांक : 31/01/2024 03:47:44 PM
जिला : बूंदी	तहसील : बून्दी	भू. अ. नि. क्षेत्र : बून्दी
पटवारी हल्का : बून्दीसिटी		ग्राम : देवपुरा

Scale 1:2000

खसरा संख्या : 1274 क्षेत्रफल : 1.8764 Hectare खाता संख्या : 896 पुराना खाता संख्या : 1

भूमि किस्म [क्षेत्रफल लगान] :

1.) नगर परिषद बून्दी हिस्सा- पूर्ण संस्था के लिए अ.वि.व.- प्रयोजन नदीशाला/गोशाला हेतु।

सक्षम अधिकारी के हस्ताक्षर एवं सील

नोट :-

1. यह प्रपत्र केवल प्रार्थी की जानकारी के लिए है।
2. इसका उपयोग किसी भी न्यायालय में साक्ष्य के रूप में नहीं किया जा सकता है।
3. प्रविष्टियों में संशोधन/सत्यापित प्रतिलिपि हेतु सम्बंधित जिला/तहसील कार्यालय में संपर्क करें। ULPIN no : null

Transcript - Copy of Jamabandi (Land Records)

Khatauni Village
Devpura

Tehsil
Bundi City

District
Bundi

Name of Title Holder	Khasra No	Area (m ²)	Khata No New	Khata No-Old
Nagar Parishad (Municipal Council)	1274	1.8764	896	1

Appendix 6: District Collector's Order for Allotment of Government Land for STP

कार्यालय जिला कलेक्टर बुन्दी

संख्या - 155 दिनांक - 26.6.2008

आवेद

इस कार्यालय के आवेद संख्या 148 दिनांक 5.11.07 से सीवरेज ट्रीटमेंट प्लांट हेतु ग्राम देवपुरा तहसील बुन्दी में विस्थित आराजी खोसो 1266 रकबा 6 बीघा, 1265 रकबा 26 बीघा एवं खोसो 1274 रकबा 12 बीघा 4 बिसवा किरम गै.मुं. कुल किस्ता 3 रकबा 44 बीघा 4 बिसवा आरक्षित की गई भूमि आवंटन के सम्बन्ध में सासन उप सचिव राजस्व (गुप-3) विभाग राजस्थान जयपुर के पत्र क्रमांक प 6(112) राज/गुप-3/08 दिनांक 26.5.08 से सीवरेज ट्रीटमेंट प्लांट हेतु जन स्वास्थ्य अभियांत्रिकी विभाग को राजस्थान भू राजस्व नियम 1963 के अन्तर्गत निःशुल्क आवंटन की स्वीकृति प्रवृत्त की गई है।

अतः उपरोक्त राजकीय स्वीकृति के अनुसरण में ग्राम देवपुरा तहसील बुन्दी में विस्थित आराजी खोसो 1266 रकबा 6 बीघा, 1265 रकबा 26 बीघा एवं खोसो 1274 रकबा 12 बीघा 4 बिसवा किरम गै.मुं. कुल किस्ता 3 रकबा 44 बीघा 4 बिसवा (संलग्न नक्शानुसार) की किस्म खारिज करते हुये सीवरेज ट्रीटमेंट प्लांट हेतु जन स्वास्थ्य अभियांत्रिकी विभाग बुन्दी को राजस्थान भू राजस्व नियम 1963 के अन्तर्गत निःशुल्क आवंटन की स्वीकृति निम्न अनुबंध/ शर्तों के अधीन एतद् द्वारा प्रदान की जाती है।

अनुबन्ध:-

1. आवंटन 99 वर्ष की अवधि के लिए किया जाय है। 30 वर्ष की अवधि परन्तु पट्टे का नवीनीकरण किया जावेगा।
2. आवंटनी सीजवीक का निष्पादन निर्धारित प्रारूप में करवावेगा।
3. भूमि का प्रीक्विम या सही निर्माण शुल्क वसूल नहीं किया जावेगा।
4. जिल प्रयोजनार्थ भूमि का आवंटन किया गया है। उसी प्रयोजन के लिए भूमि का उपयोग किया जावेगा तथा भवन निर्माण कार्य भूमि का कब्जा रखने के 6 माह के भीतर प्रारम्भ कर दिया जावेगा व 2 वर्ष में पूर्ण कर लिया जावेगा।
5. भूमि सरकार से निर्धारित होगी।
6. आवंटित भूमि का कोई भी भाग अथवा उस पर सन्निहित भवन का उपयोग सदैव लोक प्रयोजन व जनता के लाभ के लिए किया जावेगा तथा भूमि एवं भवन का कुंआनपूर्ण हस्तांतरण नहीं किया जावेगा।
7. उक्त अनुबंधों की अवहेलना होने अथवा करते पाये जाने पर आवंटित से भूमि बिना किसी आधेरा अथवा मुक्याई को राज्य सरकार द्वारा वापस ग्रहण कर ली जावेगी। जिलही क्षतिपूर्ति एवं मुक्याई राशि प्राप्त करने का आवंटनी अधिकारी नहीं होगा।

जिला कलेक्टर, बुन्दी

दिनांक - 26.6.2008

क्रमांक : प.12-3(113)राजस्व-न/वे/2232-37

प्रतिलिपि निम्न को सूचनाई एवं आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु प्रेषित है -

1. सासन उप सचिव राजस्व (गुप-3) विभाग राजस्थान जयपुर के पत्र क्रमांक प 6(112) राज/गुप-3/08 दिनांक 26.5.08 के क्रम में।

Transcript:**Office of the District Collector, Bundi**

No.155

Date: 26.06.2008

Order

With reference to letter number 6(112) Raj/Group-3/08 dated 26.05.2008 of office of the Deputy Secretary, Revenue (Group-3), Jaipur, proposed land for STP has been approved and allotted to PHED free of cost under Rajasthan Land Revenue Rule 1963. Office of the District Collector, Bundi further notify the proposed land of village Devpura under Tehsil Bundi for STP with following Khasra No.1266 with area 6 Bigha, RC Khasra No.1265 with area 26 Bigha and Khasra No.1274 with area 12 Bigha 4 Biswa type Gair Mumkin with total area 44 Bigha and 4 Biswa.

Khasra No.	Area of Land	Area of Land in (Hectare)
1265	26 Bigha	0.6998
1266	06 Bigha	0.9228
1274	12 Bigha and 04 Biswa	1.8764
	Total – 44 Bigha & 04 Biswa	

So, to follow the government order, Office of the District Collector, Bundi complied with and allotted land to PHED under Rajasthan Land Revenue Rule, 1963.

Agreement:

- 1) Land has been allotted for 90 years. Renewal of Patta (allotted land) will be carried out after 30 years.
- 2) Lease deed will be executed by local authority in prescribed format.
- 3) Premium of Land and Urban Assessment Fee will not be taken.
- 4) Land will be utilized as per purpose for which land allotted and construction work will be started within 6 months after possession of land and works will be completed within two years.
- 5) **Ownership of land will continue vested with government.**
- 6) Part of allotted land or any constructed building on allotted land will be utilized under public purpose and for betterment of public and land or building on the allotted land will not be transferred under malicious intent.
- 7) In case of disregard of the obligation by allottee under this agreement, State Government can take back the land from allottee, without any appeal or objection and allottee can't claim compensation.

District Collector, Bundi

Appendix 7: No Objection Certificate of PHED on Proposed STP Land

कार्यालय अधिशासी अभियंता जन स्वास्थ्य अभियांत्रिकी विभाग खण्ड बुन्दी क्रमांक-अ.अ./स.ए.पी/जन/2015-16/		दिनांक-
आयुक्त नगर परिषद, बुन्दी।		
विषय:- MUDP द्वारा प्रस्तावित 8 MLD STP निर्माण हेतु भूमि को Environment Consent को संबंध में।		
संदर्भ:- 1. श्रीमान जिला कलेक्टर महोदय को भूमि आवंटन पत्रांक 155 दिनांक 26.06.2008 2. शासन उप सचिव जन स्वास्थ्य अभियांत्रिकी विभाग जयपुर को पत्रांक प.3(54) पीएचईसी/2011/जयपुर 04.02.2013।		
उपरोक्त विधान्तर्गत ज्ञात है कि जिला कलेक्टर महोदय को प्रारंभिक पत्र के द्वारा राम देवपुरा, बुन्दी में सीवरज परियोजना के अन्तर्गत STP निर्माण हेतु 44 बीघा 04 बिस्वा भूमि का आवंटन किया गया था। उक्त 44 बीघा 04 बिस्वा भूमि में से 19 बीघा भूमि आर.वू.आई.डी.पी द्वारा नगर परिषद को वापस से खेतिम एवं टावरबन्दी का कार्य करवाया गया है। उक्त भूमि पर MUDP द्वारा 8 MLD STP निर्माण करवाया जावेगा तथा STP का संवाहन एवं संचालन नगर परिषद बुन्दी द्वारा किया जावेगा। अतः उक्त 19 बीघा भूमि पर आर.वू.आई.डी.पी. द्वारा Environment Consent की कार्यवाही नगर परिषद बुन्दी के पास से करवायी जावे। उपरोक्त वर्णित अवधि में जमीन पर MUDP द्वारा STP निर्माण किये जावे या न-हो को कोई आपत्ति नहीं है।		
दिनांक: 12/3/2015 प्रतिकृति:- अधिशासी अभियंता, आर.वू.आई.डी.पी बुन्दी को सूचनाार्थ।	अधिशासी अभियंता जन स्वास्थ्य अभियांत्रिकी विभाग खण्ड बुन्दी।	अधिशासी अभियंता जन स्वास्थ्य अभियांत्रिकी विभाग खण्ड बुन्दी

Transcript**Office of the Executive Engineer, Public Health Engineering
Department, Bundi**

To,
Commissioner
Nagar Parishad (Municipal Council)
Bundi

Subject: PHED letter to Nagar Parishad regarding Environment Consent on proposed land and O&M of 8 MLD STP constructed by RUIDP.

Reference:

- 1) Letter No.155 dated 26.06.2008 of District Collector regarding allotment of Land.
- 2) Letter No.P.3 (54) PHED/2011/Jaipur 04.02.2013 of Office of the Dy. Secretary, Public Health Engineering Department (PHED), Jaipur.

With reference to above mentioned subject, it is defined that District Collector, Bundi has allotted land of 44 bigha and 04 biswa for construction of STP site at village Devpura, Bundi. Out of 44 bigha and 04 biswa, 19 bigha of land has been covered with barbed wire fencing by RUIDP through Nagar Parishad, Bundi. A STP will be constructed by RUIDP on this land and O&M will be done by Nagar Parishad, Bundi.

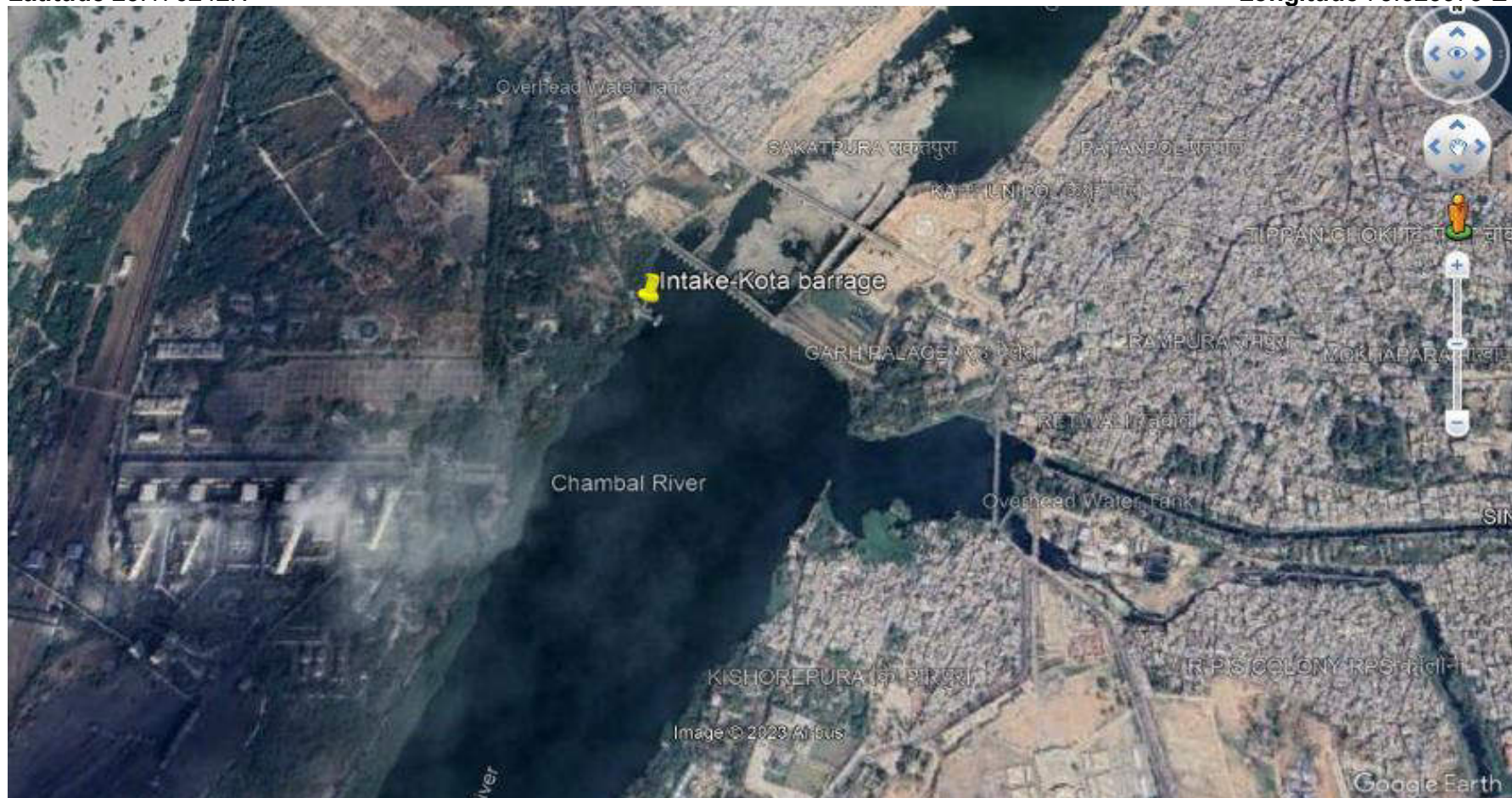
So, Environment Consent should be taken in favour of Nagar Parishad, Bundi by RUIDP on 19 bigha. PHED has no objection to construct STP by RUIDP at allotted land.

**Executive Engineer
PHED, Bundi**

Appendix 8: Google Earth Map depicting Location of Existing Intake, Kota Barrage

Latitude 25.176242N

Longitude 75.823978"E



Source: Project Management Unit (PMU) and Design Consultants

Appendix 9: Google Earth Map depicting Location of Proposed Water Treatment Plant**Latitude** 25°13.'50.88"N**Longitude** 75°46'11.27"ESource:
Project

Management Unit (PMU) and Design Consultants

Appendix 10: Google Earth Map depicting Location of Proposed Clear Water Reservoir**Latitude 25.437556°N****Longitude 75°6'47.862"E**

Source: Project Management Unit (PMU) and Design Consultants

Appendix 11: Google Earth Map depicting Location of Proposed Overhead Service Reservoir

Latitude 25.436655 N°

Longitude 75°630124 E

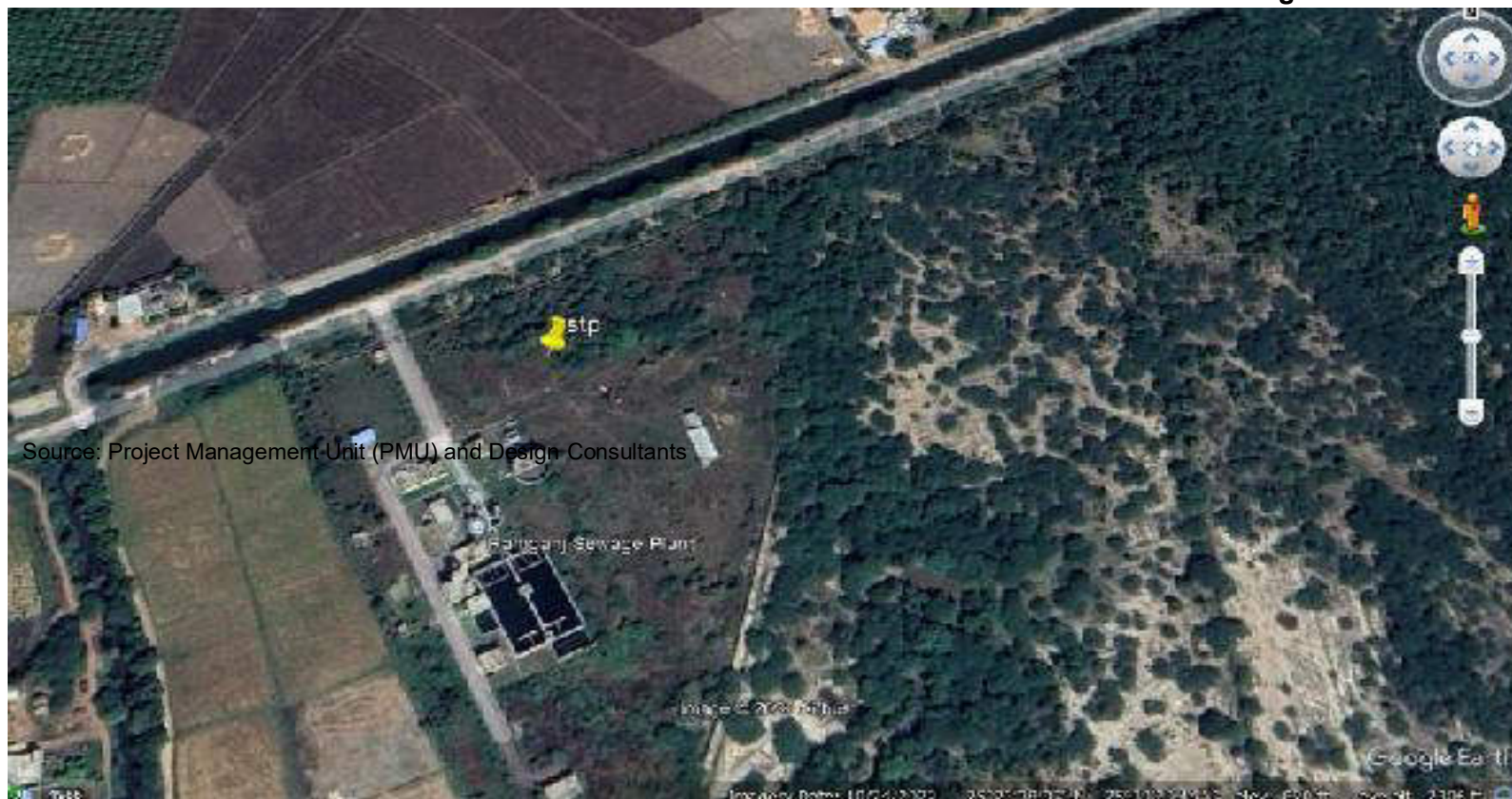


Source: Project Management Unit (PMU) and Design Consultants

Appendix 12: Google Earth Map depicting Location of Sewage Treatment Plant

Latitude 25.394086 N"

Longitude 75°655503 E



Appendix 13: Photographs of Roads where Main Pipes are Proposed

Name of Area- Ward 31-37, Meera Gate to Chota Bazar Road width- 6-8 m Pipe Diameter- 252.9 mm Trench Width- 0.55 m	
Name of Area- Brhampuri-choti mazid, Ward -36 Road width- 4 -6 m Pipe Diameter- 225 mm Pipe Material- HDPE Trench Width- 0.52 m	 
Name of Area- Kagji Devra – Sodya Pada Ward no. 34-35 56-58-59 Road width- 3 -6m Pipe Diameter- 203 mm Pipe Material- HDPE Trench Width- 0.5 m	 
Name of Area- Mallasha ka Mandir, Ward no.59 Pipe Diameter- 203 mm Pipe Material- HDPE Trench Width- 0.54 m	 

Name of Area- Kale Mahlo Ki Gali, Ward No. 58 Pipe Diameter- 203 mm Pipe Material- HDPE Trench Width-0.5 m		
Name of Area- Seth Ji Ka Chock, Ward No.-58 Pipe Diameter- 203 mm Pipe Material- HDPE Trench Width-0.5 m		
Name of Area- Sotya Pada Ward -59 Pipe Diameter- 180 mm Pipe Material- HDPE Trench Width 0.4 m		

Source: Transect walk April 2022. Project Management Unit (PMU), Design Consultants and Nagar Parishad Engineers

Appendix 14: Socioeconomic Details of Temporarily Affected Persons (APs) – Bundi Water Supply Subproject

Sl. No.	Area Name/ Ward/ Mohalla	Name (Affected Person)/ Age	Father Name/ Husband	Male/ Female	Caste	Left/ Right	Daily Profit	Type of Loss	Family Type	No. of Family Members	Male (No.)	Female (No.)	Vulnerable	Business	Type of Structure
1	Ahinsha Circle	Moolchand	Ramkishan	Male	OBC	Left	300	Temporary	Joint	9	3	6		Saloon	Cabin
2	Ahinsha Circle	Govind	Bhanwar Lal	Male	OBC	Left	300	Temporary	Nuclear	3	2	1		Vegetable & Fruits	Cart
3	Ahinsha Circle	Lad Cover	Ramswaroop	Female	OBC	Left	400	Temporary	Nuclear	1	0	1	FHH	Pottery shop	Footpath
4	Ahinsha Circle	Imran	Abdul Gaffar	Male	OBC	Left	400	Temporary	Nuclear	4	2	2		Betel Seller	Cabin
5	Ahinsha Circle	Om Prakash	Laxmi Chand	Male	GEN	Left	300	Temporary	Nuclear	4	2	2		Betel Seller	Cabin
6	Ahinsha Circle	Murlidhar	Gopal	Male	SC	Left	300	Temporary	Joint	8	4	4	SC	Tea Seller	Cart
7	Ahinsha Circle	Ashok	Satyanarayan	Male	OBC	Left	200	Temporary	Nuclear	5	2	3		Grocery Seller	Cart
8	Ahinsha Circle	Issaq Bhai	Mallu Bhai	Male	OBC	Left	300	Temporary	Nuclear	2	1	1		Snacks	Cart
9	Ahinsha Circle	Neeraj Rathore	Kailash Rathore	Male	OBC	Left	300	Temporary	Nuclear	4	2	2		Vegetable & Fruits	Cart
10	Ahinsha Circle	Mohan Lal	Chothmal Rathore	Male	OBC	Left	500	Temporary	Joint	10	4	6		Snacks	Cart
11	Ahinsha Circle	Bhanwar Lal	Nudaram	Male	SC	Left	400	Temporary	Nuclear	4	2	2	SC	Cosmetic Seller	Cart
12	Ahinsha Circle	Rajendra Saini	Ramkran	Male	OBC	Left	500	Temporary	Nuclear	4	2	2		Garment Shop	Cart
13	Ahinsha Circle	Bheru Lal	Rameshwar	Male	OBC	Left	400	Temporary	Nuclear	6	5	1		Pottery shop	Cart
14	Ahinsha Circle	Ramesh	Ladu Lal	Male	SC	Left	300	Temporary	Nuclear	4	2	2	SC	Grocery Seller	Cart
15	Ahinsha Circle	Azharuddin	Mustaq Ahmed	Male	OBC	Left	500	Temporary	Joint	7	3	4		Snacks	Cart
16	Ahinsha Circle	Anup Banjara	Badri Lal	Female	OBC	Left	400	Temporary	Nuclear	2	1	1	FHH	Vegetable & Fruits	Cart
17	Ahinsha Circle	Babu Lal	Ishwar Lal	Male	SC	Left	400	Temporary	Nuclear	4	2	2	SC	Vegetable & Fruits	Cart
18	Ahinsha Circle	Satyanarayan	Ishwar Lal	Male	SC	Left	500	Temporary	Nuclear	6	3	3	SC	Vegetable & Fruits	Cart

Sl. No.	Area Name/ Ward/ Mohalla	Name (Affected Person)/ Age	Father Name/ Husband	Male/ Female	Caste	Left/ Right	Daily Profit	Type of Loss	Family Type	No. of Family Members	Male (No.)	Female (No.)	Vulnerable	Business	Type of Structure
19	Ahinsha Circle	Hajari Lal	Chote Lal	Male	SC	Left	400	Temporary	Nuclear	4	2	2	SC	Vegetable & Fruits	Cart
20	Ahinsha Circle	Bhawani Shankar	Brij Mohan	Male	OBC	Left	400	Temporary	Nuclear	5	3	2		Vegetable & Fruits	Cart
21	Ahinsha Circle	Mohammad Rafi	Nur Mohammad	Male	OBC	Left	200	Temporary	Nuclear	6	4	2		Cosmetic Shop	Cart
22	Ahinsha Circle	Prahlad	Aalu	Male	OBC	Left	300	Temporary	Nuclear	6	4	2		Vegetable & Fruits	Cart
23	Ahinsha Circle	Mukesh	Suraj Mal	Male	OBC	Left	500	Temporary	Nuclear	4	2	2		Betel Seller	Cart
24	Ahinsha Circle	Durga Lal	Badri Lal	Male	OBC	Left	350	Temporary	Joint	9	5	4		Vegetable & Fruits	Cart
25	Ahinsha Circle	Gopal	Mila Ji	Male	SC	Left	300	Temporary	Nuclear	5	2	3	SC	Vegetable & Fruits	Cart
26	Ahinsha Circle	Gyan Singh	Roop Singh	Male	GEN	Left	200	Temporary	Nuclear	1	1	-		Vegetable & Fruits	Cart
27	Ahinsha Circle	Raghu Raj	Roop Singh	Male	GEN	Left	300	Temporary	Nuclear	6	1	5		Tea Seller	Cart
28	Ahinsha Circle	Mohan Lal	Bhairu Lal	Male	OBC	Left	400	Temporary	Nuclear	6	2	4		Vegetable & Fruits	Cart
29	Bahadur Singh Circle	Nand Lal	Moti Lal	Male	OBC	Right	200	Temporary	Joint	6	3	3		Flower Shop	Footpath
30	Bahadur Singh Circle	Hira Lal	Gyarisi Lal	Male	OBC	Right	200	Temporary	Nuclear	2	1	1		Flower Shop	Footpath
31	Bahadur Singh Circle	Shankar Lal	Badri Lal	Male	OBC	Right	300	Temporary	Nuclear	3	2	1		Snacks	Cart
32	Bahadur Singh Circle	Kanta Bai	Daulat Ram	Female	OBC	Right	200	Temporary	Joint	6	4	2	FHH	Flower Shop	Footpath
33	Bahadur Singh Circle	Santosh	Dinesh	Female	OBC	Right	200	Temporary	Nuclear	2	1	1	FHH	Flower Shop	Footpath

Sl. No.	Area Name/ Ward/ Mohalla	Name (Affected Person)/ Age	Father Name/ Husband	Male/ Female	Caste	Left/ Right	Daily Profit	Type of Loss	Family Type	No. of Family Members	Male (No.)	Female (No.)	Vulnerable	Business	Type of Structure
34	Bahadur Singh Circle	Fori Bai	Ganesh	Female	OBC	Right	200	Temporary	Joint	6	3	3	FHH	Flower Shop	Footpath
35	Bahadur Singh Circle	Dinesh	Ramchandra	Male	OBC	Right	300	Temporary	Nuclear	2	1	1		Snacks	Cart
36	Bahadur Singh Circle	Lokesh	Shambhu Lal	Male	OBC	Left	200	Temporary	Nuclear	4	1	3		Vegetable & Fruits	Footpath
37	Bahadur Singh Circle	Sapur	Geduhow	Male	OBC	Left	250	Temporary	Nuclear	4	2	2		Vegetable & Fruits	Cart
38	Bahadur Singh Circle	Makhan Lal	Chotu Lal	Male	OBC	Left	200	Temporary	Joint	10	3	7		Vegetable & Fruits	Cart
39	Bahadur Singh Circle	Mahaveer	Ramdev	Male	ST	Right	400	Temporary	Nuclear	3	2	1	ST	Vegetable & Fruits	Cart
40	Bahadur Singh Circle	Seva	Sindhi	Female	ST	Right	300	Temporary	Nuclear	5	2	3	FHH	Flower Shop	Footpath
41	Bahadur Singh Circle	Ramesh	Chote Lal	Male	SC	Right	300	Temporary	Nuclear	4	3	1	SC	Vegetable & Fruits	Cart
42	Bahadur Singh Circle	Mangal Singh	Jagdish	Male	GEN	Right	400	Temporary	Nuclear	4	3	1		Tea Seller	Cart
43	Bahadur Singh Circle	Mukesh	Suraj Mal	Male	OBC	Left	500	Temporary	Joint	6	3	3		Vegetable & Fruits	Cart
44	Bahadur Singh Circle	Ramnarayan	Bhola Shankar	Male	OBC	Left	400	Temporary	Nuclear	4	2	2		Vegetable & Fruits	Cart
45	Bahadur Singh Circle	Girraj	Ramniwas	Male	OBC	Left	300	Temporary	Joint	6	4	2		Snacks	Cart

Sl. No.	Area Name/ Ward/ Mohalla	Name (Affected Person)/ Age	Father Name/ Husband	Male/ Female	Caste	Left/ Right	Daily Profit	Type of Loss	Family Type	No. of Family Members	Male (No.)	Female (No.)	Vulnerable	Business	Type of Structure
46	Bahadur Singh Circle	Satyanarayan	Mohan Lal	Male	SC	Left	400	Temporary	Nuclear	4	3	1	SC	Tea Seller	Cart
47	Bahadur Singh Circle	Chinnu	Nandkishore	Male	OBC	Right	300	Temporary	Joint	6	4	2		Betel Seller	Cart
48	Bahadur Singh Circle	Dinesh	Dilip	Male	GEN	Right	200	Temporary	Joint	10	6	4		Vegetable & Fruits	Cart
49	Bahadur Singh Circle	Deena	Bhura Gadiya	Male	OBC	Right	300	Temporary	Nuclear	4	2	2	BPL	Blacksmith	Footpath
50	Bahadur Singh Circle	Sita Bai	Bhanwar Lal	Female	OBC	Right	200	Temporary	Nuclear	1		1	FHH	Blacksmith	Footpath
51	Bahadur Singh Circle	Dinesh Jangid	Suraj Mal	Male	OBC	Left	500	Temporary	Nuclear	4	2	2	BPL	Tea Seller	Cart
52	Bahadur Singh Circle	Gora Bai	Babu	Female	OBC	Right	200	Temporary	Nuclear	1		1	FHH	Blacksmith	Footpath
53	Bahadur Singh Circle	Abdul Shiyad	Najar Mohammad	Male	OBC	Right	400	Temporary	Joint	6	3	3	BPL	Saloon	Cabin
54	Bahadur Singh Circle	Dharmraj Suman	Kaniya Lal	Male	OBC	Left	500	Temporary	Nuclear	4	2	2	BPL	Snacks	Cart
55	Bahadur Singh Circle	Kalya	Shankar Lal	Male	OBC	Left	200	Temporary	Joint	7	4	3	BPL	Blacksmith	Footpath
56	Police Choki to Meera Gate	Durga Shankar	Bhanwar Lal	Male	OBC	Right	300	Temporary	Nuclear	4	3	1		Snacks	Cart
57	Police Choki to Meera Gate	Kalayan Saini	Dhan Kalayan	Male	OBC	Right	400	Temporary	Nuclear	2	1	1		Vegetable & Fruits	Cart

Sl. No.	Area Name/ Ward/ Mohalla	Name (Affected Person)/ Age	Father Name/ Husband	Male/ Female	Caste	Left/ Right	Daily Profit	Type of Loss	Family Type	No. of Family Members	Male (No.)	Female (No.)	Vulnerable	Business	Type of Structure
58	Police Choki to Meera Gate	Bhairu Lal	Jumma Ji	Male	OBC	Right	300	Temporary	Nuclear	4	3	1		Vegetable & Fruits	Cart
59	Police Choki to Meera Gate	Kuldeep	Raju Lal	Male	OBC	Right	400	Temporary	Nuclear	5	3	2		Betel Seller	Cart
60	Police Choki to Meera Gate	Ganesh	Mahaveer	Male	OBC	Right	400	Temporary	Nuclear	4	1	3		Vegetable & Fruits	Cart
61	Police Choki to Meera Gate	Rakesh	Bhanwar Lal	Male	OBC	Right	300	Temporary	Nuclear	4	3	1		Vegetable & Fruits	Cart
62	Police Choki to Meera Gate	Trilok	Shambhu Lal	Male	OBC	Right	400	Temporary	Joint	8	3	5		Vegetable & Fruits	Cart

Source: Socio-economic survey June 2023

FHH= female headed households; GEN=general caste; OBC= other backward classes; SC= scheduled caste; ST= scheduled tribe

Note:

BPL: Government of Rajasthan has in recent times been using indicators of National Food Security Act (NFSA, 2013) for estimation of poverty in the state. The state has set criteria for inclusion and exclusion in BPL list. For urban areas, BPL inclusion criteria requires a family to qualify under any of these- BPL families already identified under 2003 urban BPL census, all state BPL families, Antyodaya and Annapurna beneficiaries, families not included in preceding category but are beneficiary under schemes (7 schemes are mentioned) such as chief minister senior citizen yojana, Indira Gandhi national old age pension scheme, Indira Gandhi widow pension schemes and other listed national/state social assistance schemes or if they are surveyed families from slums, rag pickers, registered construction labour, rickshaw pullers, vendors and others (13 such groups are identified). A family is excluded if it fails under any of the 7 exclusion parameters that include- income tax payee in the family, family member in government/semi government employment, other asset-based parameters such as four wheeler ownership (unless it constitutes source of livelihood), house ownership (of specified built and size). Source: <https://niti.gov.in/writereaddata/files/rajasthan.pdf>. During survey, respondents were inquired about their officially recognized poverty status (BPL or APL). This information is reflected in the table above.

Vulnerable Households: Vulnerable households comprise below poverty line households, female-headed households, households with out of school/working children, disabled person-headed household, elderly-headed household or elder, landless household, household with no legal title / tenure security, and schedule castes and scheduled tribe households.

Appendix 15: Minimum Wage Rate in Rajasthan (August 2022)

	राजस्थान राजपत्र विशेषांक	RAJASTHAN GAZETTE Extraordinary
	साधिकार प्रकाशित	Published by Authority
	माघ 18, सोमवार, शाके 1943-फरवरी 07, 2022 Magha 18, Monday, Saka 1943- February 07, 2022	

भाग-1(ख)

महत्वपूर्ण सरकारी आजायें।

श्रम विभाग

अधिसूचना

जयपुर, फरवरी 02, 2022

संख्या एफ.8(5)(6)न्यू.म.अभि./अम/आई.आर./2000/पार्ट/2846 :-धुंकि राज्य सरकार न्यूनतम मजदूरी अधिनियम, 1948 (केन्द्रीय अधिनियम 11 वर्ष 1948) की धारा 3 की उप-धारा (1) के खण्ड (क) तथा (ख) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों के प्रयोग में निम्नलिखित नियोजनों में नियोजित श्रमिकों/कामगारों के संबंध में राजस्थान राज्य के लिये, न्यूनतम मजदूरी की दरों में संशोधन/पुनरीक्षित करने के लिए इच्छुक है, जिनके प्रस्ताव नीचे दिये जाते हैं और उक्त अधिनियम की धारा-5 की उपधारा (1) के खण्ड (ख) के अनुसरण में उन व्यक्तियों के सूचनार्थ, जिनके इन प्रस्तावों द्वारा प्रभावित होने की सम्भावना है, एतद्वारा प्रकाशित किये जाते हैं।

तथा राज्य सरकार एतद्वारा अधिसूचना के राजस्थान राजपत्र में प्रकाशित होने से दो माह की अवधि विनिर्दिष्ट करती है, जिसके बाद इन प्रस्तावों पर पूर्वोक्त दिनांक से पूर्व उनके सम्बन्ध में किसी भी व्यक्ति से प्राप्त किन्हीं भी सुझावों एवं आपत्तियों पर विचार किया जावेगा।

इस प्रकार के सुझाव एवं आपत्तियाँ अतिरिक्त श्रम आयुक्त एवं संयुक्त शासन सचिव श्रम, राजस्थान, जयपुर को भेजी जानी चाहियें।

अनुसूची " भाग-1"

क्र.सं०	अनुसूचित नियोजनों के नाम
1.	सोप स्टोन फैक्ट्रीज
2.	कॉटन जिनिंग तथा प्रेसिंग फैक्ट्रीज
3.	ऑटोमोबाइल वर्कशॉप
4.	कॉटन-डाईंग, प्रिंटिंग तथा वॉशिंग फैक्ट्रीज
5.	स्माल स्केल इण्डस्ट्रीज
6.	गोटा किनारी एवं लष्पा संस्थानों में नियोजन
7.	वूलन स्पिनिंग एवं वीविंग फैक्ट्रीज
8.	पावरलूम फैक्ट्रीज
9.	प्रिंटिंग प्रेस
10.	सिनेमा इण्डस्ट्रीज
11.	तेल मिल (ऑयल मिल)
12.	इंजीनियरिंग इण्डस्ट्रीज
13.	वूल क्लनिंग एवं प्रेसिंग फैक्ट्रीज
14.	हैण्डलूम उद्योग
15.	मैकेनिकल शक्ति के बगैर चलने वाले शुगरपान के नियोजन

भाग 1(ख)

राजस्थान राज-पत्र, फरवरी 07, 2022

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अनुसूची " भाग-II "

क्र.सं.	अनुसूचित नियोजन का नाम
52	(कृषि में नियोजन)- किसी भी रूप में कृषि कर्म में नियोजन, जिनके अन्तर्गत धरती को जोतना और बोना, दुग्ध उद्योग, किसी कृषि संबंधी या उद्यान कृषि संबंधी वस्तु का उत्पादन, उसकी खेती, उसे उगाना और काटना, पशुधन पालन, मधुमक्खी या कुक्कुट पालन और किसी कृषि द्वारा या किसी कृषि क्षेत्र पर या कृषक कर्म की अनुषांगिक रूप या उनके साथ-साथ की गई क्रियायें (जिनके अन्तर्गत वन संबंधी या काष्ठीकरण संबंधी क्रियायें, और कृषि उपज मण्डी के लिए तैयार करने और भण्डार में या मण्डी को या मण्डी तक परिवहनार्थ वाहन का परिदान करना आता है/आती है)

पुनरीक्षित न्यूनतम मजदूरी की दरें

अनुसूची भाग I एवं II में वर्णित नियोजनों में नियोजित श्रमिकों/कर्मचारियों का वर्गीकरण	न्यूनतम मजदूरी की दरें (रुपये में)	
	प्रतिमाह	प्रतिदिन
1	2	3
1. अकुशल - बेलदार, चौकीदार, जमादार, हाली, वर्क्स कीपर, फर्गस, धोबी, भिखती, शिशु गृह परिचारक, स्वीपर, जलधारी, पेट्रोल लोडर, चतुर्थ श्रेणी कर्मचारी, गैंगमैन, खलासी, पशु अवरोधक, साईकिल सवार, निर्वीहक, मुख्य नाविक, पम्प परिचालक, सेनेटरी जमादार, चपरासी, कुंजी पाल, स्प्रेमैन, गैज रीडर्स, जरी वर्कर, फीडर, लोडर्स, बैग फिलर, ट्राली फिलर, जिनिंग वर्क्स, पैक्स, फीडर्स, बेल लीफ्टर्स, लनेर, लेबर, ब्लोवर, मर्सराईजिंग हैल्पर, कीर बॉयलर्स एण्ड ब्लीथर्स, डाईंग ऑन एडन वर्क्स, डाईंग वर्क्स, जौगर वर्कर, मैसेन्जर्स, मजदूर, वॉचमैन, डाईंगमैन, वूल क्लीनर्स, बिलोमशीन हैल्पर, होपरमैन, बेल पैक्स, क्लीनिंग वर्क्स, वूल कैरियर, बॉचिन कैरियर, ड्रायर्स, ट्रालीमैन, चरखा चलाने वाला रोलर, पेपर लिफ्टर, पोस्टर बॉय, एक्सपेलर, क्लीनर, कोलमैन, केटमैन, गेटकीपर, कुक कैरियर, डिफेंसरीकेटर, (याउण्डेन्ट कैरियर, हुस्क कैरियर, गनी बेग फलर, गनी बेग स्टीचर) वूल वॉशिंग मैन, स्टीचर, वूल सॉरटर्स, बीयरर्स, गेटकीपर, वेजोटेबल कटर, डिलीवरी बॉय, कोटर रोलर, पिऑन, छानने वाला, पम्पमैन, शामियाना तानने वाला, कॉटन फीडर श्रमिक, डेसर्स एण्ड शोपरटर्स, कैरियर, हमाल, स्पिनर्स, क्लीनर - होटल एण्ड रेस्टोरेन्ट अधिसूचित नियोजन में नियोजक द्वारा निवास सुविधा एवं भोजन सुविधा दिये जाने पर कमशः ₹0 100-100 घंटाकर वेतन देय होगा। (अन्य कोई भी श्रेणी जिनका कोई भी नाम हो, परन्तु जो अकुशल कार्य करते हों)	6734/-	259/-
2. अर्द्धकुशल - मुंशी, भू मापक, शिशु गृह प्रभारी, हैड डीलर, स्टोन ड्रेसेज और कटर्स, हैल्पर, वायरमैन, मेट, हैल्पर, वर्कशॉप हैल्पर, सहायक पेन्टर्स, वे. मैन, ऑयल मैन, वॉल्वमैन, हॉफप्रेस मैन, वर्मकार, अस्सिस्टेन्ट कण्डक्टर, हैड वॉचमैन, अस्सिस्टेन्ट फिटर, अस्सिस्टेन्ट कारपेन्टर, अस्सिस्टेन्ट टर्नर,	7046/-	271/-

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राजस्थान राज- पत्र, फरवरी 07, 2022

भाग 1(ख)

अस्सिस्टेंट बीजर, ऑयलमैन, अस्सिस्टेंट टिकर, टायर फिटर, डेट फिटर, पॉलिश मैन, लेथमैन, ट्रल कीपर, लाइनर, वाइन्डर, टाईमैन, पैट्रीमैन, ल्यूब्रीकेटिंग अस्सिस्टेंट, जूनियर क्लर्क, बैंड चैकर, जीगरमैन, क्लीपमैन, (स्टेन्टर) अस्सिस्टेंट स्क्रीन प्रिन्टर, वर्क्स एंगेज्ड ऑन हैण्डलिंग, मशीन स्ट्रेचर्स, फिलडर्स, एडन हैलपर, हैवी मशीन हैलपर, अस्सिस्टेंट ऑपरेटर, बिलोमैन, वैमैन, लेपमैन, वाईगमैन, डीजर, भीमसा, वारपार, फोल्डर, साईजर, पैपरमैन, कचचा वाईण्डर, डिस्ट्रीब्यूटर, ग्राईडिंग मैन, टेकर, कोपी होल्डर, पैपर फीडर, इंकमैन, गैट कीपर एण्ड टिकिट कलेक्टर, रिवाइण्डिंग मैन, लिफ्ट ऑपरेटर, विनोअर, मेट (लेबर सुपरवाइजर), कोलहूमैन, फिटरमैन, फायरमैन, पम्प अटेन्डेन्ट, सहायक फिटर, सहायक टर्नर, सहायक वेल्डर, सहायक मैकेनिक, जाकरी वर्क्स, वॉशरमैन, रिकवरीमैन, पंचरमैन, डिलीवरी मैन, कोबलर, पेट्रोल डिलीवरी मैन, वे मैन कॉज, बटन मेकर, चेयर नेस्टर, साईकिल रिपेयर्स, कॉटन फिडर, ब्रेकर साउथर फिनिशर श्रमिक, टेन्टर कम स्टीपर, डाईंग सिम्पलेक्स, लूविंग इन्टील, रिंग एण्ड डब्लिंग साईजर, डाफर, रोलर, एन्टीवाला एण्ड बेलिंग, वायरमैन कम हैलपर, सैनेट्री जमादार, हलरमैन, मोजर, वेटमैन, सिलकमैन, हैण्ड डीलर, स्टोर ट्रन्सेज ओर कटर्स, स्वीपर (गटर सफाई वाला) तथा (अन्य कोई भी श्रेणी जिनका कोई भी नाम हो, परन्तु जो अर्द्धकुशल कार्य करते हों)		
3. कुशल - मैशन, मिस्त्री, स्वागतकर्ता, बटई, लुहार, दर्जी, चर्मकार, मैकेनिक फिटर, लाइनमैन, पेन्टर, प्लम्बर, बर्नर इलेक्ट्रीशियन, वायरमैन, सिनेमा ऑपरेटर, बागवान, मैकेनिकल डीलर्स एण्ड ब्लास्टर्स, हल्के वाहनों के डाईवर, भारी वाहनों के डाईवर, ट्रेक्टर चालक, भारी ट्रकों के चालक, मिट्टी हटाने वाली मशीनों के डाईवर, रोड रोलर डाईवर, ट्रक डाईवर, मोटर गाडियों के डाईवर, इंजन डाईवर, दस अश्वशक्ति तक की मशीनों के डाईवर, अर्थ मूविंग इक्विपमेन्ट डाईवर, ऑपरेटर्स, क्लर्क, टाईपिस्ट, केशियर, पुस्तकालय लिपिक, समय पालक, स्टोर कीपर, लेखा लिपिक, सभी प्रकार के निरीक्षक (लाईसेन्स, गृहकार, सैनेट्री, खादय, ज्वालक आदि), पर्यवेक्षक, फायर ऑफिसर, ओवरसीयर, जलदाय पर्यवेक्षक, मुख्य सैनेट्री एवं परामर्शक, बॉयलर अटेण्डेण्ट, फायरमैन, मशीनमैन, कण्डक्टर्स, डाईवर्स, टर्नर, आर्टिजन्स, कोच बिल्डर्स, वल्केनाइजर्स, इक्ट्रोप्लेटर्स, मैट्रोमैन, बिल्डर्स, डिचमैनपेन्टर्स ऑफ हैलेस्टर्स, ड्रेसर्स एण्ड सोपस्टर्स, पथ निरीक्षक, कम्पाण्डर, डाफ्टमैन, माली, शिफ्ट सुपरवाइजर, मशीन फिटर, टर्नर, प्रेसमैन, वाईण्डर, जोबर कम ऑयलमैन, जोबर कम साईजर, विलोरूम जोबर, बिल क्लर्क, बुकिंग क्लर्क, कुक, एयर कण्डीशन मैकेनिक, रफुगर, वटर टेलर, पॉलिशवाला, रेडियो रिपेयर्स, ऑटो मैकेनिक, शीटमेकर, फर्नीचर डिजाइनर्स, मनिहारा, बार्बर, कन्फेक्शनर्स, फोटोग्राफर, आर्टिस्ट ऑटोशियन, छाता बनाने वाला, सूटकेश मेकर, मनीबेग मेकर, नर्स, इन्चार्ज, सिक्युरिटी मैन, गोदाम कीपर, एलीवेटर ऑपरेटर, वेल्डिंग ऑपरेटर, फुलप्रेस मैन, मुकादम्स, मोल्डर, फैब्रिकेटर, टाईमकीपर, कोलहू मास्टर, टोल मेकर, टीन स्मिथ, सोल्डरमैन, एयरकण्डीशन ऑपरेटर, एयरक्लिंग ऑपरेटर, अस्सिस्टेंट मैनेजर, इलेक्ट्रीकल सुपरवाइजर, कम्पोजिटर, ऑपरेटर.	7358/-	283/-

भाग 1(ख)

राजस्थान राज-पत्र, फरवरी 07, 2022

11262

लाईनो/मोनो, डाई प्रिन्टर, कारपेन्टर, पुफ रीडर (चैकर), ब्लॉक प्रिन्टर, ब्लॉक मैकर, डाई स्टेम्पर, डिजाईनर, वाईण्डर, स्टीचर, कास्टर, लाईनोप्लेट प्रिन्टर, टाउचर, कालिभ, संसाज, सेग मशीन डाईवर, प्लेट कटर, डाईंग मास्टर, कन्टेनर मैन, फोरमैन, काईंग मशीन ऑपरेटर, बॉलिंग प्रेस, ऑपरेटर, जोबर, लेथ ऑपरेटर, वाईण्डिंग मशीन ऑपरेटर, वेलेडर, एसेम्बलर, स्क्रिन प्रिन्टिंग पैंटर, बॉयलर अटेंडेंट, फेक्ट मास्टर कृषिग एण्ड प्रिगमेन्ट, कलर मास्टर, मोटर मैकेनिक स्कूटर मैकेनिक, चिलर, ड्राफ्टमैन, वलकनाईजर, वाईण्डर, बोरिंगमैन, प्रेस मिस्त्री, इलीवेटर, कूल प्रेसमैन, वेलप्रेस ऑपरेटर, मिलर या मिल मशीन ऑपरेटर, जर्नरेटर ऑपरेटर, क्वालिटी कन्ट्रोल मैन, पथ निरीक्षक प्रयोगशाला सहायक, प्रयोगशाला परिचर, जूनियर टेक्नीकल असिस्टेंट तथा (अन्य कोई भी श्रेणी जिनका कोई भी नाम हो, परन्तु जो कुशल कार्य करते हो)		
4. उच्च कुशल (highly skilled) स्टेनोग्राफर, एकाउण्टेंट, कम्प्यूटर ऑपरेटर, मैनेजर, सेल्स सुपरवाइजर, सेल्स रिप्रजेन्टेटिव, मेडिकल रिप्रजेन्टेटिव, केमिस्ट, पुस्तकालयाध्यक्ष, कार्यालय अधीक्षक, लैब टेक्निशियन, टेलीफोन ऑपरेटर, ई.सी.जी. टेक्निशियन, रेडियोशाफर मैन पॉवर, पार्मैसिस्ट, सीनियर टेक्नीकल असिस्टेंट, कुक, मेल/फिसेल, नर्स तथा (अन्य कोई भी श्रेणी जिनका कोई भी नाम हो, परन्तु उच्च कुशल कार्य करता हो)	8658/-	333/-

टिप्पणियाँ:-

1. दैनिक मजदूरी पाने वाले किसी कर्मचारी को दैनिक मजदूरी की न्यूनतम दरों की गणना जिस वर्ग का वह कर्मचारी है, उस वर्ग के लिये नियत मासिक मजदूरी की दर में 26 का भाग देकर की गई है।
2. इसमें किसी बात के अन्तर्विष्ट होते हुये भी यदि उपर्युक्त दरों के प्रभाव में आने की तारीख पर उक्त नियोजनों में से किसी कर्मचारी की मजदूरी उपरोक्त दरों से अधिक हो तो उसके द्वारा उक्त दिन को प्राप्त की गई वास्तविक मजदूरी उसके संबंध में नियत की गई मजदूरी की न्यूनतम दर होगी।
3. अनुसूची में निर्दिष्ट न्यूनतम मजदूरी की दरों में निर्वाह भत्ता, बुनियादी मूल्य और सुविधाओं के एवज में रोकड़ मूल्य, यदि कोई हो, सम्मिलित है।
4. उक्त नियोजनों में कार्यरत कर्मचारी के लिये नियत दरों में साप्ताहिक अवकाश का वेतन शामिल है।
5. निर्धारित सामान्य कार्य के घण्टे (8 घण्टे प्रतिदिन) से अधिक किसी कर्मचारी से कार्य करवाने पर अधिसमय (overtime) कार्य का भुगतान सामान्य मजदूरी दर की दुगुनी दर से किया जावेगा।
6. (क) अकुशल (Unskilled) कार्य वह है जिसमें ऐसे साधारण कार्य जिसमें कि कार्य संबंधी कुशलता/अनुभव की, मामूली आवश्यकता है या नहीं है, सम्मिलित है। 2 वर्ष कार्य करने के बाद ऐसे समस्त अकुशल कामगार अर्द्धकुशल श्रेणी के कामगार के समक्ष दरों से मजदूरी पाने के अधिकारी होंगे।

(ख) अर्द्धकुशल (Semi-skilled) कार्य वह है जिसमें कार्य संबंधी अनुभव द्वारा प्राप्त कुशलता या सक्षमता कुछ अंश तक सम्मिलित है और जो चतुर कर्मचारी के पर्यवेक्षण या कार्य दर्शन के अधीन पूरा किया जाने योग्य है और इसमें अकुशल पर्यवेक्षणीय कार्य भी सम्मिलित है। अर्द्धकुशल श्रेणी में सम्मिलित

भाग 1(ख)		राजस्थान राज-पत्र, फरवरी 07, 2022		11274
5	अन्य घरेलू कार्य	60 मिनट (अधिकतम प्रतिदिन)	920.00	
6	कपडे धोना, बर्तन धोना, घर की साफ-सफाई, बच्चों की देखभाल, बच्चों को स्कूल छोड़ना व लेकर आना इत्यादि घरेलू कार्य एक दिन का कार्य	एक दिन का कार्य	7358.00	

टिप्पणियाँ:-

1. यदि अनुसूची के क्रम संख्या 1 से 5 में उल्लेखित कार्य की अवधि 60 मिनट से अधिक है तो दिये मजदूरी की गणना उसकी अनुपात में बढ़ जाएगी।
2. एक दिन के कार्य से तात्पर्य अधिकतम 8 घण्टे तक कार्य होगा। अधिसमय (ओवरटाइम) कार्य का भुगतान सामान्य मजदूरी की दर की दुगुनी दर से किया जावेगा।
3. यदि परिवार के सदस्यों की संख्या 4 से ज्यादा है तो अनुसूची में दी गई दर की 10 प्रतिशत अतिरिक्त मजदूरी दी जायेगी परन्तु कार्य की अवधि वही रहेगी।
4. उक्त उल्लेखित दरें न्यूनतम हैं, यदि पहले से दी जा रही मजदूरी अनुसूची में दी गई मजदूरी की दरों से ज्यादा है तो पहले से ही दी जा रही दरें ही प्रचलित रहेगी।
5. यदि कोई श्रमिक पूर्ण माह के स्थान पर कुछ दिवस ही कार्य करता है तो दैनिक मजदूरी की गणना मासिक मजदूरी की दर में 26 का भाग देकर की जावेगी।
6. श्रम द्यूरो, धिमला से प्राप्त जयपुर, अलवर एवं भीलवाड़ा केन्द्रों के लिए औद्योगिक श्रमिकों के उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक (Consumer Price Index) दिनांक 01.07.2020 से 30.06.2021 तक अधिसूचना में सम्मिलित कर लिये गये हैं। इस अवधि में उपभोक्ता मूल्य सूचकांक की वृद्धि 171 अंक है।
7. उक्त मजदूरी की दरें दिनांक 01.07.2021 से लागू होगी तथा माननीय राजस्थान उच्च न्यायालय, जयपुर में विचाराधीन याचिका संख्या-8986/2021 में किसी भी प्रकार का निर्णय पारित होने के क्रम में आवश्यकतानुसार पृथक से समीक्षा/पुनरीक्षण की कार्यवाही की जावेगी।

राज्यपाल की आज्ञा से,
पतंजलि भू,
अतिरिक्त श्रम आयुक्त एवं
पदेन संयुक्त शासन सचिव
राजस्थान जयपुर।

राज्य केन्द्रीय मुद्रणालय, जयपुर।

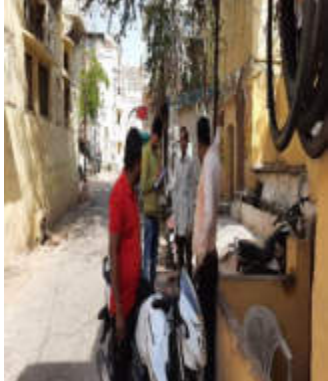
As per the state gazette notification dated 07.02.2022, the latest (applicable from July 1st, 2021) revised minimum daily wages for different category of labour are as below:

Unskilled= ₹ 259/-; Semiskilled= ₹ 271/-; Skilled= ₹283/-; Highly Skilled= ₹333/-

Source: <http://www.labour.rajasthan.gov.in/Notification.aspx>

Appendix 16: Summary of Consultations

Date and Location	Participants			Topic Discussed	Outcome	Photographs
	Total	Male	Female			
07.04.2022 Ramganj Balaji, Bundi	10	09	01	Construction of 6.5 MLD STP campus near Ramganj Balaji under RSTDSP Benefits of newly proposed STP to the Community Re use of treated effluent of STP. Process of logging grievance and its mechanism under the project. Present status access to waste water facilities in the town and other concerned issues and challenges.	It was conveyed to the local residents during site specific public consultation that 8 MLD STP is already in the town, but the existing Capacity of STP do not meet the sewerage flow. Hence to cater to the town demand and accommodate the sewer generation from increase in number of house sewer connections; a new 6.5 MLD STP is being proposed under this subproject. Local public specially farmers have expressed their interest to use treated effluent of STP. It was informed that Nagar Parishad will take a decision on the matter. A project-specific, three-tier grievance redress mechanism will be established to receive, evaluate, and facilitate the resolution of grievances. Participants are happy with proposed project component and they will extend full cooperation in subproject implementation	 
07.04.2022 Nainwa Road, Near Post Office, Bundi	07	07	00	Project clear water reservoir (CWR) under water supply scheme and its benefits to the community. Safety provision during implementation .	During the consultation process it was informed to the local residents that under the proposed scheme CWR of 1200 kilo litter will be proposed/ constructed within the existing campus of PHED to provide drinking water to the residents of fort areas. It was informed to the staff living in the staff quarters that during implementation hard barricading will be installed around the site and proper access to the staff quarters will be ensured. It was communicated that in areas where households lack	

Date and Location	Participants			Topic Discussed	Outcome	Photographs
	Total	Male	Female			
					individual toilet facilities, they are encouraged to use community sanitation program run by government. CAPP consultant will create awareness to restrict and prevent open defecation, health/ hygiene and promote use of community toilets.	
07.04.2022 Vikash Nagar Bundi	10	10	00	Project components under RSTDSP. Process of logging grievance and its mechanism under the project. Present status and access of water supply facilities in the town and other concerned issues and challenges. Willingness of local public to pay for improved services.	It was informed to the local residents under the proposed water supply scheme, water treatment plant, clear water reservoir. overhead tank and distribution networks are proposed 30.884 km distribution line will be laid in this town to provide more potable water to the households. Presently, water supply is provided by PHED department but water supply is intermittent and an alternate day. Participants are happy with proposed project and are willing to pay for improved water and sewerage services in the town. A project-specific, three-tier grievance redress mechanism will be established in the ongoing project to receive, evaluate and facilitate the resolution of affected persons' concerns complaints, and grievances. It was communicated that in areas where households lack toilet facilities, they are encouraged to use community sanitation program run by government. CAPP consultant will create awareness to restrict and prevent Open defecation health/hygiene and promote use of community toilets.	 

Date and Location	Participants			Topic Discussed	Outcome	Photographs
	Total	Male	Female			
07.04.2022 Nagar, Bundi	06	06	00	Proposed water supply works and availability of land, requirement of No objection etc.	Meeting with PHED and Nagar Parishad officials and discussion were done about proposed project under Phase-4. PHED and Nagar Parishad officers assured of their full cooperation with RUIDP/RSTDSP during planning and implementation of the project.	
08.04.2022 Jhakhmond, Bundi	07	06	01	Proposed water supply works and availability of land, requirement of No objection etc.	Meeting with PHED and Nagar Parishad officials and discussion were done about proposed project under Phase-4. PHED and Nagar Parishad officers assured of their full cooperation with RUIDP/ RSTDSP during planning and implementation of the project.	 
08.04.2022 Tilak Chowk, Ward No.12, Bundi	06	06	00	Project components under RSTDSP and the benefits to the Community. Present status and access of water supply facilities in the town and other concerned issues and challenges. Willingness of local public to pay for improved services.	It was informed to the local residents under the proposed water supply scheme, water treatment plant, clear water reservoir, overhead tank and distribution networks are proposed 30.884 km distribution line will be laid in this town to provide more potable water to the households. People informed that presently, water supply is provided by PHED. The supply is on an intermittent basis. Participants are happy with proposed project and are willing to pay for improved services in the town. It was communicated that in areas where households lack	 

Date and Location	Participants			Topic Discussed	Outcome	Photographs
	Total	Male	Female			
					toilet facilities, they are encouraged to use community sanitation program run by government. CAPP consultant will create awareness to restrict and prevent open defecation, health/ hygiene and promote use of community toilets.	
08.04.2022 Nahar ka Chouta, Ward No.09,Bundi	11	11	00	Present status of water supply facilities in these area and proposed works under RSTPSP. Willingness of local public to pay for improved services.	It was informed by the local people that they are facing water supply problems. They informed that presently, water supply is provided by PHED but water supply is intermittent on alternate days. Participants are happy with the proposed project and are willing to pay for improved water and sewerage services in the town. It was communicated that in areas where households lack toilet facilities, they are encouraged to use community sanitation program run by government. CAPP consultant will create awareness to restrict and prevent open defecation, health/ hygiene and promote use of community toilets.	 
24.01.2024 Ahinsha Circle, Bundi	15	14	1	Laying of 30.88 km distribution water supply pipeline. Process of logging grievance and its mechanism under the project. Entitlement against livelihood loss	It was conveyed to the local residents during site specific individual and group consultations that 30.88 km of water supply distribution pipeline network is being laid in the town, since the existing pipeline network does not meet the water supply flow and demand in town due to incessantly increasing number of house service connections. Toll free numbers are being disclosed in towns through consultations and awareness	

Date and Location	Participants			Topic Discussed	Outcome	Photographs
	Total	Male	Female			
					programs for registering complaints against inconvenience caused by civil works. Compensation against economic loss also disclosed among affected persons as per entitlement matrix provisions.	 Google Bundi, Rajasthan, India C/PS-03, Tawari, Bundi, Rajasthan 323001, India Lat 25.443022° Long 75.042707° 20/01/24 02:45 PM GMT +05:30

Appendix 17: Consultation with Local Residents in Proposed FSSM Areas

Date and Location	Participants	Topic Discussed	Outcome	Photos
23.01.2023 Ward No.4	Total- 11 Male-09 Female-02	Awareness of the project- including project coverage area, Present condition of Sewerage in what way they may associate with the project. Willingness to pay for improved services.	During interaction with households, it was noticed that most of the households have septic tanks and soak pits and due to lack of sewerage facilities, effluents from the septic tanks directly drain into the open drains that creates unhealthy and unhygienic environment. It was conveyed that Government of Rajasthan under RUIDP project (RSTDSP), FSSM works has been planned for these areas for safe collection and storage of the collected faecal sludge in a sealed container, transportation of the collected faecal sludge to a treatment facility. Regular inspection will be done by Nagar Parishad. Overall, the objective of this project component is to provide a safe and healthy environment through regular cleaning of septic tanks. People have expressed their interest in paying for faecal sludge collection services in the town.	    

23.01.2023 Ward No. 5	Total- 8 Male-04 Female-04	Awareness of the project- including project coverage area, Present condition of Sewerage System and Collection system of waste water. In what way they may associate with the project. Willingness to pay for improved services.	Sewer networks are not in colony because these are low lying areas and currently sewer network is not feasible. Keeping in mind the present situation, the government is planning to connect these areas with FSSM facilities. FSSM works has been planned for ward 5 areas for safe collection of sludges of houses specifically from septic tanks. It was mentioned that under the project special vehicles will be purchased for carrying out the desludging activities. The Community members mentioned that currently they hire private sucking machine vehicle to clean their septic tanks. But they do not get any prompt service. People are showed their interest to pay for faecal sludge collection services in the town if properly managed.	 The photographs show various interactions: a man and a woman standing outside a house, two men talking near a doorway, a man and a woman on a street, a group of people near a house entrance, and a man talking to two women sitting on the ground. Each photo has a Google Maps overlay with the following details: Bundi, Rajasthan, India; Coordinates: 22°50'N, 75°42'E; Date: 23/01/23 02:21 PM GMT +05:30.
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23.01.2023 Ward No. 23	Total- 8 Male-04 Female-04	Awareness of the project- including project coverage area. Present condition of sewerage, drainage and solid waste collection. In what way they may associate with the project. Present solid waste collection and disposal problem. Willingness to pay for improved services.	During interaction with households, it was noticed that most of the households do not have any commissioned sewerage system. Water Closets are connected to soak/septic pits. In some cases, water closets effluent is discharged directly into open drains due to space scarcity. Sullage generated from houses is directly discharged into open drains, which further discharges into the town's natural disposal drain. The community members enquired whether there will be any sewerage system developed under the project. It was communicated by the project consultants that, in ward 23 there will be no sewerage pipeline laid, but there will be a mechanism of collecting sludge from the households through machine. It was also mentioned that people should stop open defecation. It was communicated that in areas where households lack toilet facilities, they are encouraged to use community sanitation program run by government. CAPP consultant will create awareness to restrict and prevent open defecation, promoted better health/hygiene and encourage the use of community toilets.	 The photographs show various community interactions. The first photo shows a man and a woman standing outside a house. The second photo shows a group of people standing in a street. The third photo shows a man and a woman standing outside a house. The fourth photo shows a man and a woman standing outside a house. The fifth photo shows a man and a woman standing outside a house. Each photo includes a GPS overlay with location data for Bundi, Rajasthan, India.
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23.01.2023 Ward No. 24	Total- 8 Male-03 Female-05	Awareness of the project- including project coverage area. Present condition of sewerage, drainage and solid waste collection. In what way they may associate with the project. Present solid waste collection and disposal problem. Willingness to pay for improved services.	During interaction with households, it was informed by the households that sanitation conditions are very poor in the areas. The residents are dependent on private operators for desludging of their septic tanks. Drainage and Sewerage are major problems of this areas. Local residents are happy with the proposed FSSM works but suggested that regular cleanness of septic tanks are required. The community members enquired whether there will be any sewerage system developed under the project. It was communicated by the project consultants that, in ward 24 there will be no sewerage pipeline laid, but there will be a mechanism of collecting sludge from the households through machine. The participants further enquired if any charges will be levied for cleaning the septic tank sludge. The project consultant mentioned that a very nominal charge may be levied. The community members expressed their willingness to pay for improved services.	
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23.01.2023 Ward No. 25	Total- 8 Male-05 Female-03	Awareness of the project- including project coverage area. Present condition of sewerage, drainage and solid waste collection. In what way they may associate with the project. Present solid waste collection and disposal problem. Willingness to pay for improved services. The GRM mechanism of the project.	During interaction with households, it was found out that presently two private operators provide desludging services within the area. However, many households use manual means to sludge from the septic tanks due to delayed response by the private operators. The community members expressed that although they want to pay for desludging services, the private operators do not respond promptly; sometimes they have to wait for a week and give them several reminders. They said it would be good if Nagar Parishad took some initiative. Currently local residents are paying between Rs.2500-3000 to private operators for desludging their septic tanks. People were happy to hear about the proposed works and willing to pay the charges if system will be properly managed. The project adopted GRM mechanism was discussed in details including the provision of toll-free number.	
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**Appendix 18: Attendance Sheet of Summary of Consultations carried out with
Affected Persons/ Vendors/ Hawkers/local Residents**

**Rajasthan Secondary Town Development Sector Project (RSTDSP-Ph-IV)
Consultations with Stakeholders**

Project Town.....Bundi.....

Name of Project: Water Supply, STP
Project

Date: 07/04/2022

Place of ConsultationSTP.....
रामचंद्र बाग

Attendance Sheet

S.N.	Name	Occupation	Mobile Number	Signature
1	अविनाश सिंगरिया	Chemist	9549458595	Avinash
2	मिश्री लाल	Senior Fiter	6394974387	Mishri Lal
3	मंजू	Female		Manju
4	दानिश अली	इलेक्ट्रिशियन	9057564025	Danish Ali
5	शिवचरण गार्ड	Male		Shivcharan Guard
6	Foru Lal	Male		Foru Lal
7	Nitil Rawal	Male		Nitil Rawal
8	Mahendra Gujar	Male		Mahendra Gujar
9	Ramchandra	Male		Ramchandra
10	Bhairu Lal	Male		Bhairu Lal

Transcript

S. No.	Name	Gender	Occupation	Phone No.
1	Avinas Singariya	Male	Chemist	9549458595
2	Mishri Lal	Male	Senior Fiter	6394974387
3	Manju	Female		7073080436
4	Danish Ali	Male	Electrical Engineer	9057564025
5	Shivcharan Guard	Male	Guard	9568063701
6	Foru Lal	Male	Labour	
7	Nitil Rawal	Male	Labour	7073080436
8	Mahendra Gujar	Male	Shop	7568069701
9	Ramchandra	Male	Farmer	9001783899
10	Bhairu Lal	Male	Shop	9982584143

Rajasthan Secondary Town Development Sector Project (RSTDSP-Ph-IV)
Consultations with Stakeholders

Project Town.....Bhaini.....

Date: 07/04/22

Name of Project: Water Supply, STA 9th
Train 102

Place of Consultation CWR -

मेनवारोड पोस्ट ऑफीस के
लाने

Attendance Sheet

S.N.	Name	Occupation	Mobile Number	Signature
1	पप्पू सैन	दुकान	9602228752	
2	भैरु लाल	दुकान दुकान	7878506661	<u>भैरु लाल</u>
3	चण्डप्रकाश	थैला पतासी		<u>चण्डप्रकाश</u>
4	पारस	थैला दुकान	9001448079	<u>पारस</u>
5	लोकेश	थैला दुकान	9983417705	<u>लोकेश</u>
6	भनवर लाल	दुकान	8949444845	<u>भनवर लाल</u>
7	सत्यनारायण	दुकान	9667496159	<u>सत्यनारायण</u>
8				
9				
10				
11				

Transcript

S. No.	Name	Gender	Occupation	Phone No.
1	Pappu Sain	M	Shop	9602228752
2	Bhairu Lal	M	Fruit Shop	7878506661
3	Chander Prakash	M	Thaila Patasi	
4	Paras	M	Thaila Fruit	9001448079
5	Lokesh	M	Thaila Fruit	9983417705
6	Bhanwar Lal	M	Shop	8949444845
7	Satyanarayan	M	Shop	9667496159

Rajasthan Secondary Town Development Sector Project (RSTDSP-Ph-IV)

Consultations with Stakeholders

Project Town..... BhimdaName of Project: Water Supply & SewerageDate: 07/04/2022Place of Consultation Village Bhimda V. Gram No.Attendance Sheet

S.N.	Name	Occupation	Mobile Number	Signature
1	नरेश गुजर	Staff	8306081307	नरेश गुजर
2	सुरज	Wall operator	9601097432	सुरज
3	अजय	Staff	7231901790	Ajay
4	पीरु	Staff	7427863025	पीरु
5	बलवान	transport manager	9352994022	बलवान
6	महेश	Cashier	9352994022	महेश
7	दीपक	Supervisor	9782502740	दीपक
8	अनूपम	Business man	9530085988	Anupam
9	अमिता बेदीरिया	"	9460033319	Amit
10	इश्वर	"	9414177503	Ishwar
11				
12				

Transcript

S. No.	Name	Gender	Occupation	Phone No.
1	Naresh Gujar	Male	Staff	8306081307
2	Suraj	Male	Wall Operator	9601097432
3	Ajay	Male	Staff	7231901790
4	Peeru	Male	Staff	7427863025
5	Balwan	Male	Transport Manager	9352994022
6	Mahesh	Male	Cashier	9352994022
7	Deepak	Male	Supervisor	9782502740
8	Anupam	Male	Business Man	9530085988
9	Amit Bediriya	Male	Business Man	9460033319
10	Ishwar	Male	Business Man	9414177503

Rajasthan Secondary Town Development Sector Project (RSTDSP-Ph-IV)

Consultations with Stakeholders

Project Town.....Bundi.....

Name of Project: Under supply, STP T
Tram

Date: 07/04/2021

Place of Consultationनगर परषद.....

Attendance Sheet

S.N.	Name	Occupation	Mobile Number	Signature
1	//			
2	Mani Kumari	Safeguard Support Env	8360043214	Mani Kumari
3	Nasir Hussain	Social Safeguard Professional	9650125186	Nasir Hussain
4	Sanjiv Gupta	Safeguard Support Social	9602408289	Sanjiv Gupta
5	Dinesh	A.E.	9785450201	Dinesh
6	Rahul Sharma		8432422475	Rahul Sharma
7				
8				

Transcript

S. No.	Name	Gender	Occupation	Phone No.
1	Mani Sharma	Male	Safeguard Support Env	8360043214
2	Nasir Hussain	Male	Gender and Social Safeguard Professional	9650125186
3	Sanjiv Gupta	Male	Safeguard Support Social	9602408289
4	Dinesh	Male	Assistant Engineer, Nagar Parishad (Municipal Council), Bundi	9785450201
5	Rahul Sharma	Male		8432422475

Rajasthan Secondary Town Development Sector Project (RSTDSP-Ph-IV)

Consultations with Stakeholders

Project Town: Bhander

Name of Project: Water supply, STD
drainage

Date: 08/04/2022

Place of Consultation: WTP

सारवर्ग (डी)

Attendance Sheet

S.N.	Name	Occupation	Mobile Number	Signature
1	भनवर लाल	Staff Helper	9587234877	भनवर लाल
2	चरण सिंह	Staff Helper	7737486990	चरण सिंह
3	चन्द्रकान्ता	Staff	77	
4	हंसराज	operator	7357266546	
5	गोपाल	Helper	9772736905	गोपाल
6	चण्डप्रकाश	Lab. assist	9653944314	
7	सत्यनारायण	Staff operator	8003288363	सत्यनारायण
8				

Transcript

S. No.	Name	Gender	Occupation	Phone No.
1	Bhanwar Lal	Male	Staff Helper	9587234877
2	Charan Singh	Male	Staff Helper	7737486990
3	Chanderkanta	Female	Staff	
4	Hansraj	Male	Operator	7357266546
5	Gopal	Male	Helper	9772736905
6	Chanderprakash	Male	Lab. Assistant	9653944314
7	Satyanarayan	Male	Staff	8003288363

Rajasthan Secondary Town Development Sector Project (RSTDSP-Ph-IV)
Consultations with Stakeholders

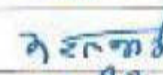
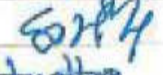
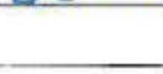
Project Town.....Deemedi.....

Name of Project: Cluster 54/617, STP 7th
Tramway

Date: 08/04/22

Place of Consultation नीलस चौक
वार्ड - 12

Attendance Sheet

S.N.	Name	Occupation	Mobile Number	Signature
1	बृज बीहारी		9521155703	
2	भरत शर्मा	इ-डी	9059567923	
3	हमीद	पेन्टर		
4	निलेश जोशी		9116897564	
5	वशिम रवाज		9784295933	
6	अब्दुल सलीम		9799040782	
7				
8				
9				

Transcript

S. No.	Name	Gender	Occupation	Phone No.
1	Brij Bihari	Male		9521155703
2	Bharat Sharma	Male	Shop	9059567923
3	Hamid	Male	Painter	
4	Nilesh	Male		9116897564
5	Washim	Male		9784295933
6	Abdul Saleem	Male		9799040782

Rajasthan Secondary Town Development Sector Project (RSTDSP-Ph-IV)
Consultations with Stakeholders

Project Town.....Bundi.....

Name of Project: Water Supply, STP and Drainage

Date: 08/01/2022

Place of Consultation

नगर डा-घोरा
वाड - ०९

Attendance Sheet

S.N.	Name	Occupation	Mobile Number	Signature
1	अशोक कुमार	दुकान		
2	उदय सिंह	दुकान	9460603138	Singh
3	योगेश	दुकान	7014229899	Yogesh
4	जगदीश	दुकान-माल		Jagdish
5	गोपाल	दुकान	8504907285	Gopal
6	अरविन्द	दुकान	627500	Arvind
7	रामानन्द	दुकान		Ramanand
8	लखन सिंह	दुकान		Laxman Singh
9	ब्रज बिहारी		9521155703	Brij Bihari
10	जगदीश शर्मा		7023739969	Jagdish Sharma
11	अशोक		8955099936	Ashok
12			8955077136	
13				

Transcript

S. No.	Name	Gender	Occupation	Phone No.
1	Ashok Kumar	Male	Shop	
2	Uday Singh	Male	Shop	9460603138
3	Yogesh	Male	Shop	7014229899
4	Jagdish	Male	Shop Tea	
5	Gopal	Male	Shop	8504907285
6	Arvind	Male	Shop	
7	Ramanand	Male	Shop	
8	Laxman Singh	Male	Shop	
9	Brij Bihari	Male	Shop	9521155703
10	Jagdish Sharma	Male	Shop	7023739969
11	Ashok			8955099936

Rajasthan Secondary Town Development Sector Project (RSTDSP-Ph-IV)
Consultations with Stakeholders

Project Town: Bundi

Name of Project: Drins de une

Date: 23/01/23

Place of Consultation: 315-4

Attendance Sheet

FSSM 0209

S.N.	Name	Occupation	Mobile Number	Signature
1	रेखा शर्मा	House wife	8058962122	रेखा शर्मा
2	राकेश शर्मा	Medical Shop	9928101275	राकेश शर्मा
3	राम भारोसी	Labour	8890011276	राम भारोसी
4	महेंद्र	Shop Tayer	8003729232	महेंद्र
5	सुबोध	Shop Kirana	9166455856	सुबोध
6	पान्चु लाल	Shop Kirana		पान्चु लाल
7	बाजनाग लाल	Repair Bike	9602434346	बाजनाग लाल
8	टीकम चंद	Auto Driver	7568114831	टीकम चंद
9	निलेश शाहु	Shop Kirana	8619895059	निलेश शाहु
10	शंकर लाल	Shop Kirana	9929976742	शंकर लाल
11	कृष्ण गोपाल	Shop Vegetable	7023697213	कृष्ण गोपाल
12				
13				

Transcript

S. No.	Name	Gender	Occupation	Phone No.
1	Rekha Sharma	Female	House Wife	8058962122
2	Rakesh Sharma	Male	Medical Shop	9928101275
3	Ram Bharosi	Male	Labour	8890011276
4	Mahendra	Male	Shop Tayer	8003729232
5	Subhodh	Male	Shop Kirana	9166455856
6	Panchu Lal	Male	Shop Kirana	
7	Bajrnag Lal	Male	Repair Bike	9602434346
8	Tikam Chand	Male	Auto Driver	7568114831
9	Nilesh Shahu	Male	Shop Kirana	8619895059
10	Shankar Lal	Male	Shop Kirana	9929976742
11	Krishan Gopal	Male	Shop Vegetable	7023697213

Rajasthan Secondary Town Development Sector Project (RSTDSP- Ph-IV)
Consultations with Stakeholders

Project Town.....Bundi.....

Name Of Project:.....Drainage work.....

Date:.....23/01/22.....

Place of Consultation:.....CTI - 7-05.....

Attendance Sheet

FSSM Area

S.N.	Name	Occupation	Mobile Number	Signature
1	लोकेश	farmer	8209824947	लोकेश
2	निवेश कुमारी	House wife	9269188114	निवेश कुमारी
3	चोथ मल	Retailer	9414803321	चोथ मल
4	राजेश	House wife	9001157123	राजेश
5	सुनीता	House wife	8290062486	सुनीता
6	विकास प्रजापत	Student	9982047163	विकास
7	शुशिला	House wife	9252613096	
8	कैलाश बाई	House wife		कैलाश
9				

Transcript

S. No.	Name	Gender	Occupation	Phone No.
1	Lokesh	Male	Farmer	8209824947
2	Nitesh Kumari	Female	House Wife	9269188114
3	Choth Mal	Male	Retail Service Man	9414803321
4	Rajesh	Female	House Wife	9001157123
5	Sunita	Female	House Wife	8290062486
6	Vikash Prajapat	Male	Student	9982047163
7	Shushila	Female	House Wife	9252613096
8	Kailash Bai	Female	House Wife	

Rajasthan Secondary Town Development Sector Project (RSTDSP-Ph-IV)
Consultations with Stakeholders

Project Town.....Bhuri.....
 Date:27/01/2023.....

Name of Project: Drainage
 Place of Consultationवार्ड - 23.....

Attendance Sheet FSSM area

S.N.	Name	Occupation	Mobile Number	Signature
1	दुर्गा देवी	House wife	9928752013	दुर्गा देवी
2	शैर सिंह	Driver	11	शैर सिंह
3	कानु शर्मा	11	8769843727	कानु शर्मा
4	रामप्यारी	House wife	8824932246	रामप्यारी
5	कविता	House wife	7240150422	कविता
6	शिव शंकर	Pvt. Job	6377241332	कविता मीठा
7	मुकेश सैनी	Pvt. Job	9929168431	मुकेश सैनी
8	राम लाल	Labour	9571476587	राम लाल
9	आरती	House wife	9784831405	आरती
10	फिरोजा बानु	House wife	9602160941	फिरोजा बानु
11	संतोष	House wife	9929861329	संतोष
12	भुरी बाई	House wife	9680330601	भुरी बाई
13				

Transcript

S. No.	Name	Gender	Occupation	Phone No.
1	Durga Devi	Female	House Wife	9928752013
2	Shair Singh	Male	Driver	
3	Kanu Sharma	Male	Driver	8769843727
4	Rampyari	Female	House Wife	8824932246
5	Kavita	Female	House Wife	7240150422
6	Shiv Shankar	Male	Pvt. Job	6377241332
7	Mukesh Saini	Male	Pvt. Job	9929168431
8	Ram Lal	Male	Labour	9571476587
9	Aarti	Female	House Wife	9784831405
10	Firoja Banu	Female	House Wife	9602160941
11	Santosh	Female	House Wife	9929861329
12	Bhuri Bai	Female	House Wife	9680330601

Rajasthan Secondary Town Development Sector Project (RSTDSP-Ph-IV)
Consultations with Stakeholders

Project Town.....बुढी.....

Name of Project: Drainage work

Date: 23/01/23

Place of Consultation वार्ड-24

Attendance Sheet

ESSM area

S.N.	Name	Occupation	Mobile Number	Signature
1	अनुराधा	Student	9829394542	Anuradha
2	ममता बाई	House wife	8824935535	Mamta Bai
3	शिव शंकर	Pvt Job	9001340999	Shiv Shankar
4	कविता	Student	9799868639	Kavita
5	रामसरूप	Shop Kirana		Ramsaroop
6	रानी	House wife		Rani
7	गिराज	Labour	8560055075	Giriraj
8	संतोष	House wife	9587700710	Santosh
9				
10				

Transcript

S. No.	Name	Gender	Occupation	Phone No.
1	Anuradha	Female	Student	9929394542
2	Mamta Bai	Female	House Wife	8824935535
3	Shiv Shankar	Male	Pvt. Job	9001340999
4	Kavita	Female	Student	9799868639
5	Ramsaroop	Male	Shop Kirana	
6	Rani	Female	House Wife	
7	Giriraj	Male	Labour	8560055075
8	Santosh	Female	House Wife	9587700710

Rajasthan Secondary Town Development Sector Project (RSTDSP-Ph-IV)
Consultations with Stakeholders

Project Town.....अह.....

Name of Project: Drainage work

Date: 23/01/17

Place of Consultation ग्राम - 25

Attendance Sheet

FSSM Area

S.N.	Name	Occupation	Mobile Number	Signature
1	सुनील शर्मा	Shop Kirana	9799065976	Sunil
2	प्रियंका योगी	House wife	9116864101	Priyanka
3	दुर्गा शंकर शर्मा	Repairing	8824635574	Sharma
4	गिरिजा जंगिर	House wife	9950241928	Giriraj Jangir
5	मनोज खुराना	Pvt. job	9716505000	Manoj
6	विनोद जंगिद		9950771764	Vinod
7	पूजा मीना	House wife	8005601773	Pooja
8	नरेंद्र कुमawat	Labour	8905676080	Narendra
9				

Transcript

S. No.	Name	Gender	Occupation	Phone No.
1	Sunil Sharma	Male	Shop Kirana	9799065976
2	Priyanka Yogi	Female	House Wife	9116864101
3	Durga Shankar Sharma	Male	Repairing	8824635574
4	Girija Jangir	Female	House Wife	9950241928
5	Manoj Khurana	Male	Pvt. Job	9716505000
6	Vinod Jangid	Male		9950771764
7	Pooja Meena	Female	House Wife	8005601773
8	Narendra Kumawat	Male	Labour	8905676080



A Unit of RUDSICO

Construction Management & Supervision Consultancy CMSC-01

Consultation Sheet

Project town:- Bundi Venue:- Alinsha Circle Date:- 24/01/2024 Time:- 4:00

Issues:- 1. Awareness about RUIDP's 2. ADB's Safeguard Policy
Water Supply Subproject
 3. Entitlement against Livelihood
Loss

S.N.	Name	Sex		Designation	Contact No.	Signature
		Male	Female			
1	Moolchand	✓		Naai ki Dukan (Saloon)	7568007523	मूलचंद
2	Govind Lal	✓		Fruit Cart	820325312	गोविंदलाल
3	Dev Ashok Kumar	✓		Peanut Cart	6378093750	अशोक कुमार
4	Bheru Lal	✓		Pottar Shopkeeper	9521864111	भैरुलाल
5	Mohan Lal	✓		Fruit Cart	9636265098	मोहनलाल
6	Gyan Singh	✓		Fruit Cart	9982022546	ग्यान सिंह
7	Raghuraj Singh	✓		Fruit Cart	8181290330	रघुराज सिंह
8	Durgalal Saini	✓		Fruit Cart	9829765065	दुर्गलाल सैनी
9	Pooch Lad	✓		Vegetable Cart	9680136540	पूचलाल
10	Bhawani Shankar	✓		Vegetable Cart	7742614942	भवानी शंकर
11	Babu Lal	✓		Fruit Cart	9783839075	बाबुलाल
12	Ramesh	✓		Spices Cart	7878545375	रमेश
13	Ishaq	✓		Egg Cart	7737370592	इशक
14	Moh. Aznuddin	✓		Egg Cart	7737129051	मोह. अज़नुद्दीन
15	Lad Kanwar		✓	Pottar	9166803049	लालकान्वर

Appendix 19: Stakeholder Consultation and Community Awareness's Minutes of Meeting held on 24.03.2023 in Bundi town

**Rajasthan Secondary Towns Development Sector Project
Community Awareness Program & Stakeholder Consultation**

Title: Stakeholder Consultation on Environment and Social Safeguard.

Venue: Collectorate Meeting hall, Bundi

Date: 24th March 2023

No of Participants: 47 (Male-41, Female-06)

Objectives of Program:

The primary objective of workshop was to create the awareness, through which the people will be sensitized about the benefits of upcoming project in Bundi town along with potential social and environmental impacts and mitigation measures.

Minutes of the Public Awareness & Consultation

Public Awareness Program & Stakeholder Consultation was held on 24.03.2023 at Meeting Hall, Collectorate office, Bundi. Officials of Nagar Palika (Chairmen, Councillor), Official of PHED and SDM of Bundi town and local public & Public representative were shown their participation.

Mr. Chiranjilal, Gender Expert of CAPPC, RUIDP, welcomed the distinguished guests and participants.

Mr. Manish Arora, SE, PIU, Bundi in his introductory speech, briefed about the Project Development Objectives (PDO). He explained that newly developed area of Bundi is unable to cater the water demand due to growing population therefore under water supply scheme water treatment plant (WTP), CWR, OHSR, pipeline networks, house service connection etc are considered as per the requirements of the town. He also deliberated that the capacity of existing STP is not enough due to increase of sewer connections, hence additional 6.5 MLD capacity STP is proposed under sewer scheme. SE, PIU also apprised that in low lying areas where the sewerage line is not feasible, Faecal Sludge & Septage Management (FSSM) has been proposed. It was also informed that the project is based on Design Built & Operate (DBO) contract, hence contractor bounded to maintain the created project assets for 10 years.

It was also apprised by Mr. Manish Arora, SE, PIU, Bundi that Bundi is an important tourist destination in the state of Rajasthan and there are many tourist sites (Gates, Baoris, Chatirs and Nawal Sagar Kunds).

Therefore, at **Nawal Sagar Lake**- Cleaning of Nawal Sagar Lake intercepting of drain


(Shrikant Jangir)
Executive Engineer
Bundi
Rajasthan PHED - Bundi


Support Engineer
CMSC-01 Bundi
Name: Kapil Soni


Team Leader
CMSC-01, Ph-IV
RUIDP, Jaipur


G. S. PROFESSIONAL
CMSC-01, Ph-IV


VARDAN SRIVASTAVA
ENVIRONMENTAL
SAFEGUARD PROFESSIONAL
CMSC-01 RUIDP-IV JAIPUR

into Nawal Sagar, Enhancing the capacity of Nawal Sagar Lake, Beautification of the two sides of Lake Edge and at **Nawal Sagar Park**- Development of the entrance plaza, Development of the interconnection of three different parks into one, Development of alternate route for the public use, Interconnecting the park and Nawal Sagar lake, redesigning of road between the park and lake into the Promenade, Development of food court, public utilities and parking spaces etc.

The basic objective of this subproject is to improve the economic development by providing the infrastructure and service in the city beautification. The improvement of quality of life and thereby effective contribution of beneficiary people in the economic activity is expected.

Smt. Nishta Arya, Architect, PMCBC briefed about the proposed components through power point presentation to the participants.

Mr. Shrikant Jangir, EE, PIU, apprised that water logging is reported in rainy season in low laying areas of the town due to the lack of proper drainage and discharge resulting rain water comes on the roads and create water logging at various places. Hence for proper drainage and safely discharge of stagnated water and reduce incidences of water logging, improvement of 14.21 Km. existing drain improvement works is proposed for Bundi town under RUIDP project. The drain considered for improvement are: lanka gate - Ice factory to UIDSSMT Nallah/drain, From Agarwal Dharamshala to Highway Nallah on Silor Road, From Khoja Gate to Ice Factory, From Gurudwara Devpura to Nanak bridge circle and from Jait Sagar to Devpura.

Mr. Vardan Srivastava, Environmental Safeguards Professional, CMSC-01, briefed them about the project activities and requirement of environmental monitoring periodically. He briefed about environmental laws and statutory clearances required for the project, environmental issues and mitigation measures, role and responsibility contractor to ensure environmental compliances. He emphasized that it is the responsibility of the contractor to ensure that hard barricading (for sewer line) with retro-reflective arrangements for all the open trenches with GI sheets should be provided so that no person or animal can enter/fall in trench. An information board should also be firmly fixed at every such location giving information about the duration of closure of works and contractor contact details for grievances, if any.

Mr. Bhupander Kaushik, Social Safeguard Support, PMCBC- RUIDP briefed them about the main features of ADB safeguard policy. He deliberated that works should be undertaken in such a way that impacts should be minimized. If any impacts will be envisaged, specially livelihood, compensation shall be paid as per ADB agreed framework. Grievances mechanism.

Mr. Chiranjilal, CAPPC briefed that throughout project, public awareness activities will be carried out to develop the sense of ownership, so project can sustain for a long time through which local residents/people will get benefitted economically, socially


[Shrikant Jangir]
Executive Engineer
RUIDP, Ph-IV, Bundi


Support Engineer
CMSC-01 Bundi
Name: Kapil Soni


Team Leader
CMSC-01, Ph-IV
RUIDP, Jaipur


VARDAN SRIVASTAVA
ENVIRONMENTAL
SAFEGUARD PROFESSIONAL
CMSC-01, PH-IV

VARDAN SRIVASTAVA
ENVIRONMENTAL
SAFEGUARD PROFESSIONAL
CMSC-01, RUIDP-IV, Jaipur

Smt. Madhu Nuwal, Chairman of Nagar Parishad stated that it is the responsibility of each participant to facilitate the project implementation team, so works can be executed without any hurdle. Project sustainability depends on the public, so it is also the responsibility of councilors to disseminate information to public in their respective ward to maintain the project assets once the project will be completed.

Mr. Sohan Lal, SDM requested to all the councilors to provide all required support to PIU/CMSC and Contractor for successful completion of proposed work in Bundi town

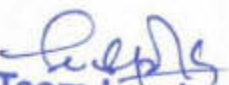
A vote of thanks given by SE, PIU to all the participants for their presence and contribution to an event.


(Shrikant Jangir)
Executive Engineer
RUIDP, PIU-Bundi
Executive Engineer
RUIDP, PIU - Bundi


Support Engineer
CMSC-01 Bundi
Name:- Kapil Soni


VARDAN SRIVASTAVA
ENVIRONMENTAL
SAFEGUARD PROFESSIONAL
CMSC-01 RUIDP-IV, JAIPUR


A. Pandey
GIS PROFESSIONAL
CMSC-01, Ph-IV


Team Leader
CMSC-01, Ph-IV
RUIDP, Jaipur

Snapshot



(Signature)
(Shrikant Jangir)
Executive Engineer
RUIDP, Ph-IV, Bundi
RUIDP, Ph-IV, Bundi

(Signature)
Support Engineer
CMSC-01 Bundi
Name: Kapil Soni

(Signature)
G.P.S PROFESSIONAL
CMCC-01

(Signature)
VARDAN SRIVASTAVA
ENVIRONMENTAL
SAFEGUARD PROFESSIONAL
CMSC-01 BUNDI

(Signature)
Team Leader
CMSC-01, Ph-IV
RUIDP, Jaipur

Attendance Sheet



राजस्थान नगरीय आधारभूत विकास परियोजना (RUIDP)

चतुर्थ चरण ट्रेच -II, PIU, Bundi

दिनांक 24.03.2023

स्थान- जिला कलेक्ट्रेट सभागार, बून्दी

क्र. सं.	नाम	पद	लिंग (पुरुष/महिला)	मोबाईल नंबर	हस्ताक्षर
1	Maulik Kumar	Executive Engineer	Male	9352745001	Maulik Kumar
2	[Signature]	344771414	Male	9352745001	[Signature]
3	SOHAN UAL	SDM Bundi	M.	9771656798	[Signature]
4	D.N. WAS	SE, PHED	Male	9460056901	[Signature]
5	Manish Arora	SE, RUIDP	M	8003377650	[Signature]
6	Dileep K. Sharma	SEPHED Bundi	M	3414252004	[Signature]
7	Shrikant Jangir	EE (RUIDP)	M	8028687316	[Signature]
8	Nishu Arora	SE Architect (RUIDP)	F	9150106721	Nishu Arora
9	Sankha Singh Negishi	Environmental Safeguard Specialist for SC	M	7678358158	[Signature]
10	Bhupendra Kachhik	Structural Engineer	M	9357957460	[Signature]
11	TAMIR MOHAMMADIN	PROJECT COORDINATOR	M	9797831972	[Signature]
12	Sameer	WARD PWSHED	M	9619420001	[Signature]

(Shrikant Jangir)
Executive Engineer
RUIDP, PIU, Bundi
Executive Engineer
RUIDP, PIU - Bundi

Support Engineer
CMS-01 Bundi
Name:- Kapil Soni

Team Leader
CMS-01, Ph-IV
RUIDP, Jaipur

GRS PROFESSIONAL
CMS-01, Ph-IV

VARDAN SRIVASTAVA
ENVIRONMENTAL
SAFEGUARD PROFESSIONAL
CMS-01, Ph-IV



राजस्थान नगरीय आधारभूत विकास परियोजना (RUIDP)

चतुर्थ चरण ट्रेंच -II, PIU, Bundi

दिनांक 24.03.2023

स्थान- जिला कलेक्ट्रेट सभागार, बुन्दी

क्र. सं.	नाम	पद	लिंग (पुंस्व/स्त्री)	मोबाईल नम्बर	हस्ताक्षर
13	Dais	ward person	M	9057308755	[Signature]
14	सुरिवाकर सिंह	वार्ड पार्सन	M	9928585327	[Signature]
15	जयदीप शर्मा	वार्ड पार्सन	M	9050909352	[Signature]
16	मोहन कुमार	PARO	M	9005314111	[Signature]
17	संजय - शर्मा	वार्ड पार्सन	F	9460777548	[Signature]
18	ममता शर्मा	वार्ड पार्सन	F	9460549240	[Signature]
19	मुरारी सिंह	आयुक्त	M	8058173182	[Signature]
20	मोहन शर्मा	पामन वार्ड 36	M	9352865250	[Signature]
21	अजीत कुमार	इन्सपेक्टर	M	9910188505	[Signature]
22	परमानन्द सिंह	परामन सिंह	M	9910085399	[Signature]
23	मोहन शर्मा	मोहन शर्मा	M	946075491	[Signature]
24	मोहन शर्मा	मोहन शर्मा	M	9799712900	[Signature]

(Shrikant Jangir)
Executive Engineer
RUIDP, PIU, Bundi
RUIDP, PIU - Bundi

Support Engineer
CMSC-01 Bundi
Name: - Kapil Soni

Team Leader
CMSC-01, Ph-IV
RUIDP, Jaipur

Slandy
GFS PROFESSIONAL
CMSC-01, Ph-IV

VARDAN SRIVASTAVA
ENVIRONMENTAL
SAFEGUARD PROFESSIONAL
CMSC-01 RUIDP-IV, JAIPUR



राजस्थान नगरीय आधारभूत विकास परियोजना (RUIDP)

चतुर्थ चरण ट्रेंच -II, PIU, Bundi

दिनांक 24.03.2023

स्थान- जिला कलेक्ट्रेट सभागार, बून्दी

क्र. सं.	नाम	पद	लिंग (पुरुष/महिला)	मोबाईल नम्बर	हस्ताक्षर
25	Rajendra Kumar Yous	Eng.	M	9362621237	
26	Ed Singh	gate envelope	M	7088276091	
27	Kapil Soni	Support Eng. CMSC-01	M	9549510812	
28	Manoj Sharma	KITL	M	8239431121	
29	NK Tivedi	KITL	M	9222273616	
30	Ed Tivedi	KITL	M	9929281118	
31	Prashant Meena	Engineer	M	7743797008	
32	Shrawan Mahajan	Trainee	M	7215938467	
33	Shankar Kumar Prasad	B.C Engineer	M	9588879622	
34	Sachin Kumar	Chartered Accountant	M	9210303060	
35	Laxmi Meena	DOT	Female	9351398625	
36	Pratik Singh	DOT	M	9414394081	

(Shrikant Jangir)
Executive Engineer
RUIDP, PIU-Bundi
Executive Engineer
RUIDP, PIU - Bundi

Support Engineer
CMSC-01 Bundi
Name: - Kapil Soni

Team Leader
CMSC-01, Ph-IV
RUIDP, Jaipur

VARDAN SRIVASTAVA
ENVIRONMENTAL
SAFEGUARD PROFESSIONAL
CMSC-01, Ph-IV

VARDAN SRIVASTAVA
ENVIRONMENTAL
SAFEGUARD PROFESSIONAL
CMSC-01 RUIDP-IV, Jaipur



राजस्थान नगरीय आधारभूत विकास परियोजना (RUIDP)

चतुर्थ चरण ट्रेन -II, PIU, Bundi

दिनांक 24.03.2023

स्थान- जिला कलेक्ट्रेट सभागार, बून्दी

क्र. सं.	नाम	पद	लिंग (पुरुष/महिला)	मोबाईल नम्बर	हस्ताक्षर
37	कल्पना शर्मा	जॉब वर्कर	महिला	8440804755	कल्पना शर्मा
38	प्रीति शर्मा	पावर प्लान	पुरुष	8440804133	प्रीति शर्मा
39	सुरेश कुमार	पावर प्लान	पुरुष	889037170	सुरेश कुमार
40	रामराज शर्मा	पावर प्लान	पुरुष	9414746888	रामराज शर्मा
41	मनीष कुमार शर्मा	EE PIU Bundi	Male	982922676	मनीष कुमार शर्मा
42	Saurabh Pandey	CME-4 CMSP	Male	9826394056	Saurabh Pandey
43	Chandan Birkha		Male	9775310151	Chandan Birkha
44	Sandeep Mawya	SPC-01	Male	920333023	Sandeep Mawya
45	BHEMU LAL		Male		BHEMU LAL
46	Anil K. Pandey	IT & S (CMSC-01)	Male	9672977380	Anil K. Pandey
47	Chinanjali Chandel	Lead expert	female	998376713	Chinanjali Chandel
48					

(Shrikant Jangir)
Executive Engineer
RUIDP PIU Bundi
Executive Engineer
RUIDP PIU - Bundi

Support Engineer
CMSC-01 Bundi
Name: Kapil Soni

Team Leader
CMSC-01, Ph-IV
RUIDP, Jaipur

A Pandey
GRS PROFESSIONAL
CMSC-01, Ph IV

VARDAN SRIVASTAVA
ENVIRONMEN
SAFEGUARD PROFE
CMSC-01 RUIDP-IV JAIPUR

Transcript

Attendance Sheet

Name of participant	Designation
1. Smt. Madhu Nuwal	Chairperson, Municipal Council, Bundi
2. Mr. Mahender	Vice- Chairman, Municipal Council, Bundi
3. Mr. Sohan Lal	Sub-Division Officer
4. Mr. D. N. Vyas	Superintending Engineer, PHED, Bundi
5. Mr. Manish Arora	Superintending Engineer
6. Mr. Shrikant Jangid	Executive Engineer
7. Mr. Dilip Kr. Sharma	Executive Engineer, PHED, Bundi
8. Mr. Manish Kumar Meena	Executive Engineer, PWD, Bundi
9. Smt. Nishta Ariya	Sr. Architect, PMCBC, Jaipur
10. Mr. Surender Singh	Environmental Safeguard Specialist, PMCBC
11. Ms. Bhupander Kaushik	Social Safeguard Support, PMCBC
12. Mr. Sandeep Panday	CAPPC
13. Mr. Anil Kumar Panday	G & S Prof. CMSC -01
14. Mr. Chinrangi Lal Chandel	CAPPC
15. Ms. Tahir Mir	Project Coordinator
16. Mr. Sameer	Ward Councilor
17. Mr. Rais	Ward Councilor
18. Mr. Hari Shankar Saini	Ward Councilor
19. Mr. Ranjeet Nayak	Ward Councilor
20. Mr. Santoah Kumar	P.R.O.
21. Mr. Sandhya Rawal	Ward Councilor
22. Ms. Mamta Sharma	Ward Councilor
23. Ms. Mahaveer Singh	Ward Councilor
24. Ms. Mohinudeen	Ward Councilor
25. Mr. Pradeep Kumar Jha	Team Leader, CMSC-01, Jaipur
26. Mr. Vardan Shrivastava	Environmental Safeguards Professional, CMSC-01, Jaipur
27. Mr. Mukesh Madhvani	Opposition Leader
28. Mr. Lokesh Dadhich	Shahar Upadhyaksh BJP
29. Mr. Rajendra Kumar Varma	Eng. KIPL
30. Mr. Laal Singh	Site Inch. KIPL
31. Mr. Kapil Soni	Support Eng. CMSC – 01
32. Mr. Manoj Sharma	KIPL
33. Mr. N. K Trivedi	KIPL
34. Mr. Lalit Trivedi	KIPL
35. Mr. Eshvarya Meena	Eng.
36. Mr. Sandeep Morya	Site Engg.
37. Mr. Bheru Lal	Engg.
38. Mr. Sandeep Mahajan	Trainee.
39. Mr. Ashok Kumar Prajapat	Eng.
40. Mr. Sanchit Agrawal	CA
41. Ms. Mukesh Sain	Ward Councilor
42. Mr. Dashraj Nayak	Ward Councilor
43. Mr. Ramraj Ajmera	Ward Councilor

[Signature]
G&S PROFESSIONAL
CMSC-01, Ph-IV
Team Leader
RUIDP, Jaipur

[Signature]
VARDAN SRIVASTAVA
ENVIRONMENTAL
SUPPORT ENGINEER
CMSC-01 Bundi
Team - Kapil Soni

[Signature]
(Shrikant Jangir)
Executive Engineer
RUIDP, Ph-IV Bundi
Executive Engineer
RUIDP Ph-IV Bundi

**Appendix 20: Minutes of City Level (Stakeholder) Committee (CLC) meeting held on
20 October 2021**

Municipal Council, Bundi

Date: 20.10.2021

No. 14.8/21/1309

Minutes of City Level Committee Meeting

A City Level Committee meeting held on 20.10.2021 under chairmanship of District Collector, Bundi for finalization of Drainage & other development works in Bundi city under RUIDP Phase-IV

List of Officials, public representative & stake holders, who attended the meeting, is enclosed at **Annexure 'A'**.

It was initially briefed out that RUIDP will take up Drainage and other development works in Bundi city. It was apprised that the DPRs of proposed works is being prepared by the Consultant M/s Cadcon Consultants, Jaipur engaged by the Municipal Council, Bundi. It will be considered for Phase-IV project. RUIDP has scrutinized the Draft DPRs and suggestions have already been conveyed to consultants for modifications & revision & the estimates are as per RUIDP SOR-2017.

Provisions under the DPR and basic scope of work were briefed to the committee. The tentative cost of DPR is of Rs. 135crs for works proposed under Drainage & other development works. The brief scope of works are as follows:-

1. Augmentation of Bundi RUIDP water supply scheme for demand load of 26 MLD to 34 MLD

Particulars	Proposed works Detail
Upgradation of Intake Well	8.0 MLD
Water Treatment Plant	8.0 MLD
Transmission Main - DI K-9 Pipe Dia ranging from 100mm to 400mm	1.194 Km
Clear Water Reservoir	1 Nos.
OHSR	1 Nos.
Distribution Mains	
HDPE PE -100, PN6, Pipe Dia ranging from 110mm to 400 mm	30.2 Km
House Service Connection (2025)	5038 nos.

2. Development of main roads and Beautification work of crossings in the city area

(A) Works related to developments of CC Roads

S.no.	Road Type	Length (in m)
1.	Category-I (9.0 to upto 15.0 mtr)	1200
2.	Category-II (5.0 to upto 9.0 mtr)	33545
3.	Category-III (3.0 to upto 5.0 mtr)	9110
	Total	43855

- (B) **Works related to Beautification, conservation and bodies**
- Nawalsagar heritage path from Jaipur road Entry Gate to petrol pump tiraha
 - Development of Petrol Pump Tiraha
 - Development of Ahinsa Circle
 - Construction ENT Gate at Bundi (Jaipur Road)
 - Construction of ENT Gate of Kota Road
 - Conservation of Naru Ki Baori, naagarsagarkund
 - Conservation of City Gates 5 Nos., and provision of Chhatri on circles

3. Remaining work of Sewerage (STP) of capacity 10.5 MLD based on SBR Technology including FSSM

4. Development of NawalSagar Talab and Heritage work.

5. Following drainage work are proposed in town:-

S.no.	Name of Drain	Length(in m)
1	Jaipur Bypass to FCI godam along with Rani jikiBawadi	2690.00
2	Khoja Gate Ganesh ji to Ice Factory	415.00
3	GurudwaraDevpura to Nanak PuliyaTiraha	2820.00
4	JaitSagarNallah	5800.00
5	Silor Road (Agarwal Dharamshala to highway nalah on Silor road)	610.00
Total		12335.00

Committee decided to approve the detailed project Report the brief of which is mentioned as above.

Meeting ended with vote of thanks to the chair.


Commissioner

Municipal Council, Bundi

No. 175/21/1310 to 1322

Copy to the following for information and necessary action:

- PA to MLA, Bundi.
- PA to District Collector & Chairman CLC, Bundi.
- PA to Project Director, RUIDP, Jaipur.
- Chairman, Municipal Council, Bundi.
- Commissioner, Municipal Council, Bundi
- Additional Project Director, RUIDP, Jaipur.
- Addl. Chief Engineer, RUIDP, Jaipur.
- Addl. Chief Engineer, RUIDP, Jaipur.
- Addl. Chief Engineer, PWD/PHED, Bundi, Jaipur
- Senior Town Planner, Town Planning Department, Bundi
- Principal Medical Officer, Medical and Health Dept. Bundi
- Superintending Engineer-I, RUIDP, Jaipur
- Executive Engineer, Municipal Council, Bundi.


District Collector & Chairman CLC
Bundi

Date: 20.10.2021


Commissioner
Municipal Council, Bundi



Office of Additional Chief Engineer, Phase-IV, Jaipur-Zone, Jaipur
 AVS Building, Jawahar Circle, JLN Marg, Jaipur - 302017
 Ph. - 141 2721966 Fax No. 141 2721919
 E-mail: jpa.ruidp@rajasthan.gov.in

ATTENDANCE SHEET of City Level Committee (CLC) meeting, Bundi

Purpose: - Discussion of broad scope of DPR and identification & finalization of Drainage & other development works to be taken up in Bundi under RUIDP Phase IV.

Date of Meeting: - 20th October, 2021 at 5:00 PM

Venue: Meeting Hall, Collectorate, Bundi

S.No.	Name	Designation and Organization	Signature
1.	Shri. Ashok Dogra	Hon'ble MLA, Bundi	
2.	Kumari Renu Jaipal	Collector & District Magistrate, Bundi	
3.	Shri. Madhu Nuwal	Chairman Municipal Council, Bundi	
4.	Sh. Mahaveer Singh	Commissioner, Municipal Council, Bundi	
5.	Sh. Latour Bhai	Vice-chairman Municipal Council, Bundi	
6.	Shri. Narendra Ajmera	Addl. Chief Engineer, Zone- Jaipur, RUIDP	
7.	VK Jain	SE on behalf of Addl. Chief Engineer, PWD, Bundi	
8.	D.N. Vyas	SE on behalf of Addl. Chief Engineer, PHED, Bundi	
9.	Arunesh Sharma	EE, Nagar Parishad (Municipal Council), Bundi	

Transcript

S. No.	Name	Gender	Occupation	Phone No.
1	Shri Ashok Dogra	Male	Hon'ble MLA, Bundi	
2	Kumari Renu Jaipal	Female	Collector & District Magistrate, Bundi	
3	Shri Madhu Nuwal	Female	Chairman Municipal Council, Bundi	
4	Sh. Mahaveer Singh	Male	Commissioner, Municipal Council, Bund	
5	Sh. Latour Bhai	Male	Vice-chairman Municipal Council, Bundi	
6	Shri. Narendra Ajmera	Male	Add Chief Engineer, Zone- Jaipur, RUIDR	
7	VK Jain	Male	SE on behalf of Add Chief Engineer, PWD, Bundi	
8	D.N. Vyas	Male	SE on behalf of Add Chief Engineer, PHED, Bundi	
9	Arunesh Sharma	Male	EE, Nagar Parishad (Municipal Council), Bundi	

Appendix 21: Photographs of Consultations Carried out with Affected Persons, Community and Beneficiaries



Consultations with affected persons along with Junior Engineer, PIU, Bundi, Assistant Construction Manager of CMSC-01 and Project Manager of M/s Khilari Infra Pvt. Ltd, for Project Impacted alignments of Water Supply Subproject.



Consultations with affected persons, communities, beneficiaries etc.



Consultations with affected persons, communities, beneficiaries etc.



Consultations with affected persons, communities, beneficiaries along with Nagar Parishad staff etc.

Appendix 22: Copy of Leaflet with Project Information and Notice to Commence Surveys



राजस्थान मध्यम नगर विकास क्षेत्र परियोजना (RSTDSP), RUIDP चरण- IV

परियोजना का नाम — बूंदी शहर में पेयजल पाइप लाइन व सीवरेंज ट्रीटमेंट प्लांट का निर्माण एवं विकास का कार्य किया जाएगा ।

(Laying of Water Supply Pipe Line and Construction of WTP, CWR, OHSR and Sewerage Treatment Plant Work in Bundi Town)

परियोजना के उद्देश्य

आपके शहर में पेयजल पाइप लाइन व सीवरेंज ट्रीटमेंट प्लांट के साथ-साथ शहर का विकास का कार्य किया जायेगा। इस परियोजना के सफलता पूर्वक संचालन के लिए आप सब शहरवासियों से सहायता की आवश्यकता है। इस योजना के संचालन से शहर के लोगों को सीवरेंज व ड्रेनेज से सम्बन्धित समस्याओं का समाधान किया जायेगा।

जलापूर्ति पाइप लाइन, सीवरेंज ट्रीटमेंट प्लांट व शहर के विकास का कार्य।

(अ) वर्तमान क्षमताओं का पूर्ण उपयोग करना तथा जहाँ भी आवश्यक हो उत्पादन एवं वितरण व्यवस्था में अभिवृद्धि ।
(ब) परियोजना के तहत वितरण में वृद्धि की जायेगी।

परियोजना घटक एवं सुधार के प्रस्ताव

Water Supply

- (अ) वाटर लाइन—32.08 किलोमीटर। (32.08 Km) (Dia ranging from 90 mm to 315 mm)
- (ब) वाटर ट्रीटमेंट प्लांट (existing WTP campus, Jakhmund) – 8 MLD।
- (स) ओएचएसआर—450 किलो लीटर, विकास नगर।
- (द) सीडब्लूआर—1200 किलो लीटर (Nainwa Road PHED campus)।
- Transmission Mains (Length- 1.194 Km) (Dia ranging from 100 mm to 150 mm)
- (ए) हाउस सर्विस कनेक्शन— 7208।

Sewerage

- a. Construction of STP of 6.5 MLD in existing STP campus near Ramganj Balaji

परियोजना की अनुमानित लागत — राशि रुपये47.48. करोड़ (लगभग)

निर्माण कार्य के दौरान संभावित अल्पावधि प्रभाव :-

जो लोग रोड़ के किनारे थड़ी-ढेला फल-सब्जी, चाय कि थड़ी, फेंरी अस्थाई दुकान लगाकर अपना व्यवसाय कर जीवनयापन करते है, कार्य के सफल क्रियान्वयन के लिए उन लोगों को अल्पावधि के लिए अन्यत्र स्थानान्तरित की आवश्यकता पड़ेगी। यदि व्यवसायियों को किसी भी तरह की हानि पहुँचेगी तो उन्हें प्रभावित मानते हुये एडीसी / राजस्थान सरकार के मानकों के अनुसार उचित क्षतिपूर्ति का प्रावधान किया जायेगा। इस कार्य हेतु सर्वे कार्य दिनांक 14.06.2023 से शुरू किया जा रहा है जिसमे हम आपसे सहायता की अपेक्षा करते हैं।

हमारी सहायता करें — स्वयं की सहायता करें

राजस्थान मध्यम नगर विकास क्षेत्र परियोजना (RSTDSP), RUIDP चरण- IV

Transcript

Name of the Project- Laying of Water Supply Pipe Line and Construction of WTP, CWR, OHSR and Sewerage Treatment Plant Work in Bundi Town.

Objectives of the Project - A project is going to start in your city/town for providing water supply and sewerage facilities and participation of all residents is required for success of the project. Under the project, water supply and sewerage facility shall be improved in the entire city and the city shall be considered as clean city.

Water Supply Pipeline, Sewerage Treatment Plan and City Development Works:

1. Complete utilization of present capacities and increase in production and distribution to the possible extent as required.
2. Increase in distribution of water supply under the project.

Project Components and Proposal of Upgradation

Water Supply:

- (i) Laying of 32.08 km of water distribution networks of dia ranging from 90 mm to 315 mm.
- (ii) Construction of 08 MLD Water Treatment Plant at existing campus of Jakhmund.
- (iii) Construction of one Overhead Service Reservoir of 450 kiloliter capacity at Vikasnagar.
- (iv) Construction of one Clear Water Reservoir of 1200 kilo liter (KL) at Nainwa Road.
- (v) Laying of transmission mains-1.194 kilometer of dia ranging from 100 mm to 150 mm
- (vi) House Service Connection – 7208 Numbers.

Sewerage:

- (i) Construction of Sewage Treatment Plant of 6.5 MLD in existing STP campus near Ramganj Balaji

Expected Project Cost: 47.48 Crores

Short term impacts during the proposed construction

Some street and mobile vendors are situated along road and are engaged in earning their livelihoods selling fruits and vegetables, tea etc. Water Supply and sewerage works will be executed along the right of way and during laying of pipeline some street vendors may be temporarily impacted. During such period they may be moved to other places at nearby locations / other side of road for continued business. If there is any loss of business or livelihood, the person will be considered as affected person and compensated as per ADB/GOR requirements. In this regard a Socio-economic survey will start from 14.06.2023 and your cooperation during the survey is solicited. .

Appendix 23: Photographs of Project Information Leaflet Distribution

47. Chinnu S/o Nandkishore, Betel Seller, Cart.
48. Dinesh S/o Dillip, Vegetable & Fruits, Cart.
49. Deena S/o Bhura Gadiya, Blacksmith, Footpath.
50. Sita Bai S/o Bhanwar Lal, Blacksmith, Footpath.
51. Dinesh Jangid S/o Suraj Mal, Tea Seller, Cart.
52. Gora Bai S/o Babu, Blacksmith, Footpath.
53. Abdul Shiyad S/o Najjar Mohammad, Saloon, Cabin.
54. Dharmraj Suman S/o Kaniya Lal, Snacks, Cart.
55. Kalya S/o Shankar Lal, Blacksmith, Footpath.
56. Durga Shankar S/o Bhanwar Lal, Snacks, Cart.
57. Kalayan Saini S/o Dhan Kalayan, Vegetable & Fruits, Cart.
58. Bhairu Lal S/o Jumma Ji, Vegetable & Fruits, Cart.
59. Kuldeep S/o Raju Lal, Betel Seller, Cart.
60. Ganesh S/o Mahaveer, Vegetable & Fruits, Cart.
61. Rakesh S/o Bhanwar Lal, Vegetable & Fruits, Cart.
62. Trilok S/o Shambhu Lal, Vegetable & Fruits, Cart.

जो लोग इस सर्वे की अंतिम तिथि 14.06.2023... तक शामिल नहीं हो सके उन्हें एक मौका और दिया जा रहा है वे अपने उचित दस्तावेजों के साथ आर यू आई डी पी के स्थानीय कार्यालय में बुकान नं०-04, कोटा रोड पिंक सिटी कोलोनी, देवपुरा बुंदी, राजस्थान-323001 निम्नलिखित फॉर्म पर 21.06.2023... तक सम्पर्क करें।

हमारी सहायता करें स्वयं की सहायता करें

राजस्थान ग्राम पंचायत और विकास प्रियोजन (RSTDSP),

Transcript:

Name of the Project- Laying of Water Supply Pipe Line and Construction of WTP, CWR, OHSR and Sewerage Treatment Plant Work in Bundi Town.

Objectives of the Project - A project is going to start in your city/town for providing water supply and sewerage facilities and participation of all residents is required for success of the project. Under the project, water supply and sewerage facility shall be improved in the entire city and the city shall be considered as clean city.

Water Supply Pipeline, Sewerage Treatment Plan and City Development Works:

1. Complete utilization of present capacities and increase in production and distribution to the possible extent as required.
2. Increase in distribution of water supply under the project.

Project Components and Proposal of Upgradation

Water Supply:

- (i) Laying of 32.08 km of water distribution networks of dia ranging from 90 mm to 315 mm.
- (ii) Construction of 08 MLD Water Treatment Plant at existing campus of Jakhmund.
- (iii) Construction of one Overhead Service Reservoir of 450 kiloliter capacity at Vikasnagar.
- (iv) Construction of one Clear Water Reservoir of 1200 kilo liter (KL) at Nainwa Road.
- (v) Laying of transmission mains-1.194 kilometer of dia ranging from 100 mm to 150 mm
- (vi) House Service Connection – 7208 Numbers.

Sewerage:

- (ii) Construction of Sewage Treatment Plant of 6.5 MLD in existing STP campus near Ramganj Balaji

Expected Project Cost: 47.48 Crores

Short term effects during the proposed construction

Some street and mobile vendors are situated along road and are engaged in earning their livelihood . Due to laying of pipelines their business may be affected for a short period. The vendors may have to shift to the nearby places to continue with their business activity. A survey was already conducted for to list out the persons who are operating their street vending business along the ROW. The persons (vendors) who are operating their vending business along the ROW will be considered as affected persons and duly compensated in accordance with ADB/Government of Rajasthan policy.

Translated version (in Hindi) of the applicable provisions of the Entitlement Matrix

- **Temporary disruption of livelihood**-(Legal titleholders, non-titled APs) - Cash assistance based on the minimum wage/average earnings per month for the loss of income/livelihood for the period of disruption. Assistance to vendors/hawkers to temporarily shift for continued economic activity (₹1,500 as one-time assistances.)
- **Impacts on vulnerable affected persons** (Temporary impacts) - Vulnerable/Poor AHs-Livelihood. Vulnerable households will be given priority in project construction employment and provided with income restoration support. Vulnerable persons/businesses will receive ₹9,000 as one-time assistance under temporary impacts.
- **Any other loss not identified** - Unanticipated involuntary impacts will be documented and mitigated based on ADB's Safeguard Policy (SPS), 2009 and RSTDSP resettlement framework.

st of the affected persons – Temporary Income Loss

Appendix 25: Photographs of Cut-Off Date Disclosed among Affected Persons



Appendix 26: Grievance Registration Format

(to be translated and made available in local language/s)

The _____ Project welcomes complaints, suggestions, queries and comments regarding subproject implementation.

Aggravated persons may provide grievance with their name and contact information to enable us to get in touch for clarification and feedback.

In case, someone chooses not to include personal details and wants that the information provided to remain confidential, please indicate by writing/typing *(CONFIDENTIAL)* above Grievance Format.

Thank you

Date	Place of registration		
Contact Information/Personal Details			
Name	Gender	* Male *Female	Age
Home Address			
Place			
E-mail			
Complaint/Suggestion/Comment/Question Please provide the details (who, what, where and how) of your grievance below: If included as attachment/note/letter, please tick here:			
How do you want us to reach you for feedback or update on your comment/grievance?			

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

Registered by: (Name of Official registering grievance)	
Mode of communication: Note/Letter E-mail Verbal/Telephonic	
Reviewed by: (Names/Positions of Official(s) reviewing grievance)	
Action Taken:	
Whether Action Taken Disclosed:	Yes
	No
Means of Disclosure:	

Appendix 27: Grievance Registration Format Translated in Hindi

शिकायत पंजीकरण प्रारूप

परियोजना में कार्यान्वयन के दौरान शिकायतों, सुझावों, सवालों एवं टिप्पणियों को स्वागत है।

कोई भी संबंधित व्यक्ति अपने नाम तथा स्थाई पते की जानकारी के साथ अपनी शिकायत/सुझाव प्रदान कर सकता है ताकि उससे संपर्क करके उचित स्पष्टीकरण अथवा समाधान किया जा सके।

यदि कोई व्यक्ति बिना अपना नाम व पता उजागर किये कोई सूचना चाहता है अथवा शिकायत करना चाहता है तो वह शिकायत पंजीकरण प्रारूप के लिफाफे पर गोपनीय (Confidential) लिख कर भी जमा करवा सकता है।

धन्यवाद

दिनांक	पंजीकरण का स्थान				
व्यक्तिगत जानकारी एवं स्थाई पता					
नाम		लिंग	पुरुष/महिला	उम्र	
घर का पता					
स्थान					
फोन नम्बर					
ई-मेल					
कृपया अपने शिकायत/सुझाव/टिप्पणी/सवाल की जानकारी विस्तृत रूप में दें जैसे- कौन क्या कहा और कैसे					
यदि आपने कोई पत्र/टिप्पणी/नोट संलग्न किया हो तो यहां अंकित करें।					
आपके द्वारा प्रेषित शिकायत/टिप्पणी पर प्रतिक्रिया या अपडेट आप तक कैसे पहुंचाया जाये/या आप किस प्रकार से चाहते हैं।					

केवल कार्यालय कार्यवाही के लिए

पंजीकरणकर्ता: शिकायत/सुझाव पंजीकरणकर्ता अधिकारी का नाम	
संचार का तरीका	
नोट/पत्र	
ई-मेल	
मौखिक/टेलीफोन से	
अवलोकनकर्ता/समीक्षक: शिकायतों का अवलोकनकर्ता का नाम एवं पद	
क्या कार्रवाई की गई:	
क्या कार्रवाई का खुलासा किया गया।	हां नहीं
प्रकटीकरण के तरीके	

Appendix 28: Sample Monitoring Template

A semi-annual monitoring report shall be prepared on Resettlement Plan implementation and submitted to ADB by the PMC. It will include: (1) **the list of affected persons**, with compensation, if any due to each and details of compensation paid with signed receipts annexed to the report, socio-economic status and satisfaction levels of affected persons with the Resettlement Plan implementation process, compensation and mitigation measures; (2) **the list of vulnerable affected persons** and additional compensation / special protection measures planned/implemented for them (e.g. assistance to obtain project construction related jobs); socio-economic status and satisfaction levels of affected persons with the Resettlement Plan implementation process, compensation and mitigation measures; (3) **list of roads for closure** and actions planned / taken to minimize disturbance; (4) **details of consultations held with affected persons** (with number of participants by gender, issues raised, conclusion / agreement reached, actions required/taken; (5) **details of grievances** registered, redressed, outstanding complaints, minutes of GRM meetings held; (6) **details of information disclosure** and awareness generation activities, levels of awareness among target population and behavior change, if any; and (7) **any other relevant information** showing Resettlement Plan implementation progress. The following checklist may be used for overall monitoring of Resettlement Plan implementation.

S. N.	Resettlement Plan Activities	Completed Y/N	Remarks
A. Pre-Construction Activities and Resettlement Plan Activities			
1	Approval of final Resettlement Plan by ADB prior to contract award		
2	Disclosure of final Resettlement Plan on ADB and EA websites		
3	Circulation of summary Resettlement Plan in local languages to all stakeholders		
Resettlement Plan Implementation			
1	Grievance Redress Mechanism established at different levels		
2	Entitlements and grievance redress procedure disclosed		
3	Finalization of list of affected persons, vulnerable affected persons and compensation due		
4	Finalization of list of roads for full or partial closure; mitigation measures proposed and implemented (with photographic documentation)		
5	Number of days roads were closed (full and partial closure)		
6	Affected persons received entitlements as per EM in RP		
7	Payment of compensation, allowances and assistance (No. of affected persons)		
8	Additional assistance (project-related construction jobs, if willing and able) for vulnerable households given (No. of vulnerable affected persons assisted)		
9	Grievances No. of grievances registered No. of grievances redressed Outstanding complaints Disclosure of grievance redress statistics		
10	Consultation, participation and disclosure as per Plan		
C. Monitoring			

S. N.	Resettlement Plan Activities	Completed Y/N	Remarks
11	Survey on satisfaction levels of affected persons with Resettlement Plan implementation completed		
D.	Labor		
12	Implementation of all statutory provisions on labor like health, safety, welfare, sanitation, and working conditions by Contractors. Ensuring no child labour used		
13	Equal pay for equal work for men and women		

NOTE: Where applicable, the information provided in the table should be supported by detailed explanatory report, receipts and other details.